NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS

VOL. CXXXXI. No. 23132. 報西林字 SHANGHAI, TUESDAY, JULY 4, 1939 Registered at the C.P.O. (Postage: China and Japan 1 cent. abroad 15 cents.) TEN CENTS

NOTICE

Mr. L. C. Diespecker has this day been appointed General Manager of this Agency.

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July 1, 1939. -183

NOTICE

As Mr. R. J. W. Bisshop is leaving Shanghai on July 10, he requests that all bills be sent in for payment on or before July 7 after which date he will pay cash.

10106

NOTICE

The Public is hereby informed that the Kiangsu Engineering & Iron Works (江蘇機器鐵工廠) of B. 570 Dixwell Road, near East Yalu Road, Telephone 51714, will be open for business on July 1, 1939, as Shipwrights; Engineers, Boilermakers; Structural Steel Fabricators; Tank Makers; Copper and Black Smiths; Plumbing and Heating; Pipe Coils with Casting of all metals; etc., etc.

Mr. Vincent L. P. Tsong (正禮寶) is the Managing Proprietor.

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NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS

Exchange of Stock Certificates

STOCKHOLDERS ARE HEREBY NOTIFIED that the Certificate of Incorporation of the Company has now been amended to permit each of the presently issued shares of par value of Tls. 50 to be changed into ten shares of the par value of Ch.$10. New certificates are in course of preparation and will be ready for delivery on and after July 4, 1939 at the offices of the Company, 232 Kiangse Road (2nd floor) upon surrender to the Company of the existing certificates and the execution of receipts for new certificates. Receipt forms have been mailed to all stockholders.

Effective from to-day, new certificates for shares of Ch.$10 denomination will be issued for all shares presented for transfer.

C. D. LONGHURST,
Comptroller and Assistant Secretary.

Shanghai, June 28, 1939. 13723

CHINA TRANSPORT & STORAGE CO., INC.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Debenture Certificate No. 0252 in the above named Company for $110,000 Debentures issued in the name of the American Securities Corporation, Federal Inc. U. S. A., together with a Transfer Deed in favour of the Banque de l'Indo Chine has been declared lost, and the public is hereby warned against negotiating same.

In the event of the said certificate not being recovered on or before July 31, 1939, a new certificate will be issued in lieu thereof.

J. TURNER,
Secretary.

CHINA TRANSPORT & STORAGE CO., INC.
Shanghai, June 30, 1939. 10043

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To-day's Events

JULY

4 B.U.S.L.C. garden p'ty., 425 Haig, 5.15
4 Independence Day (U.S.A. 1776)

Coming Events

JUNE

6 Rotary Club, Metropole Hotel, 12.30
8 Dinner Dance, Floorshow, C.S.F., 8.30
13 Rotary Club, Metropole Hotel, 12.30
20 Rotary Club, Metropole Hotel, 12.30
21 Shanghai Camera Club, Meeting and Lecture, 330 Szechuen Road, 9

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NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Twenty-third Annual General Meeting of Shareholders will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 20 Canton Road, Shanghai, on Friday, July 7, 1939, at 11.45 a.m., to receive the Directors' Report and Statement of Accounts for the Financial Year ended March 31, 1939, to declare a Dividend, to elect a Director, to elect Auditors and to transact other ordinary business.

The Transfer Books and Share Register of the Company will be closed from July 3 to July 7, 1939, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
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General Managers.

Shanghai, June 16, 1939. 13508

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Shanghai Polo Personalities
New British Gunboat Arrives
More Arrivals of European Refugees
Local Sports
Local Weddings

Photographs of the above and others which have appeared in the "NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS" and Sunday PICTORIAL SECTION are now on view at Watson's, 71 Nanking Road, where prints may be obtained within a few hours.

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MAGISTRATE

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World Radio Page 2

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10104

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2 Foreign or Chinese residents
3 Selected professions
4 Shanghai or Outport distribution.

Any number of circulars or pamphlets will be accepted for distribution, the cost depending on the postage rate and whether envelopes are supplied or not.

For further particulars and details communicate with the

Circulation Department,
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17 The Bund, Shanghai.

PASSPORT PHOTOS by JOSEPHO STUDIOS

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G. KISHINAMI, *Manager.*

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Classified Advertisements continued On Page 12

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LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

Correspondence for this column should be addressed to the Editor, North-China Daily News Office, 17 The Bund, Shanghai, and, to ensure secrecy, marked "Letters to the Editor"

Japan and China:

An English Girl Replies

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—It grieved me to read of my seeming unpatriotism by visiting Japan. At a time when politics are very estranged, perhaps it was not a wise procedure, nevertheless it had not entered my mind that I was being unpatriotic, furthermore the latest demand and incidents had not then occurred.

Shanghai happens to be my first sojourn in a far away land, consequently my first trip to Japan.

After the dirt of Shanghai, one appreciates a short respite in clean, healthy plus beautiful surroundings; as many people in this city, I feel starved for the beauty of the countryside. Being compelled to study finance, naturally I go where I can get most for my money (another free advertisement I'm afraid).

In reply to MOTHERLY SOUL, I am sorry to have caused her unrest. While in Japan I travelled 1,500 miles across country. To save time and money I slept on trains for several nights, my only fear was passing stations where I should change. Most of the passengers were Japanese in European dress. For hours and hours no foreigner was in sight. Five Japanese spoke to me on different occasions, three asked where I was going, I produced a small piece of paper on which was written several names of stations and where to change, etc. (given me by the hotel people). One man informed me of the time of arrival, the second, after reading my paper smiled and nodded, which I understood to mean "you are all right" the third sketched a diagram of the various stations and took a deal of care in doing so, the fourth gentlemen offered me his seat by the window in order to get a better view —my answer in each case was "arigato" meaning "thank you!"

The next incident was a little more prolonged. At one station there were several groups of military officers and men, they all entered my compartment and everybody stood to attention, I gently pulled the coat of a Japanese next to me, saying "Shall I stand?" (he had previously pointed out to me several places of interest and spoke English very well), he shook his head, which meant "No", afterwards informing me that the ashes of a comrade were being brought home for burial, hence the saluting, etc.

Yet another Japanese gentleman almost missed his train in endeavouring to get me on to an express in preference to a slow train, he succeeded and needless to say I was very grateful for such kindness from an absolute stranger.

This all goes to prove that most people are courteous and many hospitable also. Judging from my own experience there is no comparison between the Japanese in Japan, and the Japanese military in China; words fail to express my indignation over recent behaviour by the latter.

As for rude shocks, which MOTHERLY SOUL writes I shall encounter ere long, while thanking her for the warning, nothing will convince me so much as my own experience. In my opinion one needs a chaperone in China, as I personally prefer to meet Japanese in their own country.

AN ENGLISH GIRL.

Shanghai, July 3.

A Bus Route:

Plea for Extension

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—Residents of Columbia and Great Western Roads are served by the No. 2. bus, which is invariably crowded, and unpleasantly so, by country folk with their many bundles.

Recently the China General Omnibus Co. extended the No. 14 bus route to Tunsin Road. It is a pity they have not made Columbia and Great Western Roads the terminal. I think many people would find this much more suitable, and perhaps if you were to publish this letter other similar opinions would be voiced, as a result of which the Bus Company many further extend the No. 14 bus route!

N.

Shanghai, July 2.

Boston Nurses:

Massachusetts Hospital Facts

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—For the benefit of those Graduate Nurses of whom the Alumni Association may have lost track, and for the benefit of any physicians and surgeons who at some times served their internship at Massachusetts General Hospital, Boston, Mass., I pass on the following information.

The publication of Dr. Frederic A. Washburn's history of the Massachusetts General Hospital has now been announced, and copies are obtainable at a cost of U.E$4 each, at the Massachusetts General Hospital and also at Houghton Mifflin Co., 2 Park Street, Boston, Mass.

For those who, like myself, ever entertain the deepest regard for and devotion to an old establishment from which much knowledge was gained, and in turn imported to others in various parts of the world, I quote below extract from the Foreword received by me.

"The history of such an institution is of wide human as well as scientific interest. In the pages of this book will be found the story of the period of the Hospital's greatest development, interestingly linked with the history of the preceding seventy-five years, described more in detail by earlier historians. Of course, friends of the Hospital and members of the Staff will find this account of absorbing interest. But a far wider group will discover in these pages a vital chapter in the history of the progress of medical science and administration. The Trustees have been most fortunate in the gift of the services of Dr. Frederic A. Washburn as historian. It is literally true that no one knows as much as does he of the story of these years, during the greater part of which he was Director of the Hospital, as well as Commanding Officer of Base Hospital No. 6. in the War. Dr. Washburn will be remembered by many former House Officers as a strict disciplinarian who would not allow them to place their hands in their pockets. He was equally strict with himself. Devotion to what he considered the best interests of the Hospital was always his dominating characteristic. The developments described in this volume are due in no small measure to his wisdom, ability, and devotion. We are grateful to Dr. Washburn not only as a historian, but even more as one who in his own service has made a great contribution to the history which is here described."

WINIFRED MOONEY, N.R.
(Class of 1920).

Shanghai, July 3.

Hare's Behaviour:

Are Both Naturalists Wrong?

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—Reading MR. ARTHUR DE C. SOWERBY's letter of June 30, anent MR. E. S. WILKINSON's impression of the wild hare which he encountered at Weihaiwei, the candid opinion I have to explain is that MR. SOWERBY, as a well-known naturalist, and MR. WILKINSON, as an amateur naturalist, are both incorrect.

MR. WILKINSON is assuredly incorrect because neither the wild hare nor the rabbit crouch down with ears at attention when disturbed, but if MR. WILKINSON has made a mistake and the hare did not crouch down and had its ears erect (to attention), then his particular hare did not see him, otherwise, it would either have instantly bolted away or crouched (squatted) with ears laid back flat so as to see behind, in front, and all round.

MR. SOWERBY is completely and positively wrong in his suggestion that the wild hare's favourite method of seeking protection is to remain perfectly still even in an exposed position; this statement is really absurd, for the hare on being disturbed will either immediately bolt away or squat down with ears flat—in 99 times out of a hundred it will immediately bolt unless there is a sufficiency of grass or turf cover. When it has taken up its "form" it will of course remain perfectly still until passed by or trampled upon on many occasions.

I have seen hundreds of them and studied their habits on the hills, plains and valleys in Scotland; the very same hares that exist in North and South China (only larger) with the very same habits. These hares bolt on being disturbed, and after running a few hundred yards they stop and stand up on their hind legs and take a view around to see that all is well; when coming towards a person, undisturbed in a straight line, they often come to within a few yards before finding out their danger, then they bolt off at once and never squat (crouch) down. When they are chased and pressed by greyhounds they run with their ears laid back flat so as to see their pursuers behind, and if you are in a straight line in front of the chased hare it will strike right up against you or any object that may be in the same position, in most cases.

Much more might be said, I am not arguing over the matter.

A. J. RICHARDSON.

Shanghai, July. 3.

Refugee Fresh Air Camp Fund

The following donations have been received for the E.R.F.A.C.

Mr. and Mrs. R. Plattner	$100.00
Rotary Club of Shanghai	100.00
C. H. Mellor	15.00
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Miss Elizabeth Knabe	15.00

BY SAPAJOU

Buirnor Merry-Go-Round

WORLD RADIO

The following table shows the Shanghai times at which *news* is broadcast in the principal countries of the world, together with the wave-lengths and frequencies used. We shall be glad to receive comment or suggestions from listeners, which should be addressed or telephoned to the Radio Eidtor of the "North-China Daily News" (Tel. 11055).

PLACE	P.M. (SHAI. TIME)	METRES	CYCLES
London*	(Trans.2) 6.45-9.50	16.84	17.81
	(Trans.3) 10-12	16.84	17.81
	Midnight 1 a.m.	16.86	17.79
Paris	7	19.68	15.25
Rome	5.30 9.30 12	25.40	11.81
	7	16.83	17.82
Berlin	3 8 10	16.89	19.63
San Fran.	8.30 10.30	31.48	9.53
Manila	6.30 11	31.35	9.57
Melbourne	5.15 8.30 9.20	31.32	9.58
Tokyo	1 2 3.30 4.30 10 11	25.42	11.80
Hongkong	1.30 9.15	31.49	9.52
Chungking	5.30	31.49	9.52

*Afternoon BBC Programme

7.30 "All Down for the Finale," revue
8.15 Cricket: Oxford *v.* Cambridge, commentary
8.30 "Pictures in the Fire," military music
9.15 News
9.30 "Food for Thought," topical talk
9.45 Sports news and markets
10.30 "The Indian Police," talk
11.00 Music Hall, variety
12.00 News

The Indian Police

Stories of the daily round and tasks—common and uncommon—of an officer in the Indian Police will be told by several of them in a broadcast that Daventry listeners will hear beginning today. The officers, all of the Punjab service and now home on leave, will be introduced by E. W. Wace, Deputy Inspector-General of the Punjab, who has been in the Force for twenty-five years.

There is no parallel to the development of the Indian Police Force. Shaped out of the co-operative effort and abilities of Indians and British, it has been designed to meet demands made in no other country.

The police service, as it is now, was instituted by Act of Parliament in 1861. Its constituents are the fully-developed Forces of eleven Provinces: Bengal, Madras, Bombay, the United Provinces, the Punjab, Assam, Bihar, Orissa, the Central Provinces and Berar, the North-West Frontier Province, and Sind. Each has an inspector-general at its head, and the total strength, officers and constables, is about 170,000. The lower ranks are wholly Indian; of the 600 officers about 180 are Indians —and more are entering the service of their country each year. Officers, always appointed by the British Secretary of State for India, are recruited in that country and in England by competitive examination. Each provincial force is responsible to the legislature of its province, though conditions of service, as far as officers are concerned, are the responsibility of the Secretary for India. However remote or inaccessible, there is no village in India unvisited by the police. And the suppression of crime—many of the offences with which they have to deal are unknown elsewhere—is only half their job. They help to fight plague, famine, drought, flood, fire, earthquakes; practically every detail of Indian village life is their concern: the state of the crops, feasts and fairs, the condition of the roads, even private jealousies and quarrels.

Listeners will hear chiefly of police work in one particular province, but the conditions under which that work is done are representative of the whole. All the various Forces have huge areas of country to cover—many European countries are smaller—and scores of dialects to master. They are called on to work at freezing heights and in burning deserts, with populations varying in density from near a thousand to under a hundred to the square mile. And they must be the friendly guides of members of primitive communities no less than the guardians of the citizens of big centres.

And, wherever the Indian Police go, whatever they do, they press still deeper, as one authority has said, the hall-mark of a great idea: equal freedom for every man on his lawful occasions.

S.V.C. Orders

Unit Weapon Training Instructors Courses:—The following have attended Unit Weapon Training Instructors Courses, conducted by Corps Headquarters are obtained qualification as shown:—Unit Weapon Training Instructors Course (Rifle and Lewis Gun) May 19—28, 1939. "Qualified":—Major C. C. Todd, "A" Bn., H.Q., Lieutenant G. T. Gambling "A" Co., Lieutenant J. E. Sifton "B" Co., 2nd Lieutenant L. C. Smith "A" Bn., H.Q., 2nd Lieutenant A. Gaberman Jh. Co., 2nd Lieutenant W. G. T. Howe, L.A. (A.D. Co., Sergeant A. C. Sinclair S. Scot. Co. Unit Weapon Training Instructors Course (Rifle only) June 22—25, 1939. "Distinguished":—Captain F. J. W. Focken Corps H.Q. "Qualified":—2nd Lieutenant C. J. Langley Am. Co., 2nd Lieutenant A. M. Marques Port. Co., Coy Sergeant-major V. B. Podpakh "C" M.G. Co., Sergeant F. R. L. Carey Armd. C. Co., Sergeant H. Joseph Phil. Co.

Inter-Unit Transfer:—Private G. A. Roza, Transport Company is transferred to "B" Company with effect from June 28.

Strength:—Increase:—The undermentioned are taken on the strength of the Corps as under:—Corps Cavalry:—Light Horse.—Tpr. W. J. H. Smith June 29. Corps Troops:—Armoured Car Company. —Pte. D. D. Carter June 28. "A" Battalion:—"B" Company.—Pte. H. V. Taylor June 28. Scottish Company.—Pte. H. V. Taylor June 28. Scottish Company.—Pte. E. Hudson June 28. Jewish Company.—Pte. W. Jellinek June 27. Light Automatic (A.D.) Company.—Pte. J. R. Kale June 29. "B" Battalion:—American Company.—Pte. A. J. van Gogh, June 26. Portuguese Company.—Pte. Antonio F. Cruz June 27, Pte. Luiz A. da Silva June 27. "C" Battalion:—No. 3 (Vol) Company.—Pte. M. J. Volkoff June 26. Pte. N. P. Medi June 27. Decrease:—The undermentioned are taken off the strength of the Corps as under:—Corps Cavalry:—Light Horse. —Tpr. L. A. Lewis June 22. American Troop.—Tpr. C. Brown Jr. June 28. Corps Troops:—Japanese Company.—Pte. K. Kawamura June 22. Chinese Company.—Pte. P. D. Wong (80) June 26. "A" Battalion:—Scottish Company. —Pte. T. H. Wood June 22. Jewish Company.—Pte. N. Shkolnik June 23. "B" Battalion:—American Company.—Pte. T. L. Mitchell June 22.

Leave:—Corps Headquarters.—Major T. A. Zee, from June 28 to September 4. Corps Cavalry, H.Q.—Major H. D. Rodger from July 3, to August 10.

Seventy Years Ago

FROM THE "NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS" OF JULY 4, 1869

The Peking "Gazette" contains a memorial from Ting Futai to the Emperor, advising amongst other things, that the tribute rice should be carried in foreign built ships instead of native junks and pointing out the superiority of the former in point of speed and safety. It is mentioned in the Tientsin trade report, that nine foreign ships were employed in this carriage, last year; but they were too large to enter the Peiho, and the additional cost of lighterage from Taku made the total freight heavier than would have been the case if junks had been the carriers. Mr. Mongan feared that his mischance might prevent the re-engagement of foreign ships, for a time.

Rode With Broken Leg

Col. Paul Rodzianko, the noted horseman, is in hospital recovering from an accident.

While riding in Richmond Park recently he was kicked by a neighbouring horse and broke his leg in two places. Despite considerable pain he rode back to the riding school which he runs on Ham Common.

He is now keeping up his spirits and those of his fellow patients in true Russian fashion by singing and playing the guitar as he lies in bed.

Colonel Rodzianko, who is being nursed by his wife, the daughter of Mr. Shane Leslie, was a page to the Tsar, served as an officer in the Russian Guards during the war and afterwards joined the British Army as a private.

He subsequently went to Siberia as a Colonel in the British Expeditionary Force.

This is the ninth time that Col. Rodzianko has broken a bone in a riding accident. He has previously broken his other leg, his collar bone, his shoulder, his foot and his wrist.

IDEAL DIET FOR DIGESTIVE DISTURBANCES

The big problem with sufferers from gastritis or other digestive disturbances is how to avoid pain and discomfort when eating. The inflamed stomach walls are so sensitive that solid foods can not be retained. Even liquid foods are often vomited.

Yet the patient must get quick new strength into his body. Doctors and nurses have found that Horlicks is retained in the stomach when other foods are rejected. The reason is that Horlicks is so easy to digest. At the same time it rebuilds the exhausted body, and restores strength and stamina.

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(2)

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On Thursday, July 6, 1939, at 2 p.m.

Silk Thread, groundnut oil, cinema films, medicine, old clothing, lip sticks, boneware, straw hat bodies, locks, paper, bicycle parts, leather, fountain pens, cotton piece goods, joss paper, woollen piece goods, wheat flour, soap, pig's intestines salted, etc.,

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10 Cases, Glass (Assorted size), 2 Bales of 14 Reams Embossed Imitation leather paper 20in. x 30in., 1 Set welding machine. A Quantity of assorted paint, Calcitine sanitary distemper in powder, roofing paper, relay sets, electric clocks, meters, telephone, motor car tyres, etc.

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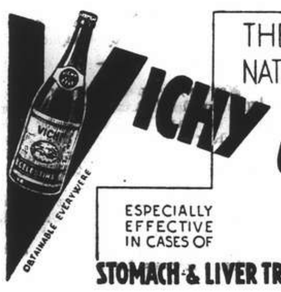

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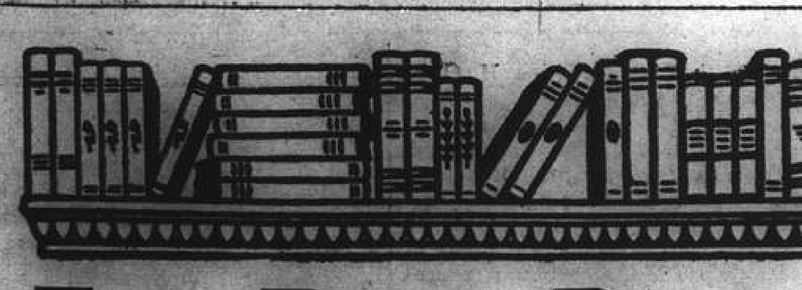

THE BOOK PAGE

Czech Ordeal

WE SHALL LIVE AGAIN By Maurice Hindus. Collins, London. 12/6.

Another book about Czechoslovakia to be added to the fast-growing list—this time written by a Russian, but a Russian who has spent many years of his life in America and who has developed the art of writing about places and people in a manner which is highly attractive. Mr. Hindus was, as he says in Chapter I, which consists of exactly six lines, an eyewitness of three special stages in the history of Czechoslovakia—he saw the Republic at the height of its glory, he saw its civilization crumble before his eyes, and he saw the survival of those elements which in his judgment will make it live again.

Unbroken Spirit

The book is divided, as may be anticipated from the first chapter, into three parts which the author has entitled "Glory," "Doom," and "Rebirth" respectively. As far as giving the reader an idea of what Czechoslovakia and the Czechs and Slovaks "were," or perhaps we should still say "are" like, the atmosphere of places, and the characteristics, thoughts, ideas, manners and customs of the people in them is concerned, the first part is the best and the perusal of it leaves a very pleasant and lasting impression on the mind. The second part is, as may be gathered from the title, gloomy, consisting as it does of an account of what happened in Czechoslovakia during those fateful days in the late summer of 1938, September 16-30. The events and repercussions of those days have been chronicled by many writers of both sexes, and, as must naturally be the case, the accounts vary a great deal, depending upon the standpoint from which each particular scribe views matters. But most, if not all, of the publications pay tribute to the national spirit and patriotic feelings of the Czechoslovakians and emphasize how their spirit was bent and their feelings lacerated without being broken or ceasing to be the same feelings. Here in "We Shall Live Again" we have a most penetrating and fair analysis by a foreign and impartial observer of the whole situation as it came, developed, and passed into a *fait accompli* leaving a people and a country not broken and utterly despairing but still alive and imbued as strongly as ever with national spirit and deep-rooted feelings of faith and patriotism.

Reaction to Munich

Again is told the horrified consternation with which the news of the Munich agreement was received. The attitude of the country is well expressed in the following passage:

> They swallowed the fresh hurt and humiliation and solaced themselves with the thought that now, purged of minority problems and obligations to foreign Powers, they could remain on their lands, the few they had left, and pursue their own Czech culture and their new destiny, without dictation and molestation from anyone. They would no longer be bothered by the German or any other minority. They had only 377,830 Germans left, and they were hoping that many, or a majority of them, would exercise their right of option, as provided in the Munich agreement, and move into Reich territory. They would now close the German university in Prague, the technical college in Brno, and all the other higher German institutions of learning which they had been maintaining for the German population. They wanted above all to be left alone and to be their inner and outer Czech selves. But they reckoned without the motive and the aim of their new master, Nazi Germany.

What happened later is now history.

Hope for the Future

The third part, "Rebirth," is short and in it the author expresses his belief, based on keen and sympathetic observation, that the present ordeal is only a phase in the chequered history of the Czechs, that their physical sturdiness, their competence, their courage, their love of freedom, their love of learning, and above all their will to live as Czechs, will pull them through and they will not become like their Nazi oppressors but will continue to stand for progress and humanitarianism.

The amount of matter—literature is perhaps a too flattering description to apply to a great deal of it—which has been written about events in Central Europe within the last twelve months is stupendous and only a small proportion of it will be remembered for more than a very brief space. "We Shall Live Again," however, is part of such proportion, and is not only well worth reading, but also well worth keeping.—R.F.C.M.

Development of a Creed

A HISTORY OF SOCIALISM By Sally Graves. Hogarth Press, London. 5/-.

It is suggestive of the quality of Miss Graves's book on socialism that it should carry the reader directly to fascism and conclude with the rôle that the socialist governments and parties should play in a Europe dominated by power politics. The implication is that the chief danger to the working man's development lies in a fascist-caused war. The final chapter, entitled "The Crisis in Socialism," gives a positive programme, which is in fact practically that of the British Labour Party:

1. Resistance to further fascist economic and political expansion.
2. Control of the main financial organs.
3. Gradual socialization with special forms of relief for small shareholders and property owners.

Reconsideration Necessary

This book has been built up of material which shows the historical development of socialism, with particular emphasis upon the differing national characteristics which became evident in the various countries. The effect of certain historical events upon socialist thought have been well handled, particularly the effect of the World War.

In her preface Miss Graves writes:

> ....It is clear enough that recent Spanish history, even more than recent Russian history, is going to become extremely important to socialists. For it contains practically all the elements, although in different proportions, of the socialist situation in the whole of Europe. It has raised all the problems, economic, political, administrative and moral, that are likely to be raised again in other countries, albeit at a most furious and brutal tempo. The political and military defeat of the Government in Spain, as well as its moral victories, ought to move socialists to a thorough reconsideration of their position. A reconsideration of political tactics is already in progress. But what is still more essential is a new survey of the forces arrayed against them.

European Movement

Her chapter on Spain is of necessity too brief to take up fully the points at issue. However, the theoretical divergences within the Spanish Popular Front and their repercussions on the parties affiliated with the Second, Third and Fourth Internationals have been outlined. The issues are not sufficiently clear to enable any writer yet to give a complete survey. However, Miss Graves has gone back to the first Spanish working-class movement of the 1840's, initiated by the textile workers of Barcelona, and has built up the various phases from that time.

There are also chapters on socialism in England, France, Russia and Germany. Reference is made to the movement in Italy, Hungary, Bulgaria and the United States. In discussing the particular development of socialism in Sweden, Denmark, Belgium and Holland, Miss Graves shows how the socialist parties have directed their efforts toward the formulation of gradualist policies which would not affect adversely the middle or peasant classes.

Weak Barriers

Six pages are given to the communist movement in China. The author asks why China was more open to communistic influences than other Asiatic countries. Her answer is that in China the religious and historical barriers against communist ideology are infinitely weaker than those in Turkey, Japan or India. Miss Graves sees in the Eighth Route Army a historical counterpart in European history in 1848, when the demands of nationalism were triumphant over the forces of liberalism.

The biographical appendix gives excellent short biographies of more than sixty socialist leaders. The bibliography, arranged by countries, gives a guide for further reading and study. Altogether Miss Graves's book fulfils its aim—a short history of socialism with a balanced emphasis on the main trends of the movement. —F.M.R.

Penguin Books

Various authors have combined to produce a new Penguin Special, "Germany—What Next?" — Sheila Grant Duff, Victor Gordon Lennox, Bernard Keeling, Sir Sidney Barton, The Rt. Hon. L. S. Amery, M.P., General Tilho, Richard Keane, who is the Editor of the book, and an anonymous writer, "A Student of Germany." Another Special is "Our Food Problem: A Study of National Security," by F. Le Gros Clark and Richard M. Titmuss.

Biography is represented by Stephen Gwynn's "Captain Scott" and H. C. Armstrong's "Grey Steel" (J. C. Smuts); travel and adventures by Rosita Forbes's "From Red Sea to Blue Nile" and "The Escaping Club" by A. J. Evans, a story of prisoners' of war's escapes in Germany and Palestine.

For crime lovers there are "A Man Lay Dead" by Ngaio Marsh, and "No. 17" by J. Jefferson Farjeon, while novels added to the list are "Frost in May," by Antonia White, "Bardelys the Magnificent" by Rafael Sabatini, "The Colonel's Daughter," by Richard Aldington. A volume of short stories is "The Daring Young Man on the Flying Trapese" by William Saroyan.

New Fiction

Mr. John Kent in his first novel **"Give me Liberty"** (Ward Lock, London. Colonial Edition. 3/6) combines a clever plot with a humorous account of how a murder problem is solved, leaving the actual solution to the very end of the book, as is becoming to any thriller. The book is an excellent example of the contention that even a sanguinary crime story can be written in a humorous tone without the plot being burlesqued, and the author—who won the £250 "Daily Mirror" Prize Competition with this novel—should be able to make many fans if he keeps to the same style in forthcoming books. Certain passages, it is true, are rather drawn out, particularly towards the end, when the reviewer was inclined on more than one occasion to stop reading. Fortunately, however, he went on, as the actual solution of the murder of Sir Montague Pose, a white-slaver, who is found dead in his New York apartment, is only disclosed just before the last two or three pages. The plot is a bit far-fetched, but nevertheless there is an exciting climax to the story and it should make excellent reading for the approaching hot weather, when serious books are not every man's taste.—A.S.I.

Suspense is a vital ingredient in most stories in which crime forms the essential background against which the various characters play their parts. The reader must be kept on tenterhooks and he must be kept guessing at the murderer until the last chapter, or he counts himself defrauded. In her latest novel **"Seven Looked On"** (Thornton Butterworth, London. 7/6) Miss Barbara Malim has included this ingredient to good effect, and the result is a really baffling mystery in which there are so many suspects (seven in all) that the reader is afforded an excellent opportunity to test those deductive powers which, like all keen followers of detective fiction, he believes he possesses. Outstanding among the characters is Simon Chard, who, with no desire for fame as a detective, once more becomes involved in a murder case and is reluctantly forced into the rôle of private sleuth. Actually he was one of seven who looked on while the crime was committed during a meeting of the "International Detective Club" at the house of its founder, the Baronne de Cherment, near Brussels. The official verdict, "Death by food poisoning," permits the suspects to disperse throughout the various capitals of Europe, and Chard's efforts are further complicated by the discovery that all seven are as pretty a bunch of potential murderers as could be found in any criminal register. The guilty person, however, is brought to book in a thrilling climax after nearly 250 pages of exciting reading.—R.S.

Mr. Roy Forster's **"Joyous Deliverance"** (Thornton Butterworth, London. 7/6) is one of the much lighter books, so light that one would hardly miss it—one is not surprised to read that it is a first attempt, and it is only to be hoped that if and when there are other attempts by the same author they will be more successful. The book is badly constructed and badly written, and there is not a line in it which carries conviction—the characters are unreal, the dialogue futile, and the attempts at humour failures. To anyone who knows Hongkong and Kowloon it is tiresome to read of Hongloon as the scene of operations. The hero is one Tony Blake, who becomes Secretary to the Governor of Hongloon, and this story is an account of his activities in that post and, after his resignation following upon a charge of being responsible for a leakage of official secrets, of his adventures on a voyage in a sailing ship. Anyone who wants to know how people at Government House, Hongloon, or Hongkong or any other place do not behave, should read this book.—R.F.C.M.

Mr. George Lancing spent eight months in Peiping before the "incident" and embodies in the later pages of **"Peking Glass"** (Stanley Paul, London. 7/6) an imaginary picture of what it was like afterwards. The heroine of the story is the orphaned daughter of a Consular official who comes out to an aunt who keeps a prosperous boarding house in Peiping—a sweet, fresh girl, turned in a night from a dowd to a glittering beauty through the good offices of a French dressmaker in whose *salon* the aunt has obtained her a job. Diplomats, French dressmakers, White Russians and a rich Chinese all combine to give colour to the tale. There is a leakage in secret papers and a delicate female thumb-mark is found on the files. Mr. Lancing is full of enthusiasm for Peiping and the Chinese, and the hero's cry on the last page is (in other words) "Are we down-hearted? No!"—D.P.

Vividly descriptive, Mr. Maurice Kildare's adventure-romance of America's cow-boy country, **"Rio Guns"** (Ward Lock, London. Colonial Edition 3/6) is one of the most interesting works of its kind that the writer has been privileged to review for months. There is action enough for anyone, involving the hero remaining to pay off a debt to the lady he loves. Generous appreciation is given to Midnight Star, a horse which any animal lover would be glad to own. The plot, in short, concerns the activities of rustlers and outlaws as opposed to the cow-hands on the 44-40 Range. Nevada Jim, in a moment of impulse, offers to work his time in exchange for a fine black stallion (Midnight Star) which took his fancy. How he set about it, broke up the nefarious gang, earned his stallion, and brought peace at last to the homesteaders on the range, is told in this vivid story of revolvers in the Wild West.—F.L.T.

In **"The Kiwi Club"** (Ward Lock, London. Colonial Edition 3/6) Mr. Norman Leslie bases a fairly good aviation thriller on the European crisis prevailing at the beginning of the year and takes the reader to a concealed enemy aviation field somewhere in Yorkshire, from where, in the event of war, the enemy planes are to cause havoc in the larger cities and industrial centres of Great Britain. Members of the Kiwi Club, who have all done service previously with the Counter-Espionage, get to work on the case, and aeroplanes, motor cars and hikers finally bring the various members of the club to the hide-out of the enemy agents in charge of the flying field. There are quite a number of thrilling adventures in which the various members of the club indulge in their final tracking down of the enemy. Whilst a bit drawn out, the story makes exciting reading, and in view of its actuality and the very fact that the enemy scheme displayed in "The Kiwi Club" is not as fantastic as it may seem at first, it is more than likely that it will be enjoyed by those desirous of light reading during the summer months. To say, however, that this book is better than "Raid Over England," with which Norman Leslie has made his name as a fiction writer, would be unduly kind. As it is, there are quite a number of weak points in the plot, which could have been considerably improved upon, and the book gives the impression of having been written in the utmost hurry in order that none of its realism be lost.—A.S.I.

Books Received

Portrait of Stella Benson R. E. Roberts (Macmillan, London, 15/-) **The Death Treasure of the Khmers** L. Colem (Stanley Paul, London. 12/6) **Health for Ever** H. M. Irwin (Rider, London 5/-) **The Evolution of Man's Mind** A. A. Beale (Rider, London. 3/6) **The Labyrinth of Europe** M. Burn (Methuen, London. 12/6)

Fiction

The Haunted Suit N. Mapple (Hurst & Blackett, London. 7/6) **Sea Range** E. L. Long (Ward Lock, London. 3/6) **Arizona** J. R. Winslowe (Ward Lock, London. 3/6) **Challenge to the Four** M. Cross (Ward Lock, London. 3/6)

When the reputation of the offender is lost, he too often flings the remains of his virtue after it in despair.—MACAULAY.

* * *

It is not everything to have a beautiful dress, strongly sewn and fashionable; a man must be able to get into it easily.—TAINE.

* * *

When a man has all his life eaten turnips, he does not wish for oranges ....The piquant, the agreeable, are not a necessity to him.—TAINE.

* * *

Our hearts may be touched at our being loved by people essentially distasteful to us, whose modes of talking and acting are a continual offence to us; but whether we can love them in return is a question.—SIR ARTHUR HELPS.

* * *

Every age and every nation has certain characteristic vices, which prevail almost universally, which scarcely any person scruples to avow, and which even rigid moralists but faintly censure. Succeeding generations change the fashion of their morals, with the fashion of their hats and their coaches; take some other kind of wickedness under their patronage, and wonder at the depravity of their ancestors.—MACAULAY

Onward Christian Soldiers

Sermon Preached in Holy Trinity Cathedral By Dean Trivett at a Children's Service

TEXT:—*"All these men of war, that could keep rank, came with a perfect heart to Hebron, to make David King over all Israel."* I. Chron. 12, 38.

NOW notice they were men or war, soldiers, and they were trained men, they could keep rank. It is a most impressive thing to watch the march past of a regiment of soldiers marching at attention. They hold themselves erect, they keep perfect step, they look ready for anything. We feel thrilled by it. We hold ourselves straighter and wish that we could march with them. But we have our place in a great army if we would only realize it. We sang about it a few moments ago. We spoke about the marching and the fighting of the soldier of Jesus Christ.

"Onward Christian Soldiers
marching as to war."

Now I shall come back to that, but first of all I want to talk to you about the way we entered the Christian army, and then of our duty as Christian soldiers.

A few minutes ago you saw a new recruit admitted to Christ's army, made a Christian soldier. You remember I took him in my arms, and sprinkling the water upon him, baptized him, "in the Name of the Father, and the Son, and the Holy Ghost." Then I said, "We receive this child into the congregation of Christ's Church"—His army—"and do sign him with the sign of the Cross, in token that hereafter he shall not be ashamed to confess the faith of Christ crucified, and manfully to fight under his banner, against sin, the world, and the devil, and to continue to be Christ's faithful soldier and servant unto his life's end."

Now of course that small baby did not understand the significance of all that was being said and done, any more than you did when you were baptized, when you were about his age. And so his God-parents made certain promises for him, just as yours did for you. As we say in our Catechism:—"They did promise and vow three things in my name. First, that I should renounce the devil and all his works, the pomps and vanity of this wicked world and all the sinful lusts of the flesh. Secondly, that I should believe all the articles of the Christian Faith. And thirdly, that I should keep God's will and commandments, and walk in the same all the days of my life."

Trained and Prepared

Now think for a moment of our figure of a soldier again. What makes him a soldier? It is not uniform that makes a man a soldier. It does not matter how well his uniform fits, or the badges he puts upon it. If he is a soldier only in outward appearance he is not much use to his king and country; nor shall we be of any use to our commanding officer, to our Heavenly King, if we are soldiers only in name. Two things are necessary. We must be trained: and we must be prepared to fight. A few words about each.

We must be trained,—The men in our text who came to make David King were men of war who could keep rank. In other words marching in step, and under discipline. Most of life is just learning to do that. At school in the arithmetic class you are learning to keep step with the law of figures. In the Choir, the boys are learning to keep step with the law of music. Unless they can learn to do that, there is no place for them in the Choir. We should all soon realize something was wrong if each member kept his own time,—No, they must keep rank with the music and march in step.

Important Charge

To be healthy we must keep step with the laws of nature. We cannot go as we please. We are not allowed to, even if we would like to do so. Health is everybody's business, and if we get fever we have to fall out and get away by ourselves and not come back till we can again walk in step with the law of health. And why should we expect it to be different in the Christian life? We must be taught to march and keep rank as good soldiers of Jesus Christ. We must walk in the way of his commandments. That is why I gave you such a solemn charge to the baby's God-parents a few minutes ago. Words, may I remind you, that were similarly spoken to the God-parents of each one of you. It is a most important charge. For not only does it place emphasis upon the need of training and instruction in order that we may become good soldiers of Jesus Christ, but it also sets forth the duty of the Christian soldier. Let us look more closely at it. I will repeat it, commenting upon certain things and explaining as I go along.

I said, "Forasmuch as this child has promised by you his sureties to renounce the devil and all his works, to believe in God and to serve him." — That is to give up what is wrong, believe what is true, and do what is right. "Ye must remember that it is your part and duty to see that this infant be taught, so soon as he shall be able to learn, what a solemn vow, promise, and profession, he hath here made by you. And that he may know these things the better, ye shall call upon him to hear sermons" —that is receive instruction in the faith and practise of Christianity, in modern speech we might say, attend Sunday School—"And chiefly ye shall provide, that he may learn the Creed, the Lord's Prayer, and the Ten Commandments, and all other things which a Christian ought to know, and to believe to his soul's health." All this is necessary in order that, like the men in our text, "keeping rank," we too may "Come with a perfect heart."

Definite Purpose

I have said that,—"It is not the uniform that makes the soldier;" nor is his training merely an end in itself. The soldier of the earthly King is not taught merely to keep rank and march in step, and to use the various articles of his equipment and his weapons, just in order that he may look smart and appear efficient on parade? No! all this is done with a very definite end and purpose in view, that, if the need arises, he may fight bravely and effectively for his King.

Now is it different with us.? As Christian soldiers we are taught and trained with a definite purpose, that like those men of whom we read in our text, "who could keep rank, and came with a perfect heart, to make David King,"—we may make Christ King, and keep high his standard.

Heavenly Kingdom

A few days ago we kept Empire Day. You gathered in this Cathedral and were asked to think of our place in a great Empire on which the sun never sets. We were reminded that we can be proud of our national history, as well as of the great extent of the peoples and countries over which our King emperor rules. Proud, because the British Empire stands for freedom, and justice and righteousness. And as citizens of that Empire we are all pledged to work for our King and country, to see that our flag continues to stand for freedom and justice and righteousness. But not only are we Members of British Empire, we are as well children of God, citizens of the kingdom of Heaven. And we must work for the spread of His kingdom in the hearts of men. His Kingdom of love and joy and peace.

And you may remember I charged the baby's God-parents, as yours too were charged, to see that he "is virtuously brought up to lead a Godly and Christian life, which is to follow the example of our Saviour Jesus Christ, and be made like unto him, daily proceeding in all virtue and Godliness of living." And that means a daily struggle against the enemies of our King. We sang a few moments ago

"Onward Christian soldiers, marching as to war
With the Cross of Jesus going on before
Christ the royal Master leads against the foe
Forward into battle, see his banner go."

Yes, every day we must fight to make Christ King over all the world, to make him King in our own hearts perhaps first of all. We must fight against those things which we know to be contrary to the spirit of his kingdom, against selfishness and dishonesty, against all strife and bitterness, against laziness, against all evil thoughts and words and deeds. We have real and powerful enemies, but we have many fellow soldiers, good comrades in the struggle, and we have a great leader our Lord and Master, our King. If Christ is not King over all the world today it is because we Christians have not learned "to keep rank with a perfect heart." We are more like a shuffling mob than like the mighty army we should be marching forward with sure tread and ordered ranks to victory. Then let us begin our preparation today. Let us get into step with Jesus, and "fall in" in the ranks of those who would crown Him King over all.

Then shall we come, one day, like those men in our text fit and ready, and with a perfect heart, to make Christ King over all the world.

THE only brother and heir-presumptive of the playwright Irish peer, the Earl of Longford, has joined the 4th Bn. of the Oxford and Bucks Light Infantry as a private.

Science and the Far East

An extensive programme of scientific work on the further development of the Soviet Far East is planned for this year by the Far-Eastern Branch of the Academy of Sciences of the U.S.S.R.

Under the Third Five-Year Plan, coal production in the Far East is to be practically trebled, hence geologists are paying much attention to prospecting for new coal deposits and to studying the reserves of existing mines.

Exploration for oil will be carried on in the Cambrian formation in the inland section of the Far East. The Institute of Chemistry and the Institute of Mineral Fuels of Moscow will work on problems of extracting benzine from Sakhalin oil, and the possibility of obtaining liquid fuel from Verkhne-Suifunsk coal.

Geological survey parties will cover the Selemij-Bureya and Sikhote-Alinsk districts with a view to establishing the extent of the big deposits of tin, lead, tungsten, zinc and other metals they are known to contain.

Soviet biologists are occupied with problems connected with the extension of agriculture in the mountainous forest areas of the Maritime Province. An experimental station has successfully adapted various plants for cultivation under Far Eastern conditions.

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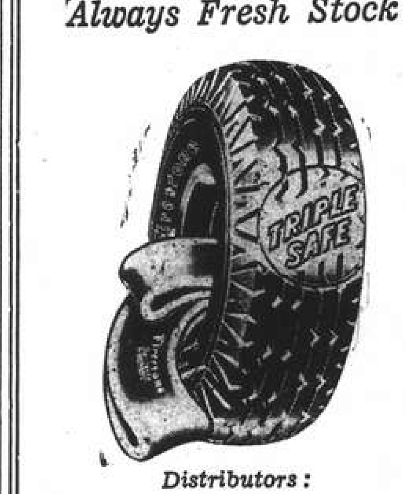

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THE SPORTS PAGE

British Women Beat French In International Golf Match

Winners Maintain Unbeaten Record in Series With Score of 6½-2½, Taking Four Singles

London, June 3.

THERE is one international match in which Great Britain has never yet been beaten—that between women golfers of Britain and France. The home team maintained their proud record on the sunbathed course of the Bramshot Club, Fleet, Hampshire, yesterday, when they won the ninth match in the series by six games to two with one halved.

Britain won the foursomes by two matches to one, and the singles by 4 to 1 with one halved, but though they always appeared to have the mastery over their more frail and petite opponents some of the home players had to fight hard to win.

France had at least this consolation, she won the leading single when Mme. Rene Lacoste, former British and French champion, beat Miss Jessie Anderson, the little Perth player and Britain's champion two years ago, by 3 and 2.

Mme. Lacoste, whose swing is smooth and rhythmic, played really beautiful golf. In the whole match she hit only three shots which could be called indifferent—all the rest were good.

Missed Chances

Six of the first nine holes were halved, and Miss Anderson, whose new putting stance, a very exaggerated pigeon-toed one, had been so effective when she won her foursomes with Miss Corlett, missed some chances on the green, and turned one down. But the deciding factor was the French player's iron shots.

There was one grand battle.

It was between the dark-haired 18-years-old little French champion, Mlle. Lally Vagliano, and Miss Elsie Corlett, English champion, which ended in the proper result—with honours divided.

In the earlier play the French girl dominated the match. She was five up with seven played, and Miss Corlett spoke truly when she said: "I couldn't hit a shot."

Miss Corlett began an amazing recovery by holing a putt across the 9th green for a three, but she was still four down at the turn, her young opponent accomplishing the first nine holes in 36—two better than the men's scratch score.

The game finished with a fighting half, Miss Corlett failing from about three yards to win.

In four of the other singles British players gained an early lead and held on, although they had to struggle to do so.

Miss Pam Barton, the famous British and American ex-champion, appeared to have regained her form and played very well to be 3 up at the 9th before beating Mme. Gaveau by 5 and 3; Mrs. J. B. Walker and Mrs. Rhodes were each 4 up with 9 played, but Mrs. Wylie (Philip Wade), having turned 2 up, had to go to the home green to beat Mlle. C. de Rothschild.

One-Sided Foursomes

The foursomes matches were all rather one-sided. Miss Anderson putted well to win in company with Miss Corlett from Mme. Lacoste and Mlle. Vagliano, while Mrs. Walker and Miss Molly Gourlay won four of the first six holes from Mme. Strauss and Mlle. Rothschild. Mme. Barton and M. Paul, who gained France's foursomes success, did so by their fine pitching and putting.

They found Mrs. Wylie and Miss Joy Winn so frequently playing from the rough that they had no difficulty in winning by the ample margin of 6 and 4.

Foursomes

Great Britain	
Miss J. Anderson and Miss E. Corlet (5 and 3)	1
Mrs. J. B. Walker and Miss M. Gourlay (3 and 2)	1
Mrs. Wylie and Miss J. Winn	0
Total	2
France	
Mme. R. Lacoste and Mlle. L. Vagliano	0
Mme. A. Strauss and Mlle. C. de Rothschild	0
Mme. J. A. Barton and Mme. R. Paul (6 and 4)	1
Total	1

Singles

Great Britain	
Miss Anderson	0
Miss Corlett (halved)	0
Miss P. Barton (5 and 3)	1
Mrs. Walker (7 and 5)	1
Mrs. Wylie (2 holes)	1
Mrs. E. M. Rhodes (5 and 4)	1
Total	4
France	
Mme. Lascoste (3 and 2)	1
Mlle. Vagliano (halved)	0
Mme. J. Gaveau	0
Mme. Strauss	0
Mlle. de Rothschild	0
Total	1

Women's International Golf Match

Great Britain again defeated France in the International Women's Golf match, which took place on the Bramshot Club's course near Fleet, the final score being 6½ points to 2½. Mme. R. Paul (France) is seen making a shot from the bunker to the first green in her match against Mrs. Wylie and Miss J. Winn.

Donald Budge Wins Pro Tennis Title

Defeats Ellsworth Vines In Straight Sets; French Couple Loses Doubles

Paris, July 2.

Playing as irresistibly as in his halcyon amateur days, Don Budge today won the world professional singles tennis championship by defeating the American wonder player of a few years ago, Ellsworth T. Vines.

The red-headed Californian, who has received no worthy competition in his last months as an amateur last year, beat Vines in straight sets, 6-2, 7-5, 6-3, although Vines himself was once recognised by many as the best tennis player of all times.

Budge, who swept the boards at Wimbledon and all other major competitions, went ahead today to win the pro doubles title also, in partnership with his singles opponent, Vines.

Americans Do Well

The two of them gave a fine exhibition in beating the French pair, Henri Cochet and R. Ramillon, by 6-4, 6-2, 2-6, 6-4.

The losers put up a game battle, but could not stem the Americans after their third-set defence was shattered.

Earlier in the afternoon, Cochet and Ramillon won their way through to the doubles final when they completed their interrupted semi-final match with Lester Stoeffen and William "Big Bill" Tilden.

The game was adjourned yesterday because of rain. Four sets had been played. The French pair went on this afternoon to win the decisive fifth set and the match by 8-6, 6-3, 4-6, 7-9, 6-1.—Havas.

May Retire at 24

London, June 15.

Donald Budge, world's No. 1 tennis player, will make £20,000 in 14 months.

Soon after he arrived in England to appear as a professional at Wembley, Budge received a cheque for £5,000.

It was the third instalment of the £15,000 guarantee made to him since he turned professional at the end of last year.

With the percentage on the "gates" during his world tour ending next February he hopes to increase that £15,000 to at least £20,000.

Then, at 24, he may retire from the game.

"Nothing has been settled yet," Don told the Sunday Chronicle, "but as there's not likely to be another professional tour for a year or two I will consider a few attractive offers to go into business.

"At the end of my tour with Tilden, Vines, and Lester Stoefen—we will go to France, Egypt, India, China, Japan and Honolulu among other places—I am likely to make a film."

Jack Dempsey Now Better

New York, July 3.

Considerable improvement was registered yesterday in the condition of Jack Dempsey, former world's heavyweight boxing champion.

Dempsey lay near death a few days ago when peritonitis set in following an operation for a gangrenous appendix.

The former champion's temperature was normal today and his doctors are confident that he will pull through.

Thousands of messages of sympathy poured into the hospital where Dempsey is being treated, from friends and admirers alike.

Georges Carpentier, former French heavyweight champion who fought Dempsey for the world title many years ago, telephoned from London today to inquire as to the ex-champion's condition.—Havas.

British Open Golf Tourney Under Way

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

St. Andrews, July 3.

The British Open Golf Championship started here today. The sky was overcast, but the conditions were good at the start. A light breeze presented no difficulties, although there was the possibility that the shower which preceded the start would be repeated. The qualifying round will be played today and tomorrow. The first 130 players will play for the Championship proper on Wednesday.—Reuter.

Reich Beats France

Munich, July 2.

An overwhelming sports victory over France was scored today by Germany, who won an international athletic meeting by 106 to 45 points.

A total of 30,000 spectators turned out for the meet, which was contested in an atmosphere of the finest sporting rivalry.—Havas.

Three Baseball Players Hurt During Eventful Game

Doerr Hit By Ball, Henrich Collides With Cement Wall, Gene Desautels Runs Into Fielder

New York, July 2.

THREE baseball players were injured today as the Boston Red Sox defeated the New York Yankees 7-3 in the first half of a double header. The Yankees won the nightcap, 9-3.

Gene Desautels, veteran Boston catcher, collided with Tom Henrich in the first inning. Desautels cut his mouth and will be benched several days.

Bobby Doerr was hit in the left arm by one of Lefty Gomez's fast pitches in the third inning and was benched indefinitely. In the seventh, Henrich collided with the cement wall in right center field while chasing Ted Williams' long fly, which went for a homer.

Doerr and Henrich were taken to hospitals. Xrays showed Henrich was suffering from concussion.

Manager Joe Cronin hit a homer for the Bostonians, and Joe Gordon got one for the Yankees. Bill Dickey and Joe DiMaggio clouted homers for the world champions in the nightcap and Bump Hadley held the Red Sox to seven Hits.

The Washington Senators took both ends of a double header with Philadelphia, 4-3 and 13-3. The Senators trailed in the opener until two men were out in the ninth inning when Johnny Lewis cracked out a homer with one aboard. The nightcap was a walkaway, the Senators hammering out eighteen hits.

A ninth inning rally gave St. Louis a 4-3 victory over the Cleveland Indians in the first of two games stop George McQuinn started the Browns' rally with a double. Myril Hoag, Hal Spindel and Johnny Berardino followed with singles. Hal Trosky's homer helped the Indians win the nightcap 8-2.

Tom Bridges held the Chicago White Sox to four hits and took credit for Detroit's 5-1 victory. Joe Kuhel's homer in the first inning provided the only Chicago run.

Giants Get Revenge

The Giants got 6-4 revenge in the nightcap. Luke Bonura and Lou Chiozza rapped out homers for the winners.

Cincinnati whipped the Chicago Cubs 11-3 in the first half of a double header. Limus Frey and Ernie Lombardi clouted homers in the third inning. Two runners scored ahead of Frey and one ahead of Lombardi.

The Cubs bunched eight hits to win the nightcap, 9-8. Dizzy Dean started pitching for Chicago but was quickly driven to the showers.

Boston defeated the hapless Philadelphia Phillies twice, 9-7 and 4-0. Catcher Al Lopez's homer with the bases loaded in the second inning started the Bees off to their first victory. Ed Miller, Rookie Boston infielder, homered with two aboard in the fourth inning of the nightcap.

American League

	R.	H.	E.
New York	3	6	1
Boston	7	8	3
Batteries: Gomez and Dickey; Grove, Desautels and Peacock.			
Philadelphia	3	8	0
Washingtin	4	10	3
Batteries: Beckman and Hayes; Masterson, Appleton and Ferrell.			
St. Louis	4	9	0
Cleveland	3	5	1
Batteries: Millies and Spindel; Allen and Pytlak.			
Chicago	1	4	1
Detroit	5	10	2
Batteries: Lyons, Dobernick, Brown and Tresh, Schleuter; Bridges and York.			

National League

Brooklyn	3	10	0
New York	2	6	0
Batteries: Hamlin, Phelps and Hayworth; Lohrman, Hubbell, Melton and Danning.			
Boston	9	14	0
Philadelphia	7	16	1
Batteries: Fette, Errickson, Shoffner and Lopez; Mulcahy, Beck, Higbe, Millies and Davis.			
Cincinnati	11	17	2
Chicago	3	6	0
Batteries: Derringer and Lombardi; French, Root, Russell and Hartnett, Garbark.			
Pittsburgh	8	13	0
St. Louis	5	12	2
Batteries: Klinger, Bauers and Mueller; Weiland, Sunkel, Snoun and Padgett.			

Standings

American League	Won	Lost	Pct.
New York	51	16	.761
Boston	35	25	.583
Detroit	36	31	.537
Cleveland	34	30	.531
Chicago	32	32	.500
Washington	28	41	.406
Philadelphia	26	40	.394
St. Louis	19	46	.292
National League			
Cincinnati	40	24	.625
New York	37	29	.561
Chicago	36	32	.529
St. Louis	33	30	.524
Brooklyn	30	31	.492
Pittsburgh	30	31	.492
Boston	28	35	.444
Philadelphia	19	41	.317

—United Press.

Local Water Polo Opens Tonight

Strong Competition Thought Probable During Season; "Dark Horses" Entered

The Water Polo League as sponsored by the Shanghai Amateur Swimming Association will commence this evening when three games will be played off. The first will be held at the A.S.F. pool when the home team meets the Foreign Y.M.C.A. Walrusses and J. H. McGregor will preside over the contest. The second will take place at the Rowing Club where the Bowside team will be at home to the East Surrey's "B" team, and J. Dearn will referee, while the third will be held at the Foreign Y.M.C.A. where the home team will meet the Seaforths "A" team and John Huxley will referee.

Seasonal prospects appear to point to some interesting competition with seven teams in the league, and two of them, the British Army entries from the East Surrey Regiment proving the "dark horses." As expected the league should be a contest between the Rowing Club Strokeside team and the Foreign Y.M.C.A. Porpoises, the latter making their debut tonight at 9 p.m. at the Y.M.C.A. pool against the East Surrey "A" team. Porpoises will be represented by S. Brandt in goal, with Vernick, McAllister and Pure at back and with L. Oliveira, A. Logan and A. Gavriloff in the forwards. It is not known what the East Surreys team will be like but their opening match against the Y.M.C.A. senior aggregation will give the Shanghai public some idea of their prowess.

Strong A.S.F. Team

The A.S.F. will make their Opening bow as well this evening and Hans Park will doubtless have a strong aggregation behind him. It is not known what players will represent the A.S.F. yet, but they should doubtless provide some of the hardest competition of the season this year. The Foreign Y.M.C.A. will send a very young team to represent them as the Walrusses and judging by the way these youngsters have come on recently they may bring off the surprise that their junior team produced three years ago.

The Rowing Club Bowside team will be represented by E. R. I. Carey in goal, with P. S. Hawkins, H. C. F. Aris, L. V. Fabian, H. Farmer, A. Pressler and W. K. Corneck or possibly R. A. Dodd. They will meet the East Surreys in the Oarsmen's pool at 6 p.m. this evening.

An interesting meeting of water polo referees took place last night at the Foreign Y.M.C.A. when a representative gathering of arbiters in this game joined in a conclave to iron out several knotty points in the natatorial game. John Huxley presided over the gathering and each difficult point was subject to discussion, a very good understanding of the game being reached by the time the meeting adjourned. Among those present at this meeting were J. Huxley, L. Bright, J. Dearn, H. G. Fabian, A. Logan, J. H. McGregor, Lt. Newton, C. S. M. Weller and C. S. M. Moffett.

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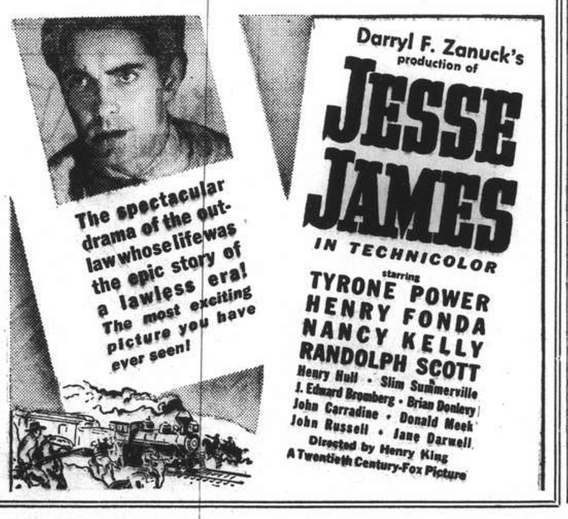

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WED. THUR.	ARTISTS AND MODELS ABROAD — JOAN BENNETT, JACK BENNY, YACHT CLUB BOYS	ALGIERS — HEDY LAMARR, CHARLES BOYER, SIGRID GURIE	THE SISTERS — ERROL FLYNN, BETTE DAVIS, ANITA LOUISE	ALEXANDER'S RAGTIME BAND — TYRONE POWER, ALICE FAYE, DON AMECHE
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	BOOLOO	RACKET BUSTERS	HEART OF THE NORTH	THE YOUNG IN HEART
SUN. July 9	KENTUCKY	SAY IT IN FRENCH	PYGMALION	THERE GOES MY HEART
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Many Delegates at Olympic Meeting

Official Opening Made by Duke of Gloucester; the Duchess Also Attends.

London, June 10.

Delegates from 28 countries, members of the Diplomatic Corps, and many famous sportsmen assembled at St. James's Palace on June 6 for the official opening of the 56th meeting of the International Olympic Committee by the Duke of Gloucester.

The Duke was accompanied by the Duchess, and among the company were eight Ambassadors and ten Ministers, including Dr. von Dirksen, the German envoy, and the Duke of Alba, making one of his first official appearances as representative of Nationalist Spain.

Count Grandi was unable to attend but Italy sent an Embassy Counsellor in his place. Japan's representative could not attend because of the war. The 1940 games should have been staged in Tokyo, but they have been transferred to Helsinki, Finland.

English delegates included Lord Aberdare, Lord Burghley and Sir Noel Curtis-Bennett. After the official opening the delegates held the first session at the Dorchester Hotel. Among matters discussed was the venue of the 1944 Games, including a claim on behalf of this country that in 1944 the Games may be held in London.

Wooderson's Finest Race of Career

Runs Three-quarters of a Mile in Record Time

S. C. Wooderson, who left England on June 7 for his mile race in America, at Manchester on June 6 ran three-quarters of a mile in 2 min 59.5 sec., thus beating the previous fastest time for that distance set up by himself, of 3 min. 0.9 sec.

It was one of the greatest efforts Wooderson has made in his career, and no man could have put more into his final running than he did after coming into the last bend.

The other runners in the event were A. J. Colyer (Watford H.), A. Littler (Pilkington Recs.), J. Kierans (Salford H.) and W. J. L. Alford (Roath A. C.).

The track at Fallowfield was in perfect order. Wooderson, taking the inside position, was last at the end of the first lap, eight yards behind the leader, Littler. Half-way round the second time he was second, 10 yards behind Kierans, who had gone into the lead.

Then he chased up to Kierans sprinted into the lead to the accompaniment of a great burst of cheering and, lengthening his stride, he went all out in the last 200 yards to win by 15 yards. His time for the first quarter was 57.9 sec. and at the end of the second quarter 2 min. dead.

Australia Wins Davis Series From Mexico

Mexico City, July 2.

Jack Bromwich and Adrian Quist gave Australia victory in the first round match of the Davis Cup in the north American zone today when they defeated Daniel Hernandez and Esteban Reyes of Mexico in the doubles, 8-6, 6-0, 6-1. Yesterday both the Australians won their singles matches.

The two remaining singles will be played tomorrow, after which the Australians will leave by train for Los Angeles to meet the Philippines. The outcome of the singles tomorrow will have no bearing since Australia already has won the three required matches for entry into the second round.—United Press.

Australia Beats Mexico

Mexico City, July 2.

Easily winning the doubles encounter this afternoon, Adrian Quist and John Bromwich gave Australia passage through the initial round of the American Zone Davis Cup tournament at the expense of Mexico.

Veteran Quist and ambidextrous Bromwich defeated their opponents, Hernandez and Reyes, in straight sets.

The Scores were 8-6, 6-0, 6-1. The Australians received hardly any opposition after the first set, in which they started off slowly to give the home players an opportunity to make a fight for the game.—Havas.

Miss Margot Lumb Eliminated

Wimbledon, July 3.

Miss Margot Lumb, the British women's squash champion and former member of the Wightman Cup team, was eliminated from the Women's Singles Championship today. She was beaten in the fourth round by the American, Miss Helen Jacobs, by a score of 6-2, 7-5.

Mme. Mathieu, the French champion, was well-extended by the British player, Miss Valerie Scott. She won after three sets by 6-3, 4-6 and 6-2.

Miss Mary Hardwick, one of the favoured British challengers, beat her compatriot, Miss MacPherson-Grant, by 6-4, 8-6.—Reuter.

Henkel Beat Kuljevich

London, July 3.

Henner Henkel of Germany today entered the semi-finals of the Wimbledon men's singles tennis championship when he scored a brilliant victory over Franjo Kukuljevich of Yugoslavia, 6-1, 6-3, 6-2.—United Press.

Austin Eliminated

Wimbledon, July 3.

H. W. "Bunny" Austin, the British No. 1, was eliminated from the Men's Singles Championship today by the American, Elwood Cooke. He was beaten in straight sets, by 6-3, 6-0 and 6-1, in a match in the quarter-finals.

Austin was the first seeded player in the tournament and was a favourite to win the title. His conqueror, Cooke, is ranked seventh in the United States.—Reuter.

Reports of a subversive movement or rebellion in Bolivia were completely devoid of foundation. Calm reigned throughout the country, an aide-de-camp of Lieutenant-Colonel German Busch, President, asserted to Havas on Sunday.

Schmeling Wins By Knock-Out

Stuttgart, July 3.

A crowd of 70,000 people saw Max Schmeling, former world heavyweight champion, win the German and European heavyweight titles here last night, defeating the German holder, Adolf Heuser, in the first round.

It was Schmeling's first appearance in a ring since he was badly battered by Joe Louis a year ago.

Last night's fight lasted 71 seconds. Schmeling launched a vicious attack from the opening gong, which ended with Heuser being counted out.—Reuter

China Buys German Arms, Shells

Barter Agreement Between Two Countries Reported

London, July 3.

The "Daily Herald" and the "Daily Express" today featured sensational reports, both from their correspondents in Singapore, regarding the shipment of German arms and ammunition to China.

The reports state that large shipments of German shells, cartridges, explosives and revolvers recently arrived in Singapore by three steamers, the Bertram Rickmers, the Hans Rickmers and the Leverkusen, all from Hamburg.

The arms and ammunition were transhipped to a Chinese steamer, which went to Rangoon, whence they were taken overland to China.

The "Daily Herald" also quoted a report that China and Germany had recently signed a £5,000,000 barter agreement, under which China would supply wolfram and bauxite in return for aeroplanes and munitions from Germany.—Reuter.

War Office Shooting Affair Investigated

Captain Charteris Found Dead in Apartment

London, July 3.

The police are investigating into the circumstances of the death of Captain Edmund B. Charteris, Private Secretary attached to the War Office, who was found dead yesterday in his apartment with a bullet in his head and a service rifle at his side.

In the same building was also discovered the body of Miss Marcia Franklin, aged 30, who died of a strong dose of some medicine.

The two deaths are stated to be a mere coincidence, since the two residents did not know each other.—Havas.

Holland Stresses Neutrality

The Hague, July 3.

It is officially stated that the Netherlands Government has not in any way taken part in the present Anglo-Franco-Soviet negotiations in Moscow. The Netherlands Government fully maintain their independent policy, it was added.—Havas.

Mr. Chamberlain Received by King

London, July 3.

The Prime Minister, Mr. Neville Chamberlain, was received by His Majesty at Buckingham Palace today.—Reuter.

H.M. Envoy in Berlin Leaving for London

London, July 3.

Sir Neville Henderson, British Ambassador in Berlin, is expected to arrive here tomorrow. He is leaving Berlin by air.—Reuter.

Negro For All-Stars

Pittsburgh, July 1.

The Eastern football all-stars will have the services of Brud Holland, Cornell's great negro end, when they meet the New York Giants in a charity game sponsored by the "New York Herald Tribune" in September. Holland already has announced his acceptance.—United Press.

Clipper Movements

Manila, July 3.

The California Clipper is to arrive here on July 5 and leave for Hongkong the following day, Pan American Airways announced today. The Philippine Clipper is expected on July 11 and the Honolulu Clipper on July 18. The next air mail for the United States closes at 7 p.m., July 8.—United Press.

Polish Currency To Be Devaluated

Rumania Also Due to Intensify Marketing Of Products Abroad

London, July 2.

Devaluation of the currencies of those Central European countries which are guaranteed by Great Britain will soon pass from the theoretical to the practical stage, City quarters declared today.

This drastic measure was necessary, they stated, and indeed appeared necessary for quite some time, in order to enable the affected countries' raw materials and manufactured products to be placed on world markets at competitive prices.

Devaluation would be more than ever beneficial today because of agreements concluded by Poland and Rumania, chief of the nations guaranteed by Britain, for the grant of British credits.

Explaining the whole situation, City quarters pointed out that goods exported by Central European countries were too highly priced to compete with American, African, Scandinavian or Oriental products.

Subjection to German Sphere

It was this state of affairs that prompted, together with other causes, the signature by these countries of barter agreements with Germany and their consequent fall within the Reich's economic sphere of influence. Expansion of the Central European countries' present commercial exchanges with nations enjoying free currencies was upset by the fact that the latter countries kept exports within strict quota limits.

Political considerations, moreover, are also entering the situation now.

Countries guaranteed by Britain, notably Poland and Rumania, have demanded credits, of which only a portion has been granted them by the British Treasury within the framework and according to the clearing arrangements put into operation on other occasions.

The portions granted them are thought insufficient by both Warsaw and Bucharest, who state they neither permit Poland to buy raw materials needed by her war industry and to strengthen the Treasury, nor allow Rumania to stem Germany's economic offensive.

Currencies to Be Defended

These considerations have led City circles to declare that all new credits granted to these countries should permit them to form exchange stabilization funds capable of defending their currencies.

Furthermore, these currencies should no longer stay under State control and should so be lowered as to diminish living costs at home and permit the export of national products for sale on international markets.

Devaluation, they added, would result in increasing the value, expressed in manufactured products and salaries, of the capitals that would be loaned the countries affected.

This situation was the subject of discussions between Paris, London and the other interested capitals, and a conclusion was soon to be expected, the same quarters concluded.—Havas.

Schmeling Wins Europe Heavyweight Title

Stuttgart, Germany, July 2.

Max Schmeling, who was battered so badly last year by Joe Louis, world champion, that he had to enter a hospital for treatment, today made a fine comeback and knocked out Adolf Heuser in the first round for the European heavyweight title.

The former world champion flattened the European titleholder in the first minute of the first round before a huge crowd of wildly excited spectators. Schmeling's easy victory and his powerful punching were taken as indications that the German would attempt to stage another comeback in the United States shortly, although it was doubted whether he could get another crack at Louis this year.—United Press.

Wheelbarrow Coolie Stabbed

Chang Kiu-kiu, 28, employed by the French Abbattoir, was found stabbed at 10 o'clock last night in the throat and abdomen while he lay asleep on his wheelbarrow in lane 16, Rue du Pere Froc.

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Japanese Seizure of British Launch

Canton, July 3.

The British Consul-General, Mr. A. P. Blunt, today sent a strongly-worded protest to the Japanese authorities against the seizure a month ago of a launch named Dohlera, which was flying the British flag.

The vessel was reported to have left Hongkong on June 2 with a cargo of kerosene alleged to have been consigned to the Chinese Government. It was seized by the Japanese naval authorities off Keiou Island, at the mouth of the Pearl River, on June 3.—Reuter.

Mr. Hull Remaining in Washington

Close Watch Maintained On Far East Situation

Washington, July 3.

The Secretary of State, Mr. Cordell Hull, remained in Washington over the holiday week-end to keep a vigilant watch over developments in the Far Eastern and European crisis.

Mr. Hull is going to his office every day, despite the holidays, and is keeping in close communication with President Roosevelt who is now at his Hyde Park estate.

Department of State officials today denied local reports that Mr. Hull plans the early publication of all diplomatic correspondence between the United States and Japan regarding the bombing of American properties in China by Japanese planes. The pointed out that Japan had not given her consent to publication of the correspondence. They added, however, that the United States may later decide to publish the correspondence, regardless of the desires of the Tokyo Government, particularly if additional incidents involving American property develop.—United Press.

Franco Regime in Spain Must Collapse

Ex-Premier Says Germans, Italians Usurp Posts

Mexicali, July 3.

The Nationalist regime of General Francisco Franco in Spain will be overthrown because of the "continued infiltration of Germans and Italians into key Government positions," Dr. Juan Negrin, former Premier of the defeated Spanish Republican Government said last night.

Dr. Negrin, who is in exile here, said the explosion in Spain would come from within, although he could not predict the date. "But the Spanish people will never be passive under alien rule," he said.—United Press.

Polish Envoy to U.S. Returning Home

London, July 3.

He is on his way to Warsaw to inform his Government of the attitude of the United States in the European situation, Count Jerzy Potocki, Polish Ambassador to the United States, declared upon his arrival in Plymouth this morning from America. The Ambassador will stop in London on his way to the Polish capital.—Havas.

New Head of Imperial Shipping Committee

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, July 3.

Sir Halford MacKinder, who has been President of the Imperial Shipping Committee since it was established in 1920, resigned today. Sir William Henry Clark, former High Commissioner in Canada, has been elected his successor.—Reuter.

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Japanese Bomb U.S. Mission

Siangyang Property Almost Destroyed; Norwegians Suffer Similar Fate

Chungking, July 3.

Japanese bombers scored direct hits on the Norwegian Lutheran Mission, the Chinese Primary Girls School and the Girls Vocational School at Nanyang, southwest Honan, after demolishing more than 100 houses, on Thursday, Chinese reports reaching here today said.

A dozen Chinese civilians were reported killed in the bombing attacks on the Norwegian mission and the Chinese schools.

Meanwhile, Dr. and Mrs. Peter Matson, who arrived here from Siangyang, Hupeh Province, revealed that their American Covenant Mission at Siangyang was virtually destroyed as a result of recent Japanese bombing raids.

More than fifteen bombs hit the mission property directly despite the fact that large American flags were clearly displayed, Dr. Matson said.

The city was virtually destroyed during the bombings of the past few weeks although casualties were kept at a low figure because the city's life was organized on a night-time basis, he said.—United Press.

French Indo-China Doubles Army

Rearmament Programme Making Good Progress

Paris, July 3.

Within one month of any eventual mobilization order, Indo-China would have an army of 100,000 men, well-equipped and with competent officers.

This is the gist of a report sent to President Albert Lebrun today by M. Georges Mandel, the Minister of Colonies, who requested that the President approve a decree providing for extraordinary taxes in Indo-China to finance the rearmament programme undertaken in that part of the French Empire.

The forces in Indo-China have been doubled since the past year, M. Mandel's report added, while there is a considerable amount of war material at hand already. An ammunition factory is under construction as is also an aircraft plant which will soon be able to manufacture 150 planes and 400 plane engines each year.

To finance such programme the report concluded, a national defence loan of Frs. 400,000,000 was launched on May 24, 1938 and was immediately subscribed to in full. However, this amount proved insufficient, and extraordinary taxes are now being contemplated.—Havas.

Hitler-Mussolini Meeting Denied

Rome, July 3.

Italian radio stations last night broadcast a denial of reports that Chancellor Adolf Hitler and Signor Benito Mussolini had met recently on the Italo-German frontier for a discussion of the new crisis in Europe.—United Press.

Czechs in Exile Will Be Ready for Crisis

Dr. Benes Gives Warning Of Serious Events

New York, July 3.

Dr. Eduard Benes, former President of Czechoslovakia, told a mass meeting of Czechs and Carpatho-Russians here last night that "most serious events are about to take place in Europe."

He said that the dictatorships, Germany and Italy, "will do their utmost to inflict a death blow against France as a great Power and attack the vital interests of Britain."

"Czechoslovak leaders," he said, "are planning, at a propitious moment, to form a political directorate to co-ordinate their political action, and in the event of war, military ation."—United Press.

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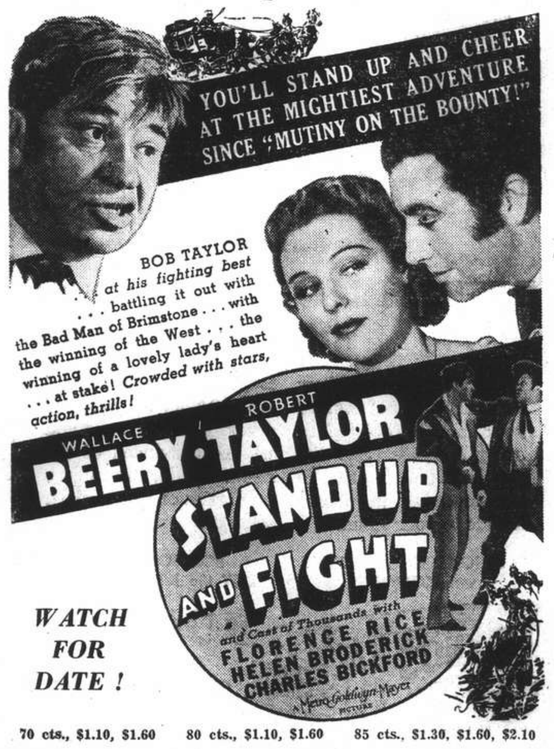
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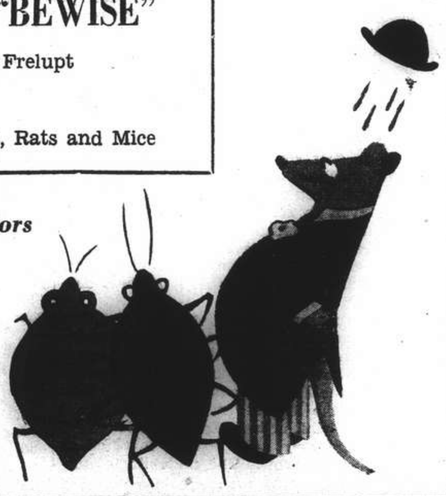

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ENGAGEMENT

(At Hankow)

BRINSDEN—CHEETHAM.—Mr. and Mrs. Cyril S. Cheetham have pleasure in announcing the engagement of their daughter GERALDINE to DUDLEY BRINSDEN, Esq., son of Mr. and Mrs. C. O. Brinsden, of Cranford Middlesex, England. 10105

DEATH

LAING PEACH.—On July 2, 1939, after a brief illness, at Sydney, N. S. W., RUBY, widow of the late J. A. Laing Peach of Rockhampton, Queensland, and dearly-beloved mother of Mrs. F. R. Lamb of Hongkong, J. A. Laing Peach, of Shanghai, Mrs. Charles Van Winkle, of New Mexico, U.S.A., and J. N. and Miss Nancy Laing Peach of Sydney, N.S.W., Australia. (By cable.) 10107

IMPARTIAL NOT NEUTRAL

INDEPENDENCE DAY

"Young man, there is America—which this day serves for little more than to amuse you with stories of savage men and uncouth manners; yet shall, before you taste of death, show itself equal to the whole world of that commerce which now attracts the envy of the world."

The extract is from the famous Burke's speech on "Conciliation with America." It is as well to realize that during those years when the British colonists in what have since become the United States were fighting for rights similar to those enjoyed by their own stock in the homeland, there were in England big figures who sympathized with them, and opposed to their utmost the policy of the Court which had brought about so alarming a state of affairs. The result of that struggle,—which was in effect the birth throes of a nation, though only those who thought with Burke realized it,—was to set in train a series of events which formed the Union, for as Samuel P. Chase said in his decision in Texas *v.* White, "The Constitution in all its provisions looks to an indestructible Union composed of indestructible states." Those States which had sought to throw off the yoke of the English Court,—for there must always be that differentiation between the Court and those who opposed it,—had taken Benjamin Franklin's advice; they hung together lest assuredly they hanged separately. Thus from the temporary necessities of a passing phase in the life of what was to be a new colonial nation there was forged a new thing in which the courage and determination of the pioneering colonists were the main ingredients. Englishmen had thrown off the burden of a tyranny which when the history of the race is recalled it was inevitable they should do. There was a time, and that not so very far back, when a favourite subject for debating societies was as to whether the discovery of America had been of any benefit to the world. It was typical of the times, and showed forgetfulness of that prophecy of Burke's quoted above. That prognostication has been fulfilled, and the seed sown by the colonists in the defence of their rights has grown into a great tree under which so many peoples of the world, people of so many different races have been able to take shelter.

In approaching the subject of Independence Day this year, and it is a subject upon which much has been written in these columns, full recognition is given to the fact that this year its observance will be under the shadow of other important events. Within less than a month since Their Majesties visited the United States the national celebration has come round again, and the hearty welcome which was extended to them, the cordiality of the American greeting, traditional of a people whose hospitality is famous, has struck a chord in the British heart which vibrates in the completest harmony. There is more. There has been the effecting of the Anglo-American Trade Agreement, a document which was often despaired of, but which now expresses an agreement which should have been reached years ago. There have been President Roosevelt's interventions in the cause of world peace, and the expression of American concern in the present unfortunate international trends. There have been those expressions of good neighbourliness to other nations which in at least some quarters have met with cordial, reciprocal replies. The development of a more definite foreign policy under the ægis of President Roosevelt is in itself one of the inevitable sequalæ to the fulfilment of that history which Burke saw for the new nation, and, though his estimate of time may have erred somewhat, the fact is that events have proved him to be a good prophet. The United States have shown themselves the equal to the whole world in that commerce which is the envy of the world. They have done more; they have established themselves as such a power, which even so accurate a forecaster could never have anticipated, and they have given every reason to believe that the torch of Anglo-Saxon civilization, when the time comes, will be carried by its immediate descendant.

If more reasons were wanted why so much interest should be taken by Britons in today's celebrations, one of the chief would the manner in which the community of foreign interests in the Far East has been warmly supported by the United States and the great sympathy which has been shown with British who may have become involved in unpleasant incidents. The mutuality of understanding, the manner in which, because of common perils, Britons, French and Americans have been drawn together during the past two years makes this celebration of Independence Day of peculiar significance. The whole foreign community of Shanghai will remember with gratitude those Americans of all ranks, and walks of life who have played their part in the life of the port and its protection, and those who may not be too closely acquainted with all that has been happening, may rest assured that the role which has been played by Americans, official as well as unofficial in the preservation of their interests by no means compares unfavourably with what has been done by people of other nationalities. These common bonds which bind peoples together in the Far East probably more than in any other part of the world, especially in times like these, make it impossible that other communities should not be interested in the celebration of this day, and citizens of the United States in China who observe the great event of the struggle of not so very many generations ago, the Declaration of Independence, may rest assured that they are joined in sentiment by many who may not be able to demonstrate that fact by their personal attendence at the various functions of the day. It is with the knowledge of that fact that this opportunity is taken to congratulate Americans in China on the advent of another of their great anniversaries, and to express the hope that there will in the future be very many occasions for similar rejoicing.

National Service

It is as well that the inspiring message which H.M. the King broadcast on Sunday evening should be widely published throughout all the world. He had witnessed a parade of national service volunteers in Hyde Park that afternoon, and he was impressed by the demonstration which he witnessed. The past few months have seen powerful evidence of certain characteristics which critics of the British are either apt to overlook, or would like to believe are non-existent. The chief of them is the willingness to submit to a voluntarily imposed discipline when anything in the nature of a crisis demands it. It could, of course, be imposed upon the people if necessary, for there is every requisite power in the possession of the legislature. Fortunately it has not proved to be necessary and though the call for volunteers for national service was made only a short while back the authorities have at their disposal sufficient numbers to ensure the efficient carrying out of wartime measures should there be any demand for it. This team spirit, which makes those inspired by it so much more valuable than those subjected to some form of general compulsion, arises out of a very real appreciation of the dangers with which the country may be faced, and the need for securing that training, and education with which to meet the problems which warfare will nowadays impose. Much of what they are learning may to some extent have to be unlearnt under practical conditions, but so long as the general principles are correct there need be very little doubt concerning their modified application should the time unhappily come for that to be done. The creation of a large and efficient national service, something much wider than anything which existed during the Great War, is indicative of the recognition by the British of the seriousness of the situation and their readiness to appreciate his Majesty's reference to them, and the spirit which animates them, while his expression of thanks will be ample recompense for the trouble to which so many of them are going to be ready in their country's service.

Rain, And More Rain

After a preliminary *douche* of no inconsiderable proportions, Shanghai was saturated by three-and-a-half inches of rain on Saturday night and Sunday, and a lot more yesterday. According to the infallible Siccawei Fathers, who disdain any idea of records to appease fancied conceptions of the general public, there has been considerable rain but the total is still below the average for the year worked out over a period of 66 years although the week-end downpour must have helped to almost square statistics. Throughout the foreign areas of Shanghai there were floods as the overworked sewerage system was unable immediately to cope with the downpour, although there was much inconvenience it cannot be said that the rain was not acceptable. After a sudden period of heat which parched the countryside, there has been a marked deterioration in the supply and quality of green vegetables but this situation should be altered in the near future. Another beneficial effect should accrue from the cleaner appearance of the streets. Shanghai, overcrowded, unable to carry out completely proper sanitation measures, has never looked so dirty in spite of the huge quantities of water used to cleanse the streets, but the week-end deluge ought to alleviate this. Incidentally, the pedestrian—if the persons brave enough to wade through floods and saturated streets may so be called—has a complaint. In days such as these hire car chauffeurs and car owners seem to demonstrate an arrogant and aggressive delight in plunging through water at a fast speed drenching those unfortunate mortals on the pavements by cascades from the wheels. A safety first week has just ended with eminently satisfactory results. Perhaps a courtesy week might be started with similar results.

England's Cricket Strength

The strength of cricket in England at present is probably more than it has been for many years, the most pleasing feature being that many good young men are coming on to take the place of those who, while still great players, may be expected to graduate into the veteran class within the next few years. Within the last week several Test players have performed notable feats, besides those against the West Indies. No fewer than eight prominent Test team candidates scored centuries or thereabouts during the week. Hardstaff's 75 not out for Notts against the West Indies must be ranked with the best of the three figure scores made, since it amounted to half of the total of 149 runs scored by his side. W. R. Hammond tops the list of scorers with 153 not out, being closely followed by Hutton with 150 runs, and Paynter with 140 runs. Leyland proved that he is still a strong candidate for inclusion in England's next eleven by knocking up 95 runs, while Edrich must still be reckoned to be a rival to Gimblett as an opening bat when his 102 runs for Middlesex are considered. Fagg, the Kent batsman, who has been on the verge of Test cricket for the last few years, strengthened his claim with 131 runs against Leicester while Worthington, who has represented England several times, showed that he is in the running for another place in the side with 119 against Sussex. It would appear that the selection committee will suffer this year from an embarrassing number of good men, all with claims to recognition, and if that is the case, it is to be hoped that they give some of the younger men a chance, in preference even to some of the well-tried old hands. The best bowling feat of last week was undoubtedly that of Wright against Gloucester. This young Test bowler took nine wickets in Gloucester's first innings for only 47 runs. Copson of Derbyshire also distinguished himself, in addition to doing so well in the Test match against the West Indies. Against Sussex during the week he took six wickets for 64 runs, and followed this up with six wickets for 59 against Essex. With Voce doing well for Notts and Bowes in great form for Yorkshire, to say nothing of others like Smith of Middlesex and Gover of Surrey, England does not lack for good fast bowlers.

IN PARENTHESIS

Unsettled

THERE may be no further point in buying a bound atlas, as Europe is now definitely a loose-leaf proposition.

* * *

Dumber Still

"I've found the umbrella you missed, Professor I got it from the lost property office."

"Thank you, thank you. But how strange! I never went there."

* * *

Soon Cured

HUSBAND: "I have only one button on my coat."

Wife: "Yes, it does look bad, doesn't it? Cut it off."

* * *

How Odd

The doctor put a thermometer in the sweet young thing's mouth.

"Thank you," she said. "Have you a match?"

* * *

Too Many

BROWN of Chicago sent two old petrol tins to a motor firm with a sarcastic note: "Please make one of your famous cars from these."

The next day a car was delivered with the reply: "What are we to do with the other tin?"

* * *

Taking It Easy

HE: "I don't see why this new tandem of ours should seem so hard to pedal."

She: "Well, the only thing I don't like, dear, is the way these foot rests keep moving up and down."

* * *

Harmony

"LOVERS' knots in soft blue hold sprigs of orange blossom on the lace drapery on the decolletage and round the border of the spreading train, cut in one with the dress."

The perfect costume—if one may offer a suggestion—for Mr. Chamberlain and Mr. Lloyd George when they stage their reconciliation on the floor of the House.

* * *

Espionage

An Englishman and a Frenchman were arguing over whose country owned the finer navy. They asked an old Irishman in the corner to settle the argument.

"The Irish have the best navy," he said.

"In heaven's name where is the Irish navy?" they asked.

"And what a fool I'd be telling you when you might be a couple of spies," said the Irishman.

* * *

Brass Finisher

A well-dressed young man presented himself at a recruiting depot and expressed his wish to join the army. The sergeant in charge asked him the usual questions and entered the answers on his sheet.

"Occupation?" he inquired.

"Well," said the young man, "I hardly know what to say. You see guv'nor died and left me a pot of money a year ago, and I've just run through the lot. That's why I'm here."

"I see," replied the sergeant, thoughtfully. Then a broad smile broke over his face, and he entered in the necessary column, "Brass finisher."

* * *

Winner

It was time for the small girl to be in bed, but no amount of coaxing could get her there.

Her mother gave it up at last, and her father offered to lie on the bed with the child till she went to sleep. Off the pair of them went, and the weary mother leaned back in her chair with a sigh of content, ready for a hard-earned rest.

Some time went by, and she was wondering when her husband would be down, when she heard a soft, stealthy step. Then a little white-robed figure crept in with her finger on her lips.

"Hush, mummy," she said, "I'se got daddy to sleep."

* * *

Puzzled Jasmine

JASMINE is puzzled again. She means she can't help wondering sometimes if our leaders are really as clever as we would like to think they are.

She means to say there is this suggestion that a commission should be set up to say what "aggression" is.

Well, Jasmine asks you. Surely "aggression" is when a small country has the cheek to give a delicate hint through the proper diplomatic channels that she isn't frightfully keen on being knocked cold by a big country's sledge-hammer, sort of: and "unprovoked, deliberate aggression" is when the small country has said frankly "I shall be terribly upset if you knock me cold with your sledge-hammer, sir."

It seems so potty to Jasmine, if you see what she means. She thought everyone knew.

* * *

Defence

The drunk was brought before the magistrate. "Your honour," stated the arresting officer, "this man here is the drunkest I've encountered in my fourteen years in the force. Not only did he turn on two false alarms and attempt to ride a milk horse, but he wound up at seven this morning trying to climb the Empire State Building."

The judge eyed the drunk.

"You heard the charge?" he droned. "Are you guilty or not guilty?"

The stew swayed unsteadily. "I'm guilty, your honour," he hiccoughed.

The judge turned to the attendant: "I'll pronounce sentence on this man when I've examined his record," he said. "Lock him up for the time being."

The prisoner struggled to break loose. "Jus' a minnit, your honour," he objected. "You can't do thish to me."

The judge eyed him sharply. "What are you talking about?" he snapped. "Did you just plead guilty to being intoxicated?"

The stew nodded. "Thas right," he admitted, "but are you gonna sit there and take the word of a drunk?"

THE WEATHER

Temperature near Holy Trinity Cathedral Shanghai 24 hours ending 7 p.m.:—

Yesterday	Min. 74.0	Max. 79.5
Same date, 1938	Min. 70.0	Max. 81.0

Rainfall 2.44

Temperature at Siccawei:—

Yesterday	Min. 74.3	Max. 82.0
Same date, 1938	Min. 68.9	Max. 81.7

Siccawei's Report

State on the morning of the 2nd:—High to normal pressure over Japan and eastern China. south-westerly to south-easterly winds along the Coast. Low area over Hupeh. Fine weather in the north: rainy in our Valley. Cloudy in the south.

State on the morning of the 3rd:—Rainy weather. South-south-easterly breezes. Pressure rather low and steady.

Probabilities, 4.30 p.m. yesterday:—Overcast to cloudy weather with showers or mist and variable winds around Shantung and over our regions. Cloudy with some local showers and south-easterly to south-westerly winds to the south of the Saddles.—Siccawei Observatory.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

TO THE I. C. MILK FUND

Mr. and Mrs. Willis Wallave Jourdin $25.00

TO THE PUBLIC AND THOMAS HANBURY SCHOOL FOR BOYS

W. E. Tingle $10.00

TO THE KING'S DAUGHTERS' SOCIETY

In memory of Mrs. E. M. Drake:—
W. E. Tingle $10.00

TO THE S. S. P. C. A.

In memory of Marjorie Parker:—
Heggie Chapman $5.00

King George Praises A.R.P. Volunteers

Nation's Thanks Offered Recruits for Fine Spirit Shown in National Defence Service ; Prime Minister Again Warns Aggressors

London, July 3.

"LET no one make the mistake of supposing that we are not ready to throw our whole strength into the scale, if need be, to resist aggression, whether against ourselves or against those whose independence we have undertaken to defend." This further reaffirmation of Great Britain's resolve to oppose further aggression was made by the Prime Minister, Mr. Neville Chamberlain, in his broadcast last night.

The highlight of the proceedings was the reading of a striking message from King George on national defence preparations, in which His Majesty offered the nation's thanks to all those who had signed up for national service. After referring to the great pleasure afforded him and the Queen in witnessing a march past of national service volunteers at Hyde Park in the afternoon, the King said: "To us it was the most impressive demonstration of the spirit of service, which is everywhere present in the nation today and which shows itself in a determination to make the country ready to meet any emergency, whatever the sacrifices or inconveniences entailed.

"Our civil defence force is now established. The call has been answered, and volunteers are already at work, I want them to know how much I admire their public spirit, and I want also to express my appreciation of their wives, who are giving up much of their home life to let their husbands spend their evenings in national service.

"I am sure that the volunteers, whether men or women, will feel rewarded by the consciousness that they are helping to keep our country strong and safe.

"As I watched the ranks march by, I could not help thinking also of the latest addition to our services of defence—the young men in our new militia whose prompt and cheerful response to summons has shown the well worthy of the high traditions of the services they have joined.

"I remembered too the reservists and territorials who have been called from their work and homes to man our defences at this time. The country's thanks are due to all of them and to the personnel of those forces, regular and auxiliary, who have throughout firmly shouldered their great responsibilitions.

Effort to Keep Peace

"You know that all our preparations are designed not to provoke war but preserve peace. We still preserve the hope that nations may learn to live together in fellowship and harmony.

"But in the meantime we are resolved to leave nothing undone to maintain our country's security, and to that task national service volunteers are making a contribution which deserves all our gratitude."

The Prime Minister added a few weighty remarks, coupled with an unmistakable warning, on the conclusion of reading the Royal message.

"We are living in critical and dangerous times," he said. "We are ourselves a peaceful nation, and we desire no quarrels with anyone. But let no one make the mistake of supposing that we are not ready to throw our whole strength into the scale, if need be, to resist aggression, whether against ourselves or against those whose independence we have undertaken to defend."

Referring to the parade of national service volunteers, Mr. Chamberlain said it had been something quite new in Britain's history, for it was the first time that "our civil defence forces have been recognised as a fourth arm, standing side by side with the auxiliaries of the three fighting forces as a definite part of the organization of our country's protection."

Civilians Now on Fronts

"This is a natural development," the Prime Minister continued, "following the realization that a modern war is no longer what it used to be—a conflict confined to the armed forces of nations. In these days the civil population too is right in the front line, and it becomes the duty of every citizen to help in the defence of the home front.

"It was for this reason that you were asked, all of you, to consider what you could do and what part you could play in the national service. Your answer has now been given, and within a few months you have added nearly 1,250,000 volunteers to our defence forces of all kinds.

"The spirit which has been shown by national service volunteers has been beyond all praise. Many of you, I know, are giving up your amusements and leisure evening after evening, often after a long day's work, in order to fit and train yourselves for effective service if at any time the call for it should come.

"Every day that passes sees a fresh advance towards perfecting our civil defence force, in which you already begin to feel pride like that which long existed in the fighting forces. Knowledge of what you are doing must greatly increase our confidence in our ability to face the future with calmness and equanimity."—Reuter.

French Stand Made Clear to Reich

German Envoy Given Complete Statement By Foreign Minister

Paris, July 3.

France could not agree to any unilateral attempt either to modify the territorial status of Danzig or the status quo of Eastern Europe in general, the German Ambassador here, Count Johannes von Welczeck, was informed on Saturday by the Foreign Minister, M. Georges Bonnet, according to "Le Temps."

This newspaper emphasized that the conversations were "most courteous and firm," and that they contained "no recriminations, no challenge, no direct or indirect threat."

"M. Bonnet took a most opportune moment," it wrote, "to inform the German Government through normal diplomatic channels of the exact position of France. This is identical to Britain's position, for France is firmly determined to fulfill all the obligations arising out of agreements that she has recently concluded.

"This communication was of capital importance in the evolution of the international situation and was strictly consonant with the spirit and letter of the Franco-German 'no war' declaration signed end of last year." That declaration provided for exchanges of views by the two Governments in cases of serious international tension.

Germany Knows Now

"Le Temps" added, "The French Government thought it useful to the cause of peace to recall to the German Ambassador France's attitude which, like Britain's, would not permit her to agree to any unilateral attempt to modify the territorial status of Danzig or the *status quo* of Eastern Europe.

"Informed by the report of the German envoy, the Reich's Government can no longer ignore the fact that engagements subscribed to by France and Britain vis-avis Poland are formal and precise and will be wholly fulfilled under any of the circumstances for which they were undertaken.

"M. Bonnet's conversation with the German Ambassador was most courteous and firm. It meant no recriminations, no challenge, no direct or indirect threat. It must be considered as an official communication made for purposes of information so as to remove all misunderstandings and to remind Berlin of realities that it is inclined to misjudge," the newspaper concluded.

King's Address Praised

The international situation held the spotlight in the press here this morning, most papers stressing the similarity of the statements made by officials in London and Paris during the past few days in connection with the Danzig problem. The address delivered yesterday by King George VI was also very favourably commented upon.

Under the signature of its London correspondent, "Le Jour-L'Echo de Paris" published an article in which it expected that new British and French diplomatic demarches will complete and strengthen the public statements made during the past few days.

"We know that very recently Warsaw received categorical assurances that France and Great Britain would assist Poland in the event of a direct aggression against her" the correspondent concluded.

"Le Petit Parisien" stressed that Britain is determined not to neglect anything in order to ensure the safety of the country. "Words coming from such an august person as the King and following the warnings given by the highest statesmen in the United Kingdom are tantamount to an oath," the paper added. "Britain is working for peace but is also prepared to oppose with all her strength any attempt at aggression."

Unshakeable Determination

"It should not be forgotten in the days and hours to come that the determination of Britain, France, and Poland is unshakeable," Le Petit Journal" stressed.

"Positions have been taken," the journal added. "London, Paris, and Warsaw are ever ready to accept negotiations but in no case can there be a question of humiliating concessions or compromise."

"L'Epoque," the noted Rightist political commentator and Deputy, M. Henri de Kerillis, writes: "We citizens of France want to defend Danzig because Danzig is necessary to Polish independence and Polish independence is necessary to the security of France. The problem is the same for Britain. Our defence is as much on the Vistula as it is on the Rhine and in Gibraltar, which protects the communication lines of our Empires. Indeed, the statements made by M. Daladier, Lord Halifax, and Mr. Chamberlain caused a deep impression in Germany, but measures of a financial and military order would have been of even more value in convincing the Reich that the two democratic powers have finally understood where their vital interests lie and are following Germany's own example by amalgamating all their forces."—Havas.

Britain Joining in "China Week"

Special Newspaper "China News" Published

London, July 3.

"Let us see that Britain's policy aids not the brutal aggressor, but the patient defender," says Mr. J. B. Priestley, the well-known novelist, in an editorial today in the "China News," a special newspaper produced in connection with the "China week," which the China Campaign Committee is conducting with the object of rousing public opinion in support of China.

The paper also contains stirring articles by General Chiang Kai-shek, General Mao Tse-tung, the Communist leader, Mr. E. G. Jamieson, the British Consul-General in Tientsin, and Indian and Malayan leaders.

A mass meeting in protest against the blockade of the British Concession in Tientsin will be held in the Friends' House on July 5, at which Lord Lytton, head of the League of Nations Mission to Manchoukuo, will preside.

Thirty poster parades and meetings will be held during the week, all in the suburbs of London.

Similar demonstrations will be held in Liverpool, Manchester, Newcastle and Leicester.

The "China week" will culminate on Sunday.—Reuter.

"N.C.D.N." Photos.

Shanghai Suffers from Severest Floods of Season

Following the heavy rains of Saturday night, Sunday and yesterday Shanghai became inundated in many parts yesterday as the downpour continued throughout the morning. Among the chief places affected were the Cathay Mansions (seen top left) where flood water, over one foot in depth, overflowed into the building, cookies being employed to bale out with buckets; Avenue Joffre and Avenue Dubail (top right) where trams and cars splashed through deep water; Route Chapsal (bottom left) where many cars were marooned, and the Municipal Buildings in Avenue Joffre where entrance and exit was made extremely difficult.

Danzig Nazi Chief Avows Anschluss

Britain Denounced By Deputy Fuehrer In Fiery Speech

Danzig, July 3.

The people of Danzig were united to a man and wished to go back to the Reich, and they would go back, thundered Herr Albert Foerster, Nazi Gauleiter in Danzig, in an outspoken speech at a district party rally yesterday.

"They are prepared to make any sacrifice to this end," he added amid loud applause, "even to the extreme sacrifice of their lives."

The Gauleiter, who was repeatedly interrupted by wild applause, declared, in words addressed to Great Britain and her allies: "We stand firm. We want to return to Germany, and we are going to return to Germany. One word of the Fuehrer's carries 10,000 times more weight with us than all war cries and lying provocation in the world. In Danzig no one need disturb himself—no measures by Poland can frighten Danzig.

"If the Fuehrer brings freedom to Danzig, then this German population stands together as one man in brazen loyalty to the Fuehrer and Germans, and it will be prepared for any sacrifices the Fuehrer demands—sacrifices not only of goods but of blood and life.

"The encirclement Powers are prepared, in opposition to all their theories of self-determination, to go to war in order that Right may not be Right but remain for ever Wrong. They are ready to deliver Danzig to Poland rather than agree to the fulfilment of the desire of the solid Danzig population for a return to the Reich."—Reuter.

Herr Hess Attacks Britain

Kaiserslauten, July 2.

"Never before have the German people formed as compact a bloc as today, and never have they been more conscious of their strength," the German Deputy Fuehrer, Herr Rudolf Hess, stated this evening before the Congress of Western German Political Leaders. He emphasized the power of the Reich and her two partners in the anti-Comintern triangle, Italy and Japan. He also criticized British policies, denounced World Jewry and attacked schemes for "encirclement" of Germany.

"The people of the Reichsfuehrer are today united as never before in the history of Germany." Herr Hess declared. "The rest of the world must not forget that Germans have again become a politically-conscious people with a clear view on questions and problems concerning the future of the nation."

The Deputy Fuehrer proceeded to castigate the Reich's enemies, whom he accused of wishing to sow discord between German leaders and the people while pretending "that they are inimical only to the leaders."

"Slave of Great Powers"

"If Britain worries over the fate of nations who might become the slaves of the great powers, Germany has a single reply to make. It is really a pity that Britain did not preoccupy herself with these questions twenty years ago, for then Germany was a slave of the great Powers....

"The encirclement of Germany and Italy will not be successful because the Berlin-Rome axis is stronger than the artificial encirclement pacts signed by nations which are split by divergencies in their ideas and political and economic interests. On the contrary, Germany and Italy have common interests," Herr Hess stress-common interests," he added.—Havas.

Military Preparations Pushed In Danzig Free City

Tension Remains High ; Polish Note Said Sent To Senate ; Warsaw Maintains Calm Stand

Warsaw, July 3.

FURTHER arrivals of light guns, tanks and other materials in Danzig, and a strongly-worded Note from Poland demanding an explanation from the Danzig Senate of recent military moves, are reported to be the latest developments in the extremely tense situation in Danzig. According to Polish press reports, warlike preparations proceed apace in Danzig.

Further military transports are said to have arrived by water at Schichau wharf, where light tanks and gun under-carriages are reported to have been landed. These armaments, it is added, are being taken to the fortifications at Bischofsberg and Hagelsberg, and the approach to these two points are still barred to unauthorized persons.

Sudden Coup Now Not Feared

Poland Expected to Demand Explanation From Danzig Senate

Warsaw, July 2.

Present indications pointed to no impending coup of force in Danzig, foreign observers here in Warsaw asserted today.

They explained military measures taken by the German authorities in the Free City in stating that these were apparently aimed precisely to avert Polish occupation of the town. The German Government wished, now at any rate, to give the impression that whatever was happening in Danzig was a purely internal affair in which the Reich was not interfering.

German political quarters, it was pointed out, emphasized that Berlin had taken the trouble to inform Warsaw officially that a German cruiser would visit Danzig end of August.

Given importance were today's conferences between Marshal Eduard Smigly-Rydz, Inspector-General of Polish armed forces, and the Foreign Minister, Colonel Josef Beck, on the one hand, and M. Marian Chodacki, Polish High Commissioner in Danzig, on the other. M. Chodacki, it was said, would now return to the Free City armed with special powers and new instructions for bringing to an end present tension over the Danzig problem.

Senate to Be Asked to Explain

A Polish Note would be forwarded to the Senate, it was declared, recalling that the Constitution of the Free City forbade its militarization. This Note would demand official explanations of the military measures recently enforced in Danzig.

It might possibly also contain a warning that any attempt against Polish rights would be considered as an attempt against Poland's very independence.

It was even rumoured that Poland, France and Great Britain might unite and make a demarche.—Havas.

It is understood that the Polish Commissioner, M. Chodacki, is returning shortly to Danzig after reporting to Colonel Joseph Beck, Polish Foreign Minister.

The Polish Government, according to Reuter's Diplomatic Correspondent, apparently has no intention of allowing themselves to be stampeded into action by events such as the continued arrival in Danzig of German so-called tourists in large numbers.

British Assurances Received

Warsaw is said to be fully satisfied with the assurances received from the British Government.

The British Chargé d'Affaires, Mr. C. J. Norton, paid another visit to the Polish Foreign Ministry last evening, when he saw Colonel Beck's private secretary. It is understood that they discussed the latest developments in the international situation.

The Government organ, "Gazeta Polska," carries a message today from London and Paris informing the public that Great Britain and France will intervene if Germany attempts a putsch.

The London correspondent of the newspaper underlines the information by emphasizing that the British public will back up this stand.

The Conservative newspaper "Graz" publishes a report from London that the British Government had received information that such a putsch was intended now or in the near future. Professing to have no knowledge that this is contemplated, the journal comments that if recent German moves are simply a political manœuvre, "Poland is grateful" because they have succeeded in clarifying the situation and "opening Poland's eyes." The "Graz" points out that Poland is calm, "but if Germany wants war with us we are not going to avoid it."

The independent organ, "I.K.C.," also publishes reports from London and Paris on the situation, including an unconfirmed rumour that the British and French fleets will visit Gydnia.

Significantly, the entire Polish press publish, with approving comments, the British Council of Labour's appeal to the German people that they must insist that disputes be settled by reason and not by war.

Landlords in Poland have been ordered to build air raid shelters and to complete same in two months.—Reuter.

Rumour Unconfirmed

London, July 3.

Nothing is known in official quarters in London of the rumour published in Warsaw that British and French warships will visit Gydnia.—Reuter.

All Calm in Berlin

Berlin, July 3.

All is absolutely calm in Berlin. Newspapers print short paragraphs dealing with the rumours in the London and Paris press concerning Danzig, but there is no excitement here whatever over the matter.

Herr Hitler yesterday attended the State funeral of General Knochenhauer, Commander-in-Chief of the 10th Army Corps at Hamburg, who died on Wednesday.—Reuter.

Barricades in Danzig

Danzig, July 3.

Although the situation in Danzig is calm on the surface, tension behind the scenes is reflected in the crowded barracks, the mounting of anti-aircraft guns atop Bischofsberg (Bishop's Hill), the high-pressure reconditioning of existing fortresses and barracks as well as the construction of new ones, and the landing of munitions at night.

(Continued on page 10)

German-Polish Dispute over Copernicus Brought into Law Court

Judges to Decide Nationality of "Father of Modern Astronomy" ; German Claim Resented

Warsaw, July 2.

As a result of the Reich's pretensions to be the true homeland of Nicolas Copernicus, father of modern astronomy, there will soon be a sensational legal battle disputed in the court of Bydgoszcz, small Polish city.

Judges sitting on the unusual case will have to issue a proclamation on the exact birthplace and therefore nationality of the great scientist, who is generally acknowledged to have been Polish.

The suit is to be contested because several German Pomeranian cities have issued postcards bearing the portrait of Copernicus and describing him as "one of the most eminent representatives of German culture." This postcard was prohibited from distribution in Poland for it was held to be a purveyor of "plagiaristic" untruth.

In the Bydgoszcz court, a member of the German minority will uphold the German case against a Polish attorney.

Copernicus, according to all data gathered to the present time, was born in the city of Thorn in 1473. He lived a none-too-eventful life outside of his astronomical discoveries. He married at Frauenburg and lived to the ripe old age of 70.

He is revered by modern-day astronomers for his discovery of what is now known as the Copernicus system—which expounds the double movements of the planets, which he first discovered, revolved on themselves and also around the sun.

He set down his theory in a treatise entitled "Treatise on the Revolutions of Celestial Worlds," which he completed only a few days before his death

His discovery was so sensational that Pope Paul V condemned it as ungodly, being contrary to the Scriptures.—Havas.

Way Now Clear for Soviet Pact

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, July 3.

A long report has been received at the Foreign Office from Sir William Seeds, British Ambassador in Moscow, regarding his conversation yesterday with M. Molotov, Soviet Foreign Commissar.

It is expected, says Reuter's Diplomatic Correspondent, that another meeting will take place at an early date.

The ground, he adds, is being cleared of all possible misunderstandings regarding the problems involved by the question of guarantees to smaller states.—Reuter.

Soviet Embassy Statement

London, July 3.

The first authoritative indication that the new Anglo-French proposals delivered in Moscow on Saturday brought the agreement for the tripartite military alliance appreciably nearer was given the United Press today by a Soviet Embassy spokesman. "The proposals were more serious. The British and French proposals came a considerable distance toward meeting the Soviet position," he said.

The Prime Minister, Mr. Neville Chamberlain, today said in the House of Commons the British Government is waiting for the Soviet reply to the latest British proposals. He made no further statement in reply to several questions.—United Press.

Japanese-Manchu Attack on Border

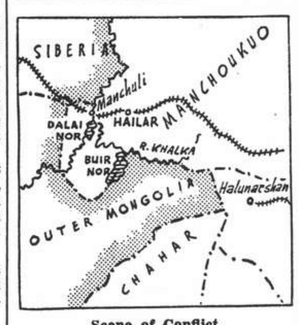
Retort to Mongolian Territory Occupation ; Toll of Soviet Tanks

With the Japanese Forces in Western Manchoukuo, July 3.

Gunfire rumbled across the flat and barren plains of western Manchoukuo today as a combined Japanese-Manchoukuo attack against Outer Mongolian troops, supported by Soviet motorized and cavalry units, gained momentum along the banks of the Khlaka River.

A pall of smoke could be seen spread over the western shore of the 60-metre wide river, where numerous fires were started among Outer Mongolian positions by intensive and sustained Japanese artillery fire.

Launching operations at 5 o'clock in the evening of July 1, the combined Japanese and Manchoukuo



Scene of Conflict

forces unloosened a vigorous attack upon a Outer Mongolian detachment entrenched in sand dunes 20 kilometres west of Janteinmiao. Anti-tank guns took a heavy toll among the Soviet mechanized units, as 20 of these machines were still smouldering at the scene or the combat today.

Offensive Ordered

The Kwantung Army ordered this combined Japanese - Manchoukuo offensive, when Outer Mongolian troops, after occupying Nomonhan and Khalkamiao, continued their advance into Manchoukuo territory.

On June 29, several hundred Outer Mongolian troops, supported by Soviet tanks, attacked a Japanese outpost 24 kilometres within what the Manchoukuo authorities claim to be Manchurian territory.

The Outer Mongolian attack was made at a point south of Amukulan.

After bitter fighting lasting several hours, the invaders were forced to retreat.

Meantime, other Japanese columns crossed the Khalka River, capturing Peinchagauso, eight kilometres south of the waterway at 2 o'clock this morning.—Domei.

(Continued on page 10)

Five Demands from Peiping

Japanese Army Supports "Provisional Government" Against Concession ; Threat to Resort to Force

Peiping, July 3.

THE threat of resort to force to attain the objectives demanded of the British authorities by the Peiping Provisional Government was made today by a Japanese army spokesman. The threat of force followed a statement by the Japanese army last night in which the army authorities fully supported the five demands made by the Provisional Government on June 23.

"There is no possibility of compromise," the spokesman replied when asked whether the Tientsin situation could be settled. "All of the Peiping Government demands must be accepted. Force may be used to attain the objectives," he added.

The Provisional Government on June 23 sent a list of five demands to the British and French authorities in Tientsin. The demands were chiefly connected with co-operation between the Provisional Government and the foreign authorities in controlling the concessions.

Statements by the Provisional Government and the Japanese Army last night, issued on the eve of the Anglo-Japanese conference at Tokyo, were taken as indications that the Japanese military authorities would refuse to accept any British proposals without the British first acceding to the demands of the Provisional Government.

Reiterating the five demands, the Provisional Government statement last night said that it is proposed to effect a joint control within the concessions by the authorities of both the Provisional Government and the concessions."

The Japanese army statement said, inter alia, "we have issued a statement concerning the Tientsin concessions which we believe to be the voice of the entire people of north China as a cry most legitimate and at the same time ardenty for it emanates from the very depths of their inherent right of human existence.

"In discharge of its proper functions and viewing the situation from the standpoint of humanity and justice, the Japanese army is in a position to give full support to the expression of views given and the action taken by the Provinsional Government. It further expects that his objective will be attained."—United Press.

The Demands

Peiping, July 3.

The "Provisional Government's" demands were:

1. The immediate handing over to the "Provisional Government" of terrorists and Communist elements now in the Concessions.

2. Co-operation with the "Provisional Government's" currency policies, by prohibiting the circulation of National bank notes in the concessions and co-operating with the "Provisional Government" with regard to the transfer of silver specie.

3. Co-operation with the "Provisional Government's" control of Chinese banks, native banks, and commercial institutions within the concessions.

4. Control of actions and publications running counter to the policies of the "Provisional Government."

5. Acceptance of the above demands and the establishment of joint control agencies for their execution.

The demands, observers here said, indicated the "Provisional Government's" determination to secure de facto recognition by the Powers as the authority over North China areas, replacing the former National administration.—Domei.

The army's statement pledged full support to the demands of the Peiping administration, which were described as "just and highly appropriate."

Hopes for the realization of these demands were expressed by the Japanese military command" from the standpoint of the army's obligations as well as on the grounds of justice and humanity."—Domei.

Anti-British Propaganda

Tokyo, July 3.

The Japanese propaganda campaign aiming at the "enlightening of the Japanese people on Britain" started yesterday with numerous mass demonstrations.

It is becoming more obvious every day that this propaganda campaign is to serve preparing the Japanese position in the forthcoming negotiations with Britain.

Japanese newspapers speak of a "Munich of the Far East," adding that England failed during the last two years to realize the situation in the Far East and had insisted on carrying on an anti-Japanese policy.

London must now prove that Britain is willing to adapt herself to the changed situation in the Far East, press comments declare.

The Japanese papers unanimously stress Japan's irrevocable decision to develop East Asia according to the wish of the Japanese people against all possible resistance.—Trans-Ocean.

Japanese Army Delegates

Tientsin, July 3.

Lieut.-Gen. Masaharu Homma, commander of the Japanese Defence Force in Tientsin, was host at 1 o'clock this afternoon to Lieut.-Col. Hirohide Ohta and Major Seiichi

(Continued on page 10)

Tientsin Parleys to Start Tomorrow

London, July 2.

According to Tokyo press messages, conversations on the Tientsin situation are expected to open there on Wednesday.

The British Superintending Consul at Tientsin, Major G. A. Herbert, and other local representatives have now arrived in Japan.—Wireless through Reuter.

Silver Quotation

London, July 3.

Quietly steady conditions prevailed in the London silver market today, with prices being fixed at:

	July 1	July 3
London spot	18 1/16d.	18 5/16d.
" forward	17 11/16d.	17 9/16d.
" gold	148/6½d.	148/6½d.
London/New York:		
One pound U.S.	$4.6813	$4.6813
One U.S. dollar	51.267d.	51.267d.

—Reuter.

Briton Detained In Tientsin

B. & S. Engineer Held for "Insulting Japanese Forces" ; Blockade Tightened

Tientsin, July 3.

Charged with "using insulting language to Japanese soldiers," a British subject has been detained by the Japanese gendarmerie in Tientsin, according to a Japanese spokesman at this morning's press conference.

The Briton said to have identified himself as Mr. E. T. Edwards, Chief Engineer of the ss. Yochow, owned by Messrs. Butterfield & Swire, the spokesman declared, was taken into custody by the Japanese gendarmerie at 9.10 last night in Woodrow Wilson Street, in the ex-German Concession.

A visit to the Yochow by Reuter this morning elicited the information that they did not have a man named E. T. Edwards aboard, but that the Second Officer, Edward Theodore Griffiths, had been missing since last night.

Report to Police

Meanwhile, a report was made to the British police last night by two Germans, who stated that they had seen a foreigner being forcibly taken across the barrier into the ex-German Concession.

According to their report, they were emerging from Kiessling's Cafe, which is in "no-man's land" in the ex-German Concession shortly after 9 last night when they saw several Japanese sentries and plain clothes men, commanded by an officer, holding a foreigner.

The foreigner, they continued, was protesting, saying: "You cannot arrest a British sailor."

Eventually, he is said to have been forcibly taken across the barrier into the ex-German Concession.

Enquiries in official quarters last night failed to reveal the identity of the arrested man. Even the British Consulate was unable to throw light on the affair, saying they were endeavouring to contact the Japanese Consulate.

According to the Japanese spokesman, "Edwards" is under investigation.

He did not believe, he added, that the Japanese authorities would lodge a protest on the matter.—Reuter.

Detention Confirmed

Tientsin, July 3.

H.M. Consulate-General confirmed the detention of Mr. Griffiths, an engineer working aboard Messrs. Butterfield & Swire ss. Yochow. Mr. Griffiths was arrested in the First Special Area side of the Woodrow Wilson Street barrier last night because he was alleged to have insulted the Japanese army, a Japanese army spokesman said today.

The spokesman announced that Mr. Griffiths had been arrested and detained by gendarmes. He announced the detained man's name was Mr. E. T. Edwards, but the British Consulate corrected the name to Mr. Edward T. Griffiths. The spokesman further alleged that Mr. Griffiths had been drinking at the time of his arrest.—United Press.

Blockade Tightened

Tientsin, July 3.

On the eve of the Anglo-Japanese negotiations in Tokyo for a settlement of the Tientsin issue, the Japanese appear to have tightened up the blockade of the British and French Concessions.

In addition to the stripping incident yesterday—the first in several days—very little milk fit for human consumption and virtually no coal are now entering the British Concession.

A dairyman, attempting to bring 200 bottles of milk into the Concession, told Reuter that, after waiting for about five hours in a queue, he was ordered to bring large cans, unseal the bottles and pour the milk into the cans.

The bottles were then carefully examined, after which he was ordered to refill the bottles from the cans. When the process was finished, the milk had turned sour due to the terrific heat.

Other dairymen reported similar experiences.

Coal Restrictions Enforced

Meanwhile, Chinese coal dealers in the British Concession's "black market," who are charging double price for coal, are rather disturbed by the fact that some mysterious Chinese yesterday made the round

(Continued on page 10)

Japanese Said Warned

London, July 3.

Sir Robert Craigie had been instructed to inform the Japanese Government that any deliberate extension of insulting treatment to Britons must imperil the success of the impending negotiations in Tokyo, declared Mr. R. A. Butler, Under-Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, in the House of Commons today.

He was asked whether the insults sustained by Britons in Tientsin at the hands of the Japanese had ceased. In reply, Mr. Butler said that there had been no reports for some days, until today, of Britons being subjected to indignities. Lord Halifax, he continued, had not yet received official confirmation of the incident reported in the press today involving the stripping of a Briton named John Anderson by the Japanese.—Reuter.

Floods Grip Shanghai

Heavy Rainfall Sees Numerous Areas Under Water to Depths of Over One Foot

WHILE Shanghailanders heartily grumbled over their lot yesterday as miniature lakes of muddy water inundated the roads and pavements to a depth of over one foot in numerous districts of the International Settlement and French Concession following the heavy downpour, which commenced on Saturday night and was still continuing for the greater part of yesterday, several amusing flood episodes brought smiles to many of them as they wended their ways in different parts of the city and, to some extent, eased their sufferings as, with dirty water squelching around in their boots and shoes, they attempted to enter business offices and apartments which had been entirely marooned by flood waters.

Honours for providing the most amusing incident of the day went to the wheelbarrow coolie who was splashing gaily along Avenue Road until he met with an unfortunate (though very funny) accident. When nearing the Hardoon Road crossing, where the water swirled around over one foot deep, he came into contact with some submerged object and the result was that both wheelbarrow and coolie parted company, the latter going face downwards into the not too clean water.

Upon rising to the surface, however, he found that his troubles had only just begun for a load of potatoes, which he had been carrying had scattered in several directions and were somewhere below the water. With a determined look on his face he immediately dived down deeply and, with a smile, came up with one potato solidly grasped in his hand. Two hours later he was still going strong and the barrow, although not so well loaded as before, nevertheless carried a few hundred of these products of nature, which he had recovered by his diving prowess.

To rickshaw coolies in the same area the rain came as blessing in disguise as they did a roaring trade in two cent stamps, conveying passengers from one side of the road to the other. Motor car pushing, too, was in vogue throughout the flooded areas and coolies were able to dictate their own terms (within reason, of course) as the smaller cars splashed their way through the water, spluttered at the deepest parts and finally came to a dead stop with still many yards to go to dry land.

Serious Business

Despite these amusing episodes, however, the flooding of so many parts of the town was a serious business and it has been estimated that the cost will run into thousands of dollars as the waters subside. On rare occasions has the water reached such a depth as it did yesterday—around the Country Hospital it was two feet deep and considerably hampered exit and entrance there which could only be made by wading through the flood.

The same serious conditions applied elsewhere, especially along Nanking Road, in the vicinity of the Wing On and Sincere stores, around the Cathay Mansions in the French Concessions, where gangs of coolies baled out manfully with buckets as the water inundated the road and pavements on both sides and finally gushed inside the vestibule, and along Avenue Joffre where trams were the only vehicles which could make any headway against the deep floods.

All side streets around the Sincere store were completely under water, the Italian Consulate in Bubbling Well Road and the Chengtu Road police station were isolated, and along Route Bourgeat, Route Chapsal and Avenue Dubail cars became marooned as the water splashed through the bonnets and into the engines.

Gallant Acts

Outside the French Club and the Cathay Mansions the water came to well above the knees as various people waded through and it was here that the gentlemen gallantly came to the rescue of the ladies, two of the latter being safely carried through by their escorts, whose trousers at the conclusion of the somewhat risky journey resembled anything else but trousers.

And so it was throughout the whole city, Tifeng Road, Seymour Road, Great Western Road, Yu Yuen Road, Avenue Haig, Avenue Edward VII and countless other thoroughfares being covered by muddy water in parts to well over a depth of one foot.

Readings taken at Siccawei yesterday registered a total of 2.55 inches of rain from Sunday night, this being .38 inches less than the rain recorded during the period 7 p.m. on Saturday to 7 p.m. on Sunday. Thus the total rainfall, with the promise of more to come, from Saturday until yesterday was 5.48 inches. The average rainfall for the year of 20.71 inches, however, was still below the average for the past 66 years of 22.9 but today's forecast does not promise much change and so that average might be passed fairly easily if the rain clouds do not disappear.

Telephone Cables Injured

The Telephone Company stated last night, that owing to the rains and flooding, a fault had developed and 900 pairs of wires were affected the area concerned being bounded by Avenues Foch and Joffre and Routes Cardinal Mercier and Lorton. About 600 subscribers were handicapped but telephone crews were at work and it was hoped that the faults soon would be corrected.

Americans Observe Glorious Fourth

American Club and Columbia Country Club to Honour Day With Festive Celebrations

Shanghai Americans today join their compatriots all over the world in celebrating the Glorious Fourth, Independence Day. Although the heavy downpour of rain that has deluged Shanghai for the past few days has washed out part of the elaborate programme arranged in celebration of the anniversary, nevertheless there has been no dampening of spirits and indoor festivities will continue as scheduled.

Local celebration will start with a flag-raising ceremony at the quadrangle of the American School, 10 Avenue Petain, under the auspices of the American Association, Fourth Marines and U.S. Navy, weather permitting Colonel Fegan, Commanding Officer of the Fourth Marines, will deliver an address at this ceremony. School children attending will wave American flags supplied for the occasion by the American Consulate-General.

The Columbia Country Club will be the scene of an impressive function at noon when the American Consulate-general in Shanghai, Mr. Clarence E. Gauss, will present a toast to the President of the United States.

The festivities shift to the downtown district at 12.15 p.m. when the American Club holds its famous annual open house during the tiffin hour, until 1.30 p.m. The club will be jammed with Americans and their guests who will gather to do honour to the Glorious Fourth in the good old American manner.

Traffic Rules Issued

In order to facilitate the movement of traffic in the vicinity of the American Club during the open house, Mr. E. C. Baker, Assistant Commissioner (Traffic) of the Shanghai Municipal Police, has issued instructions for the parking of cars in the area. Special parking space will be available on Foochow Road, South side, between Kiangse Road and Szechuen Road and on Kiangse Road, West side, between Foochow Road and Honan Road. The car park on Hankow Road, North side, between Kiangse Road and Honan Road, is available but is not reserved.

As a climax to the day's programme the Columbia Country Club will hold a buffet supper and dance in the evening. The brilliant fireworks display of pre-war years will again be dispensed with this year, thus precluding any possibility of celebrating the Fourth of July in the loud time-honoured manner.

Due to the inclement weather, the annual baseball game between the Amateurs and the Fourth Marines for the Community Cup has been postponed. Also postponed by the heavy downpour and resultant floods is the annual polo game between the two American teams, the Cowboys and the Troopers. Up to press time the arrangements for the flag-raising ceremony were still in force and, weather permitting, will in all probability be carried out.

Guns Seized; Men Arrested by S.M.P.

Large Gang Believed Broken Up As Result Of Lightning Raids

Five automatic pistols, one potato-masher type hand-grenade and twenty rounds of ammunition were seized whilst 23 persons were arrested between 7 p.m. on Sunday and 4 p.m. yesterday afternoon, following a series of raids carried out by detectives from Gordon Road Police Station in hotels and lodging houses in the Louza district. Additional arrests were effected throughout yesterday whilst ballistic experts of the police are at present checking on the histories of the weapons seized.

The raids were carried out after week-long investigations into the criminal activities of a large gang and the searches were carried out with lightning rapidity so that none of the suspects had a chance to make use of their weapons or to attempt an escape.

It was understood late yesterday afternoon that all the suspects have previous convictions, a number of them having served prison terms for armed crime.

Later in the afternoon detectives from Gordon Road Police Station arrested two more suspects, but had seized no more weapons.

Armed Robber Shoots Pawnshop Employee

When a lone gunman entered a pawnshop at 108 Pakhoi Road shortly after 2.15 p.m. yesterday, one of the assistants raised an alarm with the result that the thug fired one shot, injuring the assistant slightly. The desperado decamped without stealing anything. Detectives from Louza Police Station are investigating the case.

LORD Ebbisham's election as chancellor of the Primrose League will not hinder him from being the leading light in the Lords and Commons cricket team. In spite of his 71 years he is one of the most active men in the House of Lords. An ex-Lord Mayor of London and treasurer of the Conservative Party until 1933, he was Member for the Epsom Division for ten years preceding his elevation to the House of Lords in 1928.

Shots Fired at Car On Singapore Road

No One Injured When Thug Attempts to Stop it

An unknown gunman fired three shots at a private motorcar on Singapore Road shortly after 11 a.m. yesterday when he was unable to halt the vehicle. Fortunately, none of the four occupants were injured, whilst the gunman managed to make good his escape.

The shooting, to which no political significance is attributed, occurred when the thug, presumably an armed robber, attempted to stop the vehicle with the intention of robbing its occupants, a Chinese factory owner who was accompanied by two of his friends and a chauffeur. The latter, instead of obeying the robber's signal to stop, stepped on the accelerator, whereupon the gunman fired the three shots. Detectives from Gordon Road Station are investigating the case.

Bomb Hits Gasoline Vessel

This official Japanese naval photograph shows a Chinese steamer, loaded with gasoline, in flames on the Yang River, near Nanning, Central Kwangsi, after being hit by a bomb in a Japanese raid.

Claim Against Mr. Eric Moller

Former Trainer Claims Commission Not Paid; Defence to Be Filed

Mr. Eric Moller, well-known local business man and racing stable owner, appeared as defendant in H.M. Supreme Court yesterday when a claim for $1,244.90 was brought against him by Mr. I. Bolshatoff, formerly employed by him as pony trainer. According to Mr. Bolshatoff, the amount claimed represented balance of commission due from defendant under an agreement of service between plaintiff and Mr. Moller as trainer of the latter's racing stable.

Represented by Mr. M. Reader Harris, the plaintiff also claimed $175 costs and, through his lawyer, he pointed out that portions of the sum claimed were commissions he should have received on racing results and on the winnings of Mr. Moller's horse, Silkylight.

Answering Mr. Victor Priestwood, who appeared on his behalf, Mr. Moller told the Court that plaintiff had been dismissed by him for taking commission from horse dealers against his wishes and instructions. He had warned plaintiff that this should not occur again but he had continued to receive the commission.

Dismissal Denied

Mr. Reader Harris pointed out that in a letter written by Mr. Moller to plaintiff, he regretted the latter's resignation and he contended that the evidence of dismissal had merely been given to damage Mr. Bolshatoff's character. The letter, he said, contained the words "I deeply regret your resignation...."

So far, he continued, Mr. Moller had not admitted that these Commissions were not due. Asked by the Judge if the plaintiff's dismissal justified his not paying the commissions, Mr. Moller replied "Not altogether." The amount of this secret commission, which the defendant had received from the dealers, he added, was due to him as a debt.

As plaintiff was not entitled to take this secret commission, he contended that it had become a debt from plaintiff to himself, that debt being greater than the commission now claimed. Mr. Reader Harris stated that there was no question of a secret commission and that Mr. Moller had accepted Mr. Bolshatoff's resignation with regret.

Defendant was ordered to file a defence within 15 days.

FUNERAL

Mr. Vladimir Kott

The funeral of the late Vladimir Kott, a member of the Auxiliary Detachment of the French Police who was shot while on patrol in the Siccawei District of the French Concession took place yesterday morning. Despite the inclemency of the weather there was a very large turnout of mourners, representatives of the French Consular Body, French Municipal Council, French Police, French Army, French Navy, French Fire Brigade, Shanghai Municipal Police (Foreign, Sikhs and Chinese), Russian Regiment of the S.V.C. as well as civilians of all nationalities. At the Mortuary in Rue Delastre a cortege was formed and proceeded slowly to Siccawei Cemetery where the interment took place. The services were conducted according to the rites of the Baptist Church by Acting Pastor A. D. Solkoloff, while prayer was offered up by Pastor Gouroff of the Russian Methodist Church. At the graveside Commandant Fabre, Chief of the French Police delivered a short address.

Among those sending wreaths were:

L'Ambassadeur de France, Le Consul General de France, Le President et les Members de la Commission Provisoire d'Administration Municipal de la Concession Francaise de Changhai, Le Directeur General des Services Municipaux, Commandant L. Fabre, Directeur des Services de Police, Mr. R. Jobez, Directeur Adjoint, Mr. Pierre Blanchet, Chef Adjoint, Le Personnel des Services de la Police Francaise, Le Personnel de la Police Judiciare, Personnel European du Poste Central, Croiseur Primauguet Personnel Europeen du Poste Mallet, Personnel Europeen du Poste Joffre, Les Officiers, S/Officiers, Caporaux Soldats et Tirailleurs du 1er B.M.C., Les Officiers, S/Officiers, Caporaux chefs, Caporaux, Soldats et Tirailleurs du 2eme B.M.C., Personnel Francais de la Police Militaire ed Zikawei, Detachement Francais de Changhai, Les Officiers, Sous Officiers, Caporaux et Sapeurs Compagnie de Pompiers, Le Municipalite Francaise, Personnel Chinois de la Zone Militaire le Zikawei, Personnel Tonkinois du Poste Central, Personnel Chinois du Poste Central, Russian Firemen Poste Chateau D'Eau, Russian Regiment, S.V.C., Commandant, Officers and Men of Russian Detachment, French Police, Ecole Franco-Annamite, Personnel Tonkinois du Poste Foche, Personnel Chinois du Poste Joffre, Police Speciale Francaise, Zeidel Family, etc.

The funeral arrangements were carried out by Messrs. Thomas Macdonald & Co.

Inquest Continued On Mrs. Freeman

Only Medical Evidence Offered; Suffocation Acts on Weak Heart

The evidence of Dr. I. G. Anderson, who conducted a post mortem examination of the body of Mrs. Ethel Louisa B. Freeman, found dead at her home, the Palms, 211 Avenue Haig, on June 24, was the only evidence given when the inquest was resumed by Mr. C. H. Haines, H.M. Coroner yesterday afternoon.

Mrs. Freeman, 74 years of age, was the owner of the Palms, which was conducted as an apartment house. She was discovered lying dead in her bedroom, her arms and legs having been bound while all drawers and furniture in the room had been ransacked, presumably by the persons responsible for her death.

Dr. Anderson told the Coroner that on June 24, following a post mortem examination, he found that death was due to asphyxia, due to suffocation acting on a very weak heart. In a normal person, he continued, the amount of suffocation would not cause death.

There were ligature marks on the wrists and ankles, leather straps being bound around the feet. He did not remember what was on her hands. There seemed to be no evidence of a struggle. The ligature were caused before death.

Witness added that he saw Mrs. Freeman at 11 a.m. and he estimated that death had taken place from 8 to 12 hours earlier. The body was consistent with Mrs. Freeman having died after 3 a.m.

Detective-Sergeant H. E. Greenfield stated that the police were not quite prepared to offer their evidence before the Court and he asked for an adjournment. This was granted by Mr. Haines, the inquest being set for Monday next at 10.30 a.m.

3rd Party Neutral Zone at Foochow

Boom Across River to Be Left Open for Foreign Evacuation; No Landing

The boom across the Min River at Foochow had almost been completed, a Japanese Navy spokesman revealed at the press conference yesterday. A portion of the boom would be left open, he added, in order to enable foreign nationals to leave Foochow.

These evacuees were expected to leave today and in addition to this, he continued, an unofficial zone of refuge had been marked at Nantai, opposite Foochow—the International Settlement of Foochow.

An understanding had been reached about the neutral zone, he said, and it meant that there would be no bombing there. Since the distance from Foochow was very close there was no guarantee that it would be entirely safe, however.

Answering a questioner, he stated that no troops had landed on the mainland at Foochow. As far as his information was concerned there were about 100 foreigners at Foochow.

Slayer of Japanese Arrested

Mystery of Death of Mill Employee Solved

Three days after the disappearance of Mr. Jinpei Hirose, employee of the Naigai Wata Kaisha at one of its mills, his alleged slayer was taken into custody by the police of the Shanghai Special Municipality, the "Tairiku Shimpo" reported yesterday.

Acting on information of Mr. Chang Fu-keng, a district head, the police arrested one Hsia Kenchuang, 21, who was in hiding in a flour warehouse at 107 Robison Road on Sunday afternoon.

Hsia was said by the paper to have confessed to the police that he beat the Japanese to death with a hoe following an argument precipitated when Mr. Hirose asked for road directions while on a projected fishing trip. Hsia was reported to have said that he had buried the body in the fields.

After informing his parents of what had happened, Hsia was alleged to have fled to Shanghai in order to hide with some relatives.

Hsia was described by the newspaper as a farmer.

Medical Society Dinner

Judge Helmick Guest At Annual Function; Public's Desire For Miracles

Last Thursday the Shanghai Medical Society held its annual social meeting at the Cercle Sportif Français. At this meeting ladies and non-medical guests were permitted. The guests of honour were Judge and Mrs. Milton J. Helmick. After a pleasant interlude for cocktails, dinner was served at 8 o'clock.

The meeting was well attended, there being between 80 and 90 people present. After dinner, the President of the Society, Dr. E. G. Gauntlett, stated how pleased he was to see so many guests, and he welcomed especially Judge and Mrs. Helmick. The President stated that as this was an informal meeting, there would be no toasts and no formal speeches, but that Judge Helmick had kindly consented to address the society. He mentioned that the judge had spoken to the society some three years ago and needed no introduction to members.

Judge Helmick then thanked the society for having invited Mrs. Helmick and himself, and for the honour of asking him again to address the members. In a very amusing speech, he referred to the public's ideas of both the medical and the legal professions; these ideas and opinions were derived mainly from novels and films. Often they were flattering, but sometimes the reverse. He also referred to "quackery", which he said originated from the public's desire for "miracles". Quacks were prepared to promise "miracles" and the public to believe such promises, whereas the conscientious physician could and would only offer what his training and experience had taught him to expect. This could not always be a "cure".

Dr. Gauntlett then thanked Judge Helmick for his address, and the society then, through the medium of Dr. H. H. Morris, wished Dr. E. L. Marsh "Bon Voyage" and a happy retirement.

Inquiry Into Loss Of Thetis Opens

Significant Comment On Submarine's Trim On Fatal Day Recalled

London, July 3.

At the opening of the inquiry into the loss of the submarine Thetis here today, the Attorney-General, Sir Donald Somervell, representing the Admiralty, said that he proposed to call evidence in the following order:—

1. Evidence from the survivors, who numbered four, regarding what happened at the time of the disaster.
2. The general procedure with regard to the trials of a vessel built under contract, as well as the previous trials and the history of the Thetis.
3. The Davis Safety Apparatus and its actual drill and instruction in connection with the Thetis.
4. Witnesses from the tug which accompanied the Thetis.
5. The steps taken when the submarine failed to rise to the surface and the vessels and aeroplanes sent to search for and to assist her.
6. The actions of the rescue vessels when the submarine was located.
7. Evidence from the Admiralty regarding the policy effecting the safety of those serving in submarines.

Sir Donald observed that he need not say what anxious, careful and repeated consideration was given the matter of the best method or saving life from a submarine where it was possible, and the result of that policy was embodied in the structure of the Thetis, with two escape chambers to be used with the Davis Apparatus.

He revealed that the Thetis was engaged in an acceptance trial, prior to being taken over, at the time of the disaster and there was "evidence which may or may not have importance, that on the morning of June 1, there was some discussion as to the trim."—Reuter.

Local Iranians Thanked For Congratulations

Emperor Expresses Pleasure Over Good Wishes

Through the good offices of the Iranian Legation in Tokyo, Mr. S. A. R. Kazerooni, Secretary of the Iranian Residents Association of China in Shanghai, has received a letter from M. M. Aaalam, Minister of Foreign Affairs, thanking him and the local Iranian community for the congratulatory telegrams addressed to H. I. H. the Crown Prince on the occassion of his marriage to H. R. H. Princess Fawzieh on April 25. In the letter, Mr. Kazerooni was informed that the congratulations were received with great pleasure by his H. I. M. Shahanshah.

Notwithstanding the fact that the local community consists of 50 persons only, Mr. Kazerooni has arranged a broadcast over station X.R.B.S., 680 kilocycles, 441 metres, for 10 p.m. on Sunday July 9, when Iranian music will be broadcast for the first time in the Far East.

U.S. Defence Bill Signed

Hyde Park, July 3.

President Roosevelt announced here last night that he had signed the $500,000,000 emergency defence bill under which the Army Air Corps will be increased to 5,000 planes by July 1, 1941. The bill calls for the immediate construction of 2,090 planes and the expenditure of $27,000,000 on strengthening the Panama Canal defences.—United Press.

MR. F. W. Leggett, who has recently been promoted to be Assistant Deputy Secretary of the Ministry of Labour, is one of those Civil Servants who do invaluable public work but who rarely come into the limelight. His special gift is that of a conciliator. Within the last five years he has been instrumental in settling big disputes in the cotton, transport and theatre industries, and it was he who presided over the cost of living inquiry in 1936. He is 54, with a thin, furrowed face and greying hair. He is adaptable, imperturbable and tireless, and finds relaxation in reading French and playing bowls.

Indian Appears Three Times as Plaintiff

Three Defendants Ordered To Pay Various Claims

"Is it this man again? He's a public nuisance," jocularly remarked Judge P. Grant Jones in H. M. Supreme Court yesterday morning when an Indian plaintiff appeared for the third time in a money action against Indian defendants.

The plaintiff, Ram Singh, in the first case claimed $100 and interest at 2 per cent. a month from Ceham Singh, at present serving a sentence in Ward Road Gaol. This money, he alleged, was lent to defendant on a promissory note on January 27, 1933.

Defendant told he Judge that in September last he had gone to prison and had been unable to pay. "How long are you likely to stay?" His Honour asked, and was told that defendant would have to serve eight or nine months more. Defendant was ordered to pay $148 and $18.75 costs.

The second case was against Palwan Singh, a watchman at 70 Foochow Road. Defendant, Ram Singh pointed out, had been ordered by the Court to pay $258.50 and costs but no money had been paid.

Demolished House

Defendant, on oath, stated that he was employed by a telegraph agency formerly Chinese and now controlled by the Japanese. His salary was $38 a month and he received an allowance of $2 for his revolver. On September 9, 1937 he went to India and returned on May 30, 1938. He had a wife and two children in Shanghai and he had borrowed the money from Ram Singh to lend to a Chinese, who had not paid him back.

At the present time, defendant told the Judge, he was living in a demolished house. "How can you live in a demolished house?" His Honour asked, and was told that the house, which was ruined, was in Kungping Road. He was ordered to pay $3 a month on the last day of each month.

The last defendant was Chanshal Singh, who had been brought to Court three times previously on judgment summonses. In February last he had been ordered to pay $5 a month to Ram Singh but had not done so, plantiff claimed.

Defendant stated that he was earning $:3 a month and had a family in India. Before the hostilities had broken out he was able to pay, but at the present time the cost of living was too high. He was ordered to prison for a period not exceeding 40 days, the alternative being that he paid into Court the sum of $21, $3 having been paid by him earlier, to reduce the $24 which was owing.

Japanese State 6,700 Guerillas Surrender

Bands Operating Round Shanghai Lay Down Arms

A total of 6,700 guerillas had, at the end of June, surrendered to the Japanese forces in the vicinity of Shanghai, a Japanese Army spokesman revealed at the press conference yesterday. The area in which these guerilla bands operated, he explained, was about 60 kilometres south of Shanghai, where there were about 6,000 irregulars who had surrendered, and 60 kilometres north of Shanghai, where about 700 had laid down their arms.

These men had handed over about 6,700 rifles, a number of machine-guns and trench-mortars, and, according to the spokesman had, by their surrender, considerably facilitated Japanese action against other guerilla bands in the Shanghai area.

A number of the Chinese, he added, would be demobilized while the remainder would be organized into a "self defence" force. These forces had been quite successful in patrolling the rural areas although the men's re-education took some time, the spokesman continued.

In conclusion he stated that an engagement between Japanese troops and guerillas had been fought at Lokawei in Pootung on June 29, the Chinese having retreated leaving 40 dead.

New Spanish Consul Explains Attitude

Here to Protect Spanish Subjects and Interests

The "North-China Daily News" has received the following communication from Senor Pedro de Ygual, the newly-arrived Consul-General for Spain:—

The war over, Spain's only desire is to live in peace amongst the nations. Our most vehement desire, at present, is the reconstruction of our country; work and peace are our ideals.

We have suffered greatly due to the misconception of several Governments that deceived by false propaganda do not know what has really happened in Spain. My most sincere wish is that no other country has to endure what we had to.

Italy and Germany have helped us, not only with technicians and soldiers, but also with their moral support. Our gratitude must be effective. That, however, does not mean that we are bound to them by any other obligation than the one derived from the Anti-Comintern pact.

In the event of war Spain wishes to remain neutral as long as she is not forced to intervene. We will keep and strengthen our Army and Navy because we believe it is necessary to be strong, but without animosity nor boasting.

Spain sends me here to look after and protect the Spanish subjects and interests. Our wish is to obtain the recognition of the present Chinese Government. We do not want to interfere in the home policy of the country. But we will fight to get our extraterritorial rights, because these rights are not a concession granted by China, but an imposition of the foreign countries to previous Chinese Governments. While there is a single country that enjoys extraterritoriality in China we must regain possession of such right.

My visit to the Mayor of Shanghai has been diversely commented and I wish to state clearly that it was surely a courtesy visit.

I take the opportunity of this interview to thank my colleagues for the affectionate reception given to me and in which I see the deepest sympathy towards the New Spain of those persons who really know what our glorious movement signifies.

Import Restrictions Cover Wide Field

Chungking, July 3.

A wholesale and complete prohibition of the importation of "luxuries," which cover a very wide field, was ordered by the Chinese Ministry of Finance today.

These include Foreign wine, tobacco, sea food, silk goods, cosmetics, clothes, toys, musical instruments, candies, tinned good, fruits and vegetables.

Also included, as in the nature of luxury, are cotton, furs, piece-goods, lumber, paper, bamboo, wicker, stone, marble and liquid fuel.

The order will become effective immediately at the Customs stations.—Reuter.

Japanese Planes Bomb Near Macao

Macao, July 3.

Japanese planes have recently been operating continuously in the vicinity of Macao.

The sounds of bomb explosions were audible here yesterday, while at dusk last evening, seven tri-motored bombers roared almost overhead.—Reuter.

Nine Die in Italian Air Crash

Rome, July 3.

Nine persons were killed at Viterbo yesterday when two tri-motored planes collided in midair.—United Press.

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COMMERCE AND FINANCE

Steel's All Time Highest

1937 Peak Exceeded by 40,000 Tons; Companies Considering Big Plant Extensions

AS suggested at the beginning of June in "The Financial News," steel output in May, at 1,218,100 tons, reached a new high record. The previous highest monthly total was attained in November, 1937, when the output was 40,000 tons lower at 1,178,300 tons. Pig-iron production also rose sharply, last month's output being 692,100 tons, against 608,900 tons in April and 633,900 tons in May, 1938. Thirteen additional blast furnaces started up during the month bring the number working up to 113, which compares with 135 at the end of November, 1937. Further stacks are being brought into operation, including new plant now nearing completion.

These new records in production raise once more the question whether this country has adequate pig-iron and steel producing capacity to cope with the growing demand for defence and civil work. The daily rate of steel production in May, allowing for 300 working days in the year, represents an annual output of about 13,500,000 tons.

The capacity of the industry, according to recent estimates made in official quarters, is 14,700,000 tons a year. This estimate is believed to be conservative, in that it makes full allowance for the number of days lost in the year for repairs, relining and holidays, and takes account of the limitation imposed by lack of auxiliary machinery.

At the same time, it may be doubted whether this level of output could be maintained over a long period. To maintain it would require adequate supply of materials in all districts and an extension of the British Iron and Steel Federation's policy of virtually subsidising delivery of materials in certain areas. It would also require the best possible allocation of orders between districts and between companies.

Scope for Expansion

Altogether, the latest figures do not suggest that, even now, there is no immediate scope for further expansion. They certainly afford no ground for a revival of the evil of duplicate ordering, by consumers over-anxious to ensure future supplies, which was one of the undesirable features of the 1937 boom. But the margin is close enough to give point both to the Federation's policy of co-ordinating extensions to capacity on planned lines and to the projects which individual companies may have in mind. Obviously, some further expansion in demand is likely, in view of the expansion of the arms programme, the extension of civil defence work, the recovery of shipbuilding, and the increasing private business activity.

A substantial number of extensions of steel capacity are actually in progress and will be completed between now and the end of the year. Of particular importance is the new United Steel plant at the Appleby-Frodingham works in North Lincolnshire. At the meeting last year the chairman stated that the blast furnaces would be ready by the end of June, and the new plate mill will probably be ready by the autumn. In this group, of course, there is also energetic development of the Samuel Fox branch at Sheffield.

R. Thomas Plans

The John Summers continuous strip mill has been delayed, but it is expected that it will start production in October. This is a much less ambitious project than the Richard Thomas plant at Ebbw Vale. It contains neither blast furnaces nor steel furnaces: the company will draw its raw material from Scunthorpe and from the Shelton Iron and Steel Co. at Stoke.

Further development at Ebbw Vale is now considered to be likely. The pig-iron from the blast furnaces is converted into steel by the duplex process—Bessemer first and finished in the open-hearth. This means that there is insufficient pig-iron—for less scrap is charged in this process—and it is considered likely that a new blast furnace may be built. This would also provide the extra process gas which is required, now that the strip mill is beginning to produce on a really big scale. Meanwhile, Richard Thomas has just blown in a new blast furnace at Redbourn, Lincolnshire.

Other developments now in progress include the new coke-ovens, blast furnaces and melting-plant extensions of Colvilles, Ltd. The first new blast furnace is nearly ready to be started, and the second is now being erected. A new mill is being put down by Lancashire Steel Corporation at Irlam, and Whitehead Iron has ordered a new rolling mill which is expected to be in production this autumn.

Meanwhile, this tremendous demand is likely to bring to fruition a number of plans, which boards have been tentatively considering for a long time, and have been awaiting a useful opportunity to enable them to proceed.

Extensions at Corby?

It is suggested in the trade, for example, that Stewarts and Lloyds may be contemplating a further extension at Corby. The location of this plant, from the point of view both of markets and easily accessible iron ore, is second to none, and the company is being so successful that further expansion would obviously be profitable.

It is thought that such an expansion might comprise the erection of three new blast furnaces, of which perhaps one might be laid down initially, together with extra coke ovens. Such a plan might include the laying down of new steel mills, in order to expand the range of the company's products.

Some expansion is actually taking place near Corby in the works of the Lancashire and Corby Steel Manufacturing Co., which, since the beginning of this year, has been operating an extremely efficient plant for cold rolling of strip, the semi-finished steel for which is provided by Stewarts and Lloyds. This is worked in co-operation with Lancashire Steel.

N. E. Coast Activity

There is similar possibility of action on the North-East Coast, where Consett Iron is believed in the trade to have plans for expansion. The annual report, issued on Friday, made a large allocation for extension of plant and machinery, and pointed out that blast furnace reconstruction should at once be proceeded with, and that modern mills and adjuncts were needed for the rolling of sections and joists.

Such plans would be independent of the "New Jarrow Steel Company" scheme, which was planned primarily as a means of providing employment in the depressed area.

Further possibilities of development lie in South Wales. The rapidly expanding production from the Richard Thomas strip mill at Ebbw Vale and the approach to the production stage of the John Summers plant evidently must represent something of a challenge to the old-style sheet and tinplate producers, and prominent among development possibilities must be plans by them to get new and competitive mills. Such plans would be even more tentative than the others, for it is generally believed in the trade that the Government would look askance at the erection of further continuous strip mills until the two existing mills had got under way.

Govt. and Strip Mill Schemes

If, however, such schemes were brought forward, John Lysaght—the largest producer of sheets—would hardly be behind the rest. In its works at Newport the company already has a 4-high cold mill, so that it would only need a modern hot strip mill to have a complete modern plant—bringing semi-finished steel from the efficient works at Scunthorpe.

Similar projects have been considered, since the Ebbw Vale enterprise came to fruition, by the directors of Briton Ferry Steel. A possible course of events might be the establishment of a modern wide strip mill somewhere in West Wales, in which Briton Ferry would work in co-operation with the Llanelly group. Schemes for new strip mills, however, depend upon Federation and Government approval, and it is considered doubtful whether much further progress could be made at the moment.

Chinese Nail Factory In Hongkong

Colony Benefits from Canton's Trouble

Hongkong, July 3.

As a result of the Japanese occupation of Canton yet another Chinese industry has migrated to Hongkong and the Colony has now its own nail factory.

It is a private limited concern with a capital of Hk$200,000 partly subscribed by overseas Chinese and is the first of its kind to function in the Colony.

Equipped with the most up-to-date machinery, the factory is able to produce nails of different sizes varying from a quarter of an inch to seven inches. Additional machinery has been ordered to manufacture tracks and other types of nails.

Materials are imported from Britain and France and other European countries, but the factory at present is manufacturing only for local consumption.

The average output since its opening has been about five tons a day. The concern employs between 50 and 60 workmen, most of them having been formerly employed by the Canton Nail Factory.

Plans for extension have already been completed, Mr. S. Man, the American trained Chinese Managing Director, saying that circumstances already warrant expansion.—United Press.

Bourse Suffers From Int. Tension

Paris, July 2.

Favourable tendencies on the Bourse prior to the present international tension could not persist in the face of signs of aggravation, especially of the Danzig situation, and lowest quotations during the past week neared the lowest quotations of the year. Bourse quarters took stock of the speeches made by Premier Edouard Daladier, Mr. Winston Churchill and Lord Halifax, and of reports from Danzig, and could not but compare the situation to those prevailing in former times on the eves of violent coups.

Final quotations on Friday reflected this grave anxiety and the lowest levels plumbed by stocks were not far short of the lowest attained since the beginning of this year.

Rentes and most French stocks lost as much as four and five per cent. International shares also paid heavy tribute to unfavourable international prospects.

Adding to the pessimism on the market was the U.S. Senate's refusal to renew President Roosevelt's financial and monetary powers.

The Washington crisis provoked serious inquietude on the world's silver market and especially in China and in the chief silver-producing countries, Canada and Mexico.

The Bank of Mexico even ceased all exchange transactions. And the Senate's actions, together with their repercussions, were believed to be among the most serious ever to hit the policy that aims to revalorise silver.

It was reported that the U.S. Senate would again discuss monetary projects on Wednesday and would then study anew the problem of Presidential powers.

But nevertheless, Bourse quarters stated that whatever might be the result of the Roosevelt-Senate battle, the death knell of silver as a monetary metal has been sounded.

Despite all the agitation and speculation among Bourse operators, the U.S. dollar closed firm at the end of the week. The pound sterling recorded slight progress.—Havas.

Hongkong Hit by New Blockades

Big Loss of Trade From Wenchow, Foochow Feared; Netherlands Also Lose

Hongkong, July 3.

Japanese interference with shipping at Foochow or Wenchow means another serious blow to Hongkong trade.

Hongkong's trade with Foochow last year totalled £425,380, while trade with Wenchow totalled £521,863.

Total foreign imports into Wenchow last year were £70,030, compared with £17,310 in 1936. Of this amount Hongkong dispatched goods to the value of £7,014, the Philippine Islands £5,018, the United States £6,240 and Great Britain £7,630.

The biggest loser, however, would be the Netherlands East Indies which exported goods to the value of £27,050.

Hongkong practically monopolized Wenchow's export trade last year, this Colony receiving £514,348 of the treaty port's total exports of £520,825. The only other serious purchaser of Wenchow products was Great Britain which took £3,430 worth.

Wenchow's Exports Up

It is interesting to note that Wenchow's exports rose from £11,245 in 1936, the pre-war year, to £520,825 last year.

While Wenchow's trade—both imports and exports—boomed remarkably as a result of the war, Foochow remained at the same level. Of the Fukien capital's exports of £444,483, Hongkong also took the major portion, the total exports to this Colony being £402,480. Britain took £24,820 worth and France £5,590.

Imports to Foochow last year totalled £240,232, the Netherlands East Indies sending the bulk (£41,570) of this total. Hongkong exported £22,900, Great Britain £34,108 and Germany £31,704.

The loss of trade with Hongkong, when both Wenchow and Foochow are captured, will be in the vicinity of £1,000,000.—United Press.

Yangtze Finance Co. Annual Meeting

Audited Statement of Accounts Adopted

The ninth annual general meeting of the shareholders of the Yangtze Finance Company was held in the registered office of the company at 9 Avenue Edward VII at 4.15 p.m. yesterday. Mr. G. E. Marden presided as chairman while others present were Messrs. Li Ming, E. G. Smith Wright, P. W. Massey, W. R. McBain, directors, and shareholders representing in all 237,806 shares.

The chairman said:—Gentlemen, the reports and accounts having been circulated, with your permission I will take them as read. You will have noticed from the report that there is to be no chairman's speech.

The following resolutions were put to the meeting and carried unanimously:

That the director's report and audited statement of accounts for the year ended March 31, 1939, as presented, be adopted with the following addition. Since the printing of the accounts Mr. E. G. Smith Wright was invited to join the board and his appointment requires your confirmation. Proposed by Mr. G. E. Marden and seconded by Mr. Li Ming.

That the amount standing to the credit of Profit and Loss Account be distributed as recommended by the directors in their report. Proposed by Mr. Li Ming and seconded by E. G. Smith-Wright.

That the appointment of Mr. E. S. K. Ho-tung, by the board, be confirmed. Proposed by Mr. G. E. Marden and seconded by Mr. E. G. Smith-Wright.

That the appointment of Mr. E. G. Smith-Wright by the board, be confirmed. Proposed by Mr. W. R. McBain and seconded by Mr. Li Ming.

That Messrs. F. R. Davey, G. E. Maden and Pei Tsu-yee be re-elected directors of the company. Proposed by Mr. E. G. Smith-Wright and seconded by Mr. W. R. McBain.

That Messrs. Lowe, Bingham & Matthews be re-elected auditors to the company for the ensuing year at a fee to be arranged. Proposed by Mr. P. W. Massey and seconded by Mr. J. Turner.

Annual Meeting of Trust Company

Directors' Report and Accounts Accepted

At the ninth annual meeting of the International Trust Co. of China, Ltd., which was held at the registered office of the company at 9 Avenue Edward VII at 4 p.m. yesterday, Mr. G. E. Marden presided as chairman. Also present were Messrs. Li Ming, E. G. Smith Wright, P. W. Massey, W. R. McBain, directors, and shareholders representing in all 54,466 shares.

The chairman said:—Gentlemen, the reports and accounts having been circulated, with your permission I will take them as read. You will notice from the report that there is no chairman's speech.

The following resolutions were put to the meeting and carried unanimously:

That the director's report and audited statement of accounts for the year ended March 31, 1939, as presented, be adopted with the following addition. Since the printing of the accounts Mr. E. G. Smith Wright was invited to join the board and his appointment requires your confirmation. Proposed by Mr. G. E. Marden and seconded by Mr. Li Ming.

That the amount standing to the debit of Profit and Loss Account be dealt with as recommended by the directors in their report. Proposed by Mr. Li Ming and seconded by Mr. E. G. Smith Wright.

That the appointment of Mr. E. S. K. Ho-tung, by the board, be confirmed. Proposed by Mr. G. E. Marden and seconded by Mr. E. G. Smith Wright.

That the appointment of Mr. E. G. Smith-Wright, by the board, be confirmed. Proposed by Mr. W. R. McBain and seconded by Mr. Li Ming.

That Messrs. G. E. Marden, P. W. Massey and Pei Tsu-yee be re-elected directors of the company. Proposed by E. G. Smith-Wright and seconded by Mr. W. R. McBain.

That Messrs. Thomson & Co. be re-elected auditors to the company for the ensuing year at a fee to be arranged. Proposed by Mr. P. W. Massey and seconded by Mr. J. Turner.

Manila Gold Shares

(Bids in Pesos)

July 3.	Bid Prices a.m. Closing	Bid Prices p.m. Closing
Antamok	.17	—
Atok	.19	—
Balatoc	7.00	—
Batong Buhay	.011	—
Benguet Consolidated	10.30	—
Big Wedge	.185	—
Coco Grove	.27	—
Demonstration	.0625	—
I X L	.43	—
Masbate	.105	—
North Camarines	.245	—
Sam Mauricio	.37	—
Surigao Con., Com.	.20	—
Surigao Con. Voting T.	.19	—
Suyoc	.12	—
United Paracale	.335	—

—Reuter.

Sugar, Tin Production Problems

Controlling Bodies to Meet this week; Higher Tin Quota Thought Likely

TWO international commodity control committees held important meetings recently. The International Tin Committee met in Paris on June 14 and the International Sugar Council will begin a series of meetings in London, starting on June 13, says the "Financial News" of June 12.

The Tin Committee meeting was for the purpose of deciding the export quota for the third quarter of the year, and market opinion is undecided whether the quota will remain at the present figure of 40 per cent. or whether it will be increased to 45 per cent.

The decision is believed to depend upon the degree of importance which the Committee attaches to facilitating early and substantial sales of tin held in the Buffer Pool. The Buffer Pool seeks to maintain a price range of £200—£230, and is now believed to hold its authorized maximum of 15,000 tons, which is approximately one-half of the total world visible supply.

Drop in Tin Supplies Expected

The 40 per cent. quota in force since April 1 resulted in a heavy reduction of 2,631 tons in the visible supply during May and is expected to cause a further big decline this month, thus reducing free supplies—i.e., those not held by the Buffer Pool—to small proportions.

As an increase in the quota to 45 per cent. would probably still keep production below the level of consumption, it is considered possible that such an increase could still be associated with fairly rapid liquidation of Buffer tin—provided, of course, that there were no serious deterioration in the European situation, or the American business outlook. However, in view of the uncertainty on these latter scores, it is recognized that the Committee may prefer to keep the existing quota in force during July-September in order to ensure placing the Buffer Pool in a stronger position.

Sugar Developments

The meetings of the International Sugar Council this week are being held as a result of the recommendations made by the Council's Executive Committee in the middle of last month.

Early in May the British Government made representations that export quotas for the year to August 31 next would be insufficient to meet the requirements of the free market. The Council's Executive Committee found that the indicated deficiency in supplies was approximately 480,000 metric tons.

The Committee made recommendations to the Council by telegram for dealing with 392,000 tons of the deficiency. In the first place, it recommended additions totalling 239,000 tons to the export quotas of Cuba, the Dominican Republic, Haiti, Java, Russia, Australia and South Africa. This recommendation was approved by the necessary three-fifths majority and became effective immediately.

Secondly, the Committee recommended that the increase of 153,265 tons to which the British Colonies and Dominions would be entitled in the quota year beginning next September should be made during the present quota year.

Two countries—Cuba and Germany—complained, however, that, under the terms of the regulation agreement, the second recommendation could not be dealt with by telegram.

The primary object of this week's Council meeting, therefore, is to approve the proposed addition to the quotas of the British Colonies and Dominions. There is little doubt that approval will be given, for when the proposal was voted upon by telegram, 76 votes out of a possible total of 95 were cast in favour.

Quota Surplus

It is also hoped, however, that this week's meeting will permit progress in dealing with indicated surplus of supplies for the quota year beginning in September. The surplus may be put roughly at 600,000 tons. The Council has no power to eliminate it by quota cuts. It will be necessary, therefore, for the various exporting countries to make surrenders of quotas to balance exports with free market requirements.

Although it will be difficult at this stage to formulate an accurate estimate of free market requirements for the third quota year, an interchange of views between the various delegations may lead to agreement on the relative sacrifices of quotas which each exporting country should make in order to ensure elimination of the indicated surplus.

Dissatisfaction in Cuba

In determining these proportionate sacrifices, there is likely to be hard bargaining. Countries which cannot use additional quotas for this year may require to be compensated in the coming quota year by countries which have been granted extra quotas this year. But the countries which hold the solution to the shortage of supplies for this year may well put forward the view that they ought not to be too severely treated in the coming year.

While it is hoped that this week's meetings of the Council will result in the formulation of constructive measures for dealing with the third year position, there is necessarily a good deal of uncertainty about the outcome of the meetings, especially as Cuba is known to be thoroughly dissatisfied with the way in which this year's position has been handled.

Higher Tin Output?

At the annual meeting of the Billiton Company on June 9 the president stated that, judging from the signs of recovery, it is expected that tin production will soon be on a larger. The demand for tin had been satisfactory during the last few months, he said.

The results of the year ended May 31 will be considerably lower than those of the preceding year, but owing to the stabilization of market prices, the profit margin is expected to be satisfactory, though the cost price will show a rise.

Java and Sugar Shortage

The probable shortage of sugar for August delivery is now estimated in Java sugar circles at 100,000 tons. As Java has already filled its export quota for the second convention year, which expires at the end of August, the direct advantage to the island of this shortage will not be great.

The present sales from the additional quota of 62.606 tons. The small balance remaining will possibly sell at higher prices, but the resulting advantage will be unimportant.

Berlin Bourse Weekly Report

Berlin, July 2.

The share market throughout the week was dull since all available funds were used for the purchase of tax certificates, all other issues being neglected.

An increased activity, expected to follow in July after the scramble for tax certificates is over now, seems unlikely as the Reich Finance Ministry announced last night that it has extended for two months the period within which those who acquire tax certificates can claim the full fiscal advantages. This means that those who before the end of August, 1939, buy part of the new certificates about to be issued and hold them till the end of February, 1940, will obtain the full advantages offered.

Under these circumstances the sharemarket is likely to remain sluggish for some weeks more.

From the official statement about tax certificates issued by the Reich Finance Ministry yesterday, it is apparent that the certificates issued to date aggregate more than 1,000,000,000 Reichsmarks, this amount however appearing to the Ministry as by no means comparable with the latent demands of the market.

Bonds remained unchanged throughout the week. The "Frankfurter Zeitung" share index stood at 125.72, the bond index at 101.55 and the wholesale price index at 107.1.

Call money rates rose smartly at the end of month settlement, touching 3 to 3¼. On Saturday, however, call money rates declined again to 2¾—3 per cent.

The following were the quotations of some of the leading German shares on July 26 and July 1 respectively:

Reichsbank	185.25	186.00
German Dye Trust	143.5	143.25
Salzdetfurth Potash	——	139.5
United Steel Works	98.00	97.625
Mannesmann Pipes	103.75	102.00
Harpener Mining	——	——
German Mineral Oils	119.125	113.5
Continental Rubber	206.25	210.00
Siemens & Halske	186.00	185.00
General Electrics A.E.G.	109.75	108.00
Rhenish-Westphalian Power	112.25	110.625
Hamburg-America Line	——	44.00
North German Lloyd	50.00	46.5
Bemberg Rayon	124.25	122.00
Deutsche Bank	111.5	111.5
Deutsch-Asiatische Bank	385.00	352.00
Young Loan	——	102.5

Trans-Ocean.

China Welfare Association

The fund of the Child Welfare Association swept beyond the $4,500 mark, it was disclosed yesterday. During the past week, donations were arriving at the Association's Headquarters in a steady stream, by messenger and post boy. Donations should be sent to room 208, Chung Wai Bank Building, 147 Avenue Edward VII.

To carry out the relief work of the Association in Shanghai there is need of $110,000 for 1939. A sum of $80,000 has been subsidized and donated by the co-operating organizations and regular supporters. Now, the Association needs $30,000 in order to meet its present obligation. Will you help?

The list of last week's donors follows:

Previously acknowledged	$2,800.00
Imperial Chemical Industries	100.00
German Chamber of Commerce	100.00
American President Lines	100.00
Fonciere et Immobiliere de Chine	100.00
Henningsen Produce Co.	75.00
A. O. Fisher	60.00
Henry H. Cohen	50.00
Bishop W. P. Roberts and Mrs. Roberts	50.00
Consul-General C. E. Gauss	50.00
D. Morison	50.00
Shanghai Waterworks Co.	50.00
Miss E. M. Hinder	50.00
The Consulate-General of the U.S.S.R.	50.00
Ford Motor Co.	50.00
Chang Au-ts'un	50.00
Paramount Films of China	50.00
Anonymous	50.00
Miss Chang Hsiang-wen	30.00
Ekman	30.00
Mrs. Zau	25.00
Consul-General James P. Mee	25.00
Grace Condit	25.00
H. Oliveira & Son	25.00
C. B. Morrison	25.00
G. W. Davis	25.00
A. A. Ewing	25.00
Shanghai Leather Co.	25.00
U. S. Harkson	25.00
T. Jauregui	25.00
W. C. Gomersall	25.00
Anonymous	25.00
G. E. Sutherland	20.00
Mr. and Mrs. E. T. Nash	20.00
J.H.J.	20.00
E. A. Nelson	20.00
Mrs. Sun Chun-bin	20.00
Fong Dah Cheng Van	20.00
W. A. L. Schaub	15.00
Long Mow & Co.	15.00
B. de S. Lazaro	15.00
Morris J. Soulerich	10.00
E. H. Munson	10.00
Dr. Jur H. A. Lorentz	10.00
Cheng Li-fan	10.00
Ong Nee-an	10.00
Loh Zau-dien	10.00
Tsai Zun-kee	10.00
A Friend	10.00
Mr. and Mrs. N. A. Viloudaki	10.00
P. D. G. Gain	10.00
and a number of smaller donations	
	$4,569.28

London at Loss at "Silver Muddle"

World Market Price Seems Sacrificed to Appease Congress

London, July 3.

Despite attempts to find an intelligible explanation of the latest developments in the American silver policy, the City confesses itself beaten. In a comment on what it describes as the "silver muddle," the "Financial News" admirably expresses the City's opinions and misgivings.

The Senate's rejection of President Roosevelt's request for an extension of power to buy foreign silver, though coming as a bombshell, is, it is pointed out, understandable enough.

What is astounding, the paper adds, is that the Treasury should have reacted to the Senate's attack by delivering a new blow to the world market in the shape of successive cuts in its foreign buying price.

The London market, the journal asserts, may be forgiven for concluding that, far from being activated by a reluctance to withhold mythical profits from arbitrageurs, President Roosevelt was actually sacrificing the foreign silver market to appease the "silver bloc" in Congress.

By economizing on purchases of foreign silver, it states, the Administration may feel it can thus justify the higher price for domestic silver demanded by the "silver bloc" in Congress, and, if this is the case, the outlook for the world silver price is black indeed.

So completely has silver become the plaything of the United States since 1934, the journal concludes, that the removal of American support can now only be followed by a collapse of the world market.—Reuter.

Decisive Vote Tomorrow

Washington, July 3.

The fate of the Administration's monetary policies rested today in the hands of a powerful bloc of rebellious southern and western Senators whom the New Deal hopes to persuade to return to the Administration ranks before a vote is taken on the monetary bill on Wednesday.

Many Senators took advantage of the long holiday weekend to return to their homes to survey local opinion in the areas in which they were elected. Senator Alben Barkley, Majority Leader in the Senate, was expected to confer with President Roosevelt early on Wednesday morning to advise him of the chances the monetary bill has of adoption by the Senate.—United Press.

Imperial Airways Take Twice Mail Load

3,000 More Passengers Go By Company's Planes

London, June 30

Over 1,250,000 lb. of mail matter and approximately 50,000,000 letters are now being carried every three months in air-liners of the Imperial Airways. This is an increase of just over 100 per cent. on last year's figures. On Empire routes, each letter travels an average of approximately 4,750 miles.

The growth of air traffic is also illustrated by the fact that during the recent three months period, about 10,000 passengers travelled by the Imperial Airways, compared with a little over 7,000 in the corresponding period in the previous year.—Wireless through Reuter.

Japanese Govt. Bonds

Osaka, July 3.

Kogo 5% Y.104.53

—Reuter.

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	Hongkong Currency	HK$10,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors		HK$20,000,000

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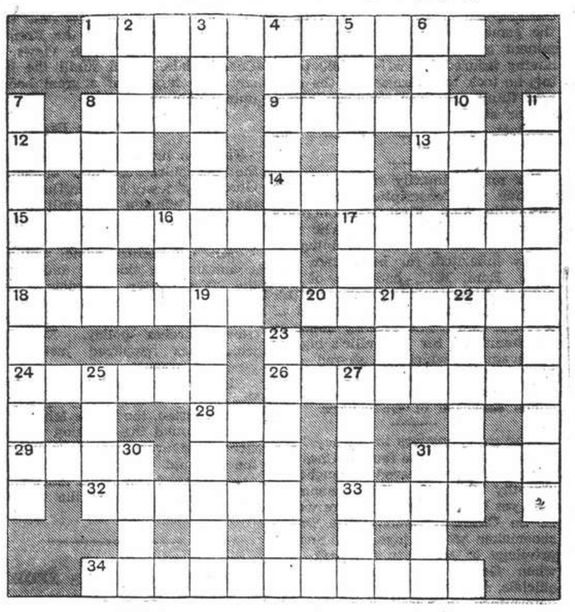
LONDON CROSS WORD No. 1854

(By Arrangement with the "Daily Telegraph.")



ACROSS

1 Not an erudite insect but merely an amusement (two words)
8 The Scots used to wield this more
9 On this site was one of the seven wonders of the world
12 Can this coin be counterfeited?
13 What kind it turns out to be depends on its grub of course
14 Valuable part of 4 down
15 The use of this may leave an imbiber no grounds for complaint
17 Fix mostly as a number
18 Cause of a high temperature
20 To get this shape think about geometry, or else about part of the body
24 No great shakes are advisable with this if 18 across is not to be excessive
26 Fictitious, initially from Italy
28 It may be sweet in the garden
29 Chiswick names one
31 A thousand in this state of mind should give one pause
32 In anger I conjure up a spirit
33 Might describe across
34 "Leader gapes" (anag.)

DOWN

2 Reversed in 20 across
3 Not a songster, and not a professional
4 Beg for knowledge of fairies?
5 What one should be for a gift of coal?
6 Ladies like to be in this land upset
7 A nice green jumper
8 This may be down in the garden, or up in a vehicle
10 Kind of choice of consecutive letters
11 Applause for Jupiter Tonans?
16 This remains when I leave 32 across
19 A result of the unexpected
21 This is mixed in 12 across, and 7 down may be in this
22 This is often taken in by travellers by road
23 What the unfortunate airman who was part of it did
25 This leads at sea
27 Flowering shrub
30 Journey footballers dislike
31 This ant is a young Scot

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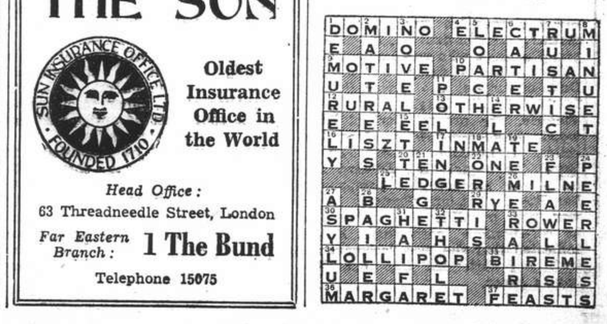
SOLUTION OF LONDON CROSS WORD No. 1853



FROM DAY TO DAY

OWING to the engagement of the Brass Band by the Columbia Country Club for July Fourth celebrations, there will be no concert by the Municipal Orchestra and Band at Jessfield Park tonight.

PTE. the Hon. Frank Pakenham obtained a First at Oxford, and is Labour candidate for the University city. His wife is the daughter of a Harley-street surgeon, and niece of the Prime Minister.

THE next meeting of the Rotary Club of Shanghai, will be held as usual at the Metropole Hotel, 12.15 p.m., Thursday. The speaker will be Rotarian N. F. Allman who has chosen as his subject, "Political Rights."

THE results of the election of officers of the Shanghai Latvian Association for the year are:—Mr. Jacob Pure, chairman; E. Gigarson, treasurer; G. Timuska, secretary, and committee, Captain Baloclis, Captain Zirnis and Mr. Veite.

AMONG the passengers disembarking from the ss. President Cleveland yesterday were: Dr. O. C. Lockhart, head of the Chinese Salt Gabelle; Mr. Hewlett Smith, Treasurer of General Motors, Ltd., China; and Mr. and Mrs. H. G. McNeary.

THROUGH passengers in the ss. President Cleveland, which arrived in Shanghai yesterday, were State Senator W. P. Rich, returning to San Francisco after a pleasure cruise, and Mr. I. F. Wixon, Deputy Commissioner of Immigration at Washington, D.C., who is en route to Honolulu.

MR. R. Shellswell, Superintendent of the Shanghai Municipal Police and District Detective Officer "B" Division, was admitted to the Country Hospital yesterday afternoon suffering from acute appendicitis and was operated upon yesterday evening. Inspector R. F. Tabrum, in charge of Detective Branch, Bubbling Well Station, has temporarily taken over Mr. Shellswell's duties.

LIEUT.-General Sir John Dill, the Commander-in-Chief at Aldershot, who recently returned from a special tour of the defences of North-East France, will in all probability be in command of any Field Force which may be sent abroad. He learnt his soldiering in the old Irish regiment, the Leinsters, and has been Commandant of the Staff College and Director of Operations and Intelligence. He is regarded as one of our very ablest soldiers.

THE new United States silver purchasing policy was not expected to have any effect upon China, said a spokesman of the Ministry of Finance in a statement in Chungking on Sunday, says the "Sin Wan Pao." The Chinese Government, he added, had long anticipated such a change by the United States Government in her silver purchasing policy and had, accordingly, taken the necessary measures to cope with it, the report states.

EXPERIMENTS conducted by the research department of the National Tsinghua University in Kunming, Yunnan, in regard to using hemp seed oil for industrial purposes, are reported to be most successful, says a Chinese message to the "Sin Wan Pao." The newly-discovered oil was recently used by the South-West Transportation Bureau and declared to be as good in quality as that of any other imported machine oils, the report states.

MR. S. F. Rous, secretary of the Football Association, who took charge of England's team which played Italy at Milan on May 6, is, by common consent, one of the ablest referees in the game. He was formerly a prominent amateur player himself, but, having injured his wrist while playing, he took to refereeing at the next best thing. He was formerly games master at Watford Grammar School. Thirteen years ago he gave up smoking for a bet.

THE man primarily responsible for drafting the Conscription Bill is Sir Granville Ram, First Parliamentary Counsel to the Treasury, who was knighted last year. His ability is partly inherited, for his father, Mr. A. J. Ram, K.C., had one of the biggest Parliamentary practices of his time, and left his son a fortune of £100,000 and a fine country house at Berkhamsted. Sir Granville's biggest achievement, which he shared with Sir Maurice Gwyer, was the preparation of the Government, of India Bill, which consisted of 478 clauses.

How many visitors to Bushey Park on May 14 to see the famous Chestnut Avenue in bloom spared a thought for Timothy Bennet? Few remember him, yet but for Timothy there would be no Chestnut Sunday. He was a shoemaker who enjoyed the ancient privilege of access to the park, and when George I., or some of his officials, sought to exclude the public, determined to resist. "Unwilling to leave the world worse than he found it," as he declared, he took action in court against the king, and succeeded in vindicating the public right to free passage through the park.

SIR Henry Morris-Jones, whose protest at the exclusion of the word "Wales" from Parliamentary Bills caused considerable interest recently, is himself descended from pure Celtic and speaks Welsh fluently. Although his present home is a charming Elizabethan house in Hertfordshire, Sir Henry had an extensive medical practice in North Wales until 1929, when he became member for West Denbigh. A tall, genial man, his medical knowledge is always at the disposal of his colleagues and frequent calls upon his services in cases of sudden illness have earned him the name of "The House Doctor."

THE Hon. Mrs. Edward Lascelles, who has so sadly anticipated her death from cancer, was related to the Royal Family in two ways. Her mother, that ardent Suffragette of pre-War days, who was Lady Frances Balfour, was a sister of the ninth Duke of Argyle, who mrried Princess Louise, fourth daughter of Queen Victoria. The present Earl of Harewood, brother-in-law of Mrs. Lascelles, is husband of the Princess Royal. As a girl Mrs. Edward Lascelles was much in the company of her Royal aunt, and Princess Louise was most punctilious in seeing that, at ceremonious gatherings, it was indicated that she was "accompanied by," not "attended by," her husband's niece.

People of Britain "Mean Business"

Press Stress Unity in Face of Aggressors on European Continent

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, July 3.

In a striking editorial today entitled "A Nation United," "The Times" says that the speech made by Lord Halifax, Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, has made history. "Not since the war," it adds "has a pronouncement commanded such unanimity of approval of the whole press and the platform. It has given proof that Lord Halifax's formulation of policy has marshalled the fundamentals common to every party. Its reception registers the complete determination of the British people to honour the Government's undertakings, with all the sacrifices they would entail.

"It is not the liberties of Danzig, but the freedom and independence of Poland and all smaller countries of Central and Eastern Europe which is the question. It is as clear as noonday that Herr Hitler's designs in Danzig are not racial, but strategic. All the countries concerned know exactly where they stand, including the German Government. There will be no conflict unless Germany provokes it. It should be apparent to German eyes that Great Britain will take arms as one man to withstand and rout a Power which seeks military domination of Europe."—Reuter.

"Britain Means Business"

London, July 3.

Both the "Daily Express" and the "Daily Telegraph" emphasized this morning that Herr Hitler must be convinced that Great Britain "means business."

"Now it is the task of British diplomacy to inform the German Chancellor in unmistakable terms of the will of this nation," the former stated. "The danger is that Herr Hitler may not realize the change that has taken place in the temper of the British public. The mistake would be natural for there has been no change in the British Government. The Ministers who made the Munich Pact are still in power and the foremost critics of appeasement are still out of office. Words are not sufficient. The speeches of our statesmen may never reach Herr Hitler's ears. But Herr Hitler can make no mistake when he hears the hammering of our armours."

The "Daily Telegraph" commented on the rumours that Mr. Winston Churchill would be included in the Cabinet at the next reshuffle, stating: "The demand is for the reconstruction of the Government on existing lines. Mr. Churchill is not the only name that the public would like to see included. Others spring readily to mind. What is wanted is that without any drastic change in the basis of the Government, the best talent available should be at the Premier's hand. In meeting such views, Mr. Chamberlain would fulfill the hopes and expectations of a great body of public opinion."

Cabinet Reshuffle Urged

The two leading provincial papers, the "Yorkshire Post" and "Manchester Guardian," today stressed the urgency that Mr. Winston Churchill and Mr. Anthony Eden, former Foreign Secretary, be included in the Cabinet.

"Mr. Churchill's name would be a guarantee of sincerity and vigour," the "Manchester Guardian" stated. "Mr. Eden left the Government because he disapproved the Prime Minister's foreign policy. Everything which has happened justifies the view he urged."

"It is unfortunate" the "Yorkshire Post" says, "that although policy has been adjusted, the Prime Minister has not yet found the occasion to reconstruct his Government by including in the Cabinet those who, as events proved, saw further and more clearly the grim realities of the European situation."—Havas.

Orders to Exporters

Chungking, July 3.

The Ministry of Finance today issued regulations under which exporters, whether Government or private concerns, must sell foreign exchange, obtained through exports, to the Bank of China or the Bank of Communications.

In return for the foreign exchange, the two Banks will make payment in National Currency in a place in the interior of China agreeable to the importer and the banks.—Reuter.

Five Demands from Peiping

(Continued from page 7)

Ohta, who will represent the Japanese military authorities in Tientsin at the forthcoming Anglo-Japanese conversations in Tokyo.

Major Ohta is a gendarmerie officer. The two officers are scheduled to leave for Tokyo by air at 7 o'clock tomorrow morning.—Domei.

British Attitude Denounced

Tokyo, July 3.

Japan's aim in the coming Tientsin parleys here would be to end anti-Japanese hostility in the British Concession, which could be realized, however, only if Britain voluntarily abandoned her "pro-Chiang Kai-shek attitude and co-operated in the construction of a new order in East Asia," a spokesman of the War Ministry declared today.

"The Japanese Army sees no meaning at all in the forthcoming conversations," the spokesman said, "unless Britain effects a change in her attitude as mentioned.

"Therefore a possibility not only of keeping up but of strengthening action in accordance with the conviction of the Japanese authorities on the spot must be anticipated as a sequel to the parleys."

Britain would be requested, the spokesman stated, to change the attitude of British Concession authorities at Tientsin regarding the question of maintenance of peace and order on the spot, as well as regarding such matters as were deemed important in connection with military operations.—Domei.

C.M.S.N. Co. Petition Granted in H'kong

Hongkong, July 3.

The petition by the China Merchants Steam Navigation Company for the winding up of the Cheng Kee Steam Navigation Company was granted by the Supreme Court today. Japanese interests last month warned that the granting of the petition would be considered as an inexcusable anti-Japanese act.

The petition was made by the "Chinese liquidator" appointed by Chungking and asked for the liquidation and disposal of the Cheng Kee Company which is closely connected with Japanese interests. Japanese interests, when the suit was instituted in May, alleged that 80 per cent. of the Hk.$5,000,000 of the company's stocks were held by Japanese, while China Merchants Company only held 1,500 out of a total of 100,000 shares. Japanese interests since 1904 have chartered nineteen of the company's 22 vessels.—United Press.

Military Preparations Pushed in Danzig Free City

(Continued from page 7)

Intensive drilling is proceeding at all barracks, in full view of inhabitants of the Free City, who are not yet sufficiently accustomed to the sight to pass by without stopping and watch.

Polish circles say they are aware of all these developments and can confidently wait. Nazis, on the other hand, deny that the events have any sinister intent.

Green and ripe corn are now being cut and gathered, and barbed wire entanglements are being hastily constructed in its place on the German side of the Polish-German frontier in the district of Firchan, along the Corridor.

Small Incidents Avoided

Orders from the Polish and German sides to avoid small incidents which might precipitate action are being scrupulously observed by everyone.

The streets yesterday presented a normal Sunday appearance, except for a conspicuous absence of men of military age and uniformed figures among the strolling crowds. All such men were "on duty." The only exceptions were soldiers visiting the Free City for the reunion of the Second West Prussian Field Artillery Regiment No. 36.

Former and present members of the Regiment marched from Hoheseigen barracks to the War Memorial for a short commemoration service, and were then dismissed. The trim grey-green figures drew many approving glances, although soldiers in German uniform are no longer a novelty in the streets of Danzig.

The present deadlock in Nazi-Polish contacts may be broken by Polish representations to the Senate in the near future.

Last night, inhabitants of Danzig watched from Zoppot Pier an illuminated procession of Polish war, merchant and fishing vessels through the Bay, which marked the climax to the Polish Eucharistic Congress at Gydnia. General Haller, organizer of the Polish Legion in the French Army during the Great War, was aboard one of the warships together with Cardinal Halland and twelve Bishops.—Reuter.

Visit of German Warship

Warsaw, July 3.

The Polish Government has entered into consultation with the Danzig Senate in connection with the arrival in the Free City of the German cruiser Koenigsberg towards the end of August.

Warsaw was informed a few days ago by the German Government that the warship would visit Danzig on the occasion of the inauguration of a memorial in honour of the sailors of the German warship Magdeburg which was sunk in the Baltic Sea during the Great War.—Havas.

Danzig Workers Conscripted

Danzig, July 3.

A decree for securing labour supply for tasks of particular importance to the state was passed by the Danzig Senate this morning. The decree grants the authorities the power to draw upon private and public factories and offices for workers, industrialists, officials, retired business men, unemployed and women capable of undertaking special tasks.—Trans-Ocean.

Polish Envoy Received

London, July 3.

Lord Halifax, the Foreign Secretary, today received Count Edward Raczynski, Polish Ambassador to London, at the Foreign Office at 3.45 p.m. and they fully discussed the Danzig situation. They conferred on Danzig at the request of the Polish Ambassador, it was announced.—United Press.

AWAY with Beetles and Cockroaches

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Briton Detained in Tientsin

(Continued from page 7)

of their coal yards and closely questioned them regarding their stocks of coal.

Hitherto, it has been possible occasionally to bring in limited quantities of coal from the ex-Russian Concession, but it is understood that from today two Japanese armed motor-boats are closely examining all coal barges leaving the ex-Russian Concession, and are not letting them pass without definite proof and a guarantee that the coal is not being taken to the British Concession.

The stripping incident yesterday involved Mr. John Anderson, young Tientsin-born Briton attached to the staff of the "Peiping and Tientsin Times," who was ordered to strip to his B.V.D.'s.

He was also slapped twice across the face with his passport.

Questioned regarding the incident, a Japanese spokesman at this morning's press conference said he could not believe the report.

He promised to investigate the matter and to make a statement there anent at tomorrow's conference.

Anti-British Mass Meetings

Preparations have been made for anti-British mass meetings on July 7, which marks the second anniversary of the present Sino-Japanese conflict. These preparations are not confined to Tientsin, as a similar programme has been planned for other important centres in North China.

One of the ideas of the sponsors of the new anti-British drive is to create agitation for the retrocession of the foreign concessions in China.

Violent anti-British diatribes are appearing in the Japanese controlled press here, and broadcasts in the same vein are being made.

The local British community is awaiting the prospective Anglo-Japanese negotiations at Tokyo with keen anxiety mingled with no little apprehension. The general feeling is that to compromise under a Japanese show of strength would result in damaging the prestige and future in the Far East of every Western nation.—Reuter.

U.S. Sailors Jailed by Canton Japanese

Canton, July 3.

Two American sailors are reported to have been put into jail by the Japanese here yesterday. Subsequently, they were bailed out by the American authorities.

The two sailors were alleged to have struck a Japanese sentry.—Reuter.

Japanese-Manchu Attack On Border

(Continued from page 7)

Hailar, July 2.

Today I saw three Soviet chasers, of the E-16 type, reconnoitering over Manchoukuo territory, but they hurried home when Japanese machines took off to engage them.

A tour of the scene of recent aerial combats disclosed that everything was comparatively quiet.

Some minor engagements between pickets occurred during the day, but they were of no importance.—Reuter.

Soviets Encircled

Tokyo, July 3.

Heavy Japanese and Manchoukuo artillery bombardment and deadly aerial bombing have silenced the batteries of the Soviet Outer Mongolian forces on the western bank of Khalha River, Japanese field dispatches said today.

The silencing of the Soviet batteries and outflanking of the Mongol forces on the river front resulted in a steady encircling of the alleged invaders, the dispatches added. The combined Japanese and Manchoukuo forces have almost completed their encircling movement against the Soviet and Outer Mongol forces.

A part of the Japanese-Manchoukuo forces today at 2 p.m. successfully outflanked the Soviet-Mongol troops and cut off their retreat at the ferry points on the Khalha River after capturing thirty Soviet tanks, the Japanese dispatches claimed.—United Press.

Japanese Rout 4,000

With the Japanese forces in Western Manchoukuo, July 3.

Attacked fiercely on three sides and from the air by Japanese-Manchoukuoan infantry, cavalry, artillery, tanks and planes, 4,000 Soviet and Outer Mongolian troops which invaded Manchoukuo were being pushed back to the Khalkha River today as the biggest battle in twelve months raged along the western border.—Domei.

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Post Office Notices

The following times apply to the Head Post Office, Szechuen Road Bridge. Earlier posting at Sub-Offices is needed.

TUESDAY, July 4.	Per		Reg.	Ord.
Hongkong Aust. and N.Z.	Temerlane	Y	8.30	9.00
Shacheng Swatow H'kong	Kwangtung		9.30	10.00
Chekiang Province south of Tsientangkian via Shacheng	Kwangtung		9.30	10.00
Tsingtao	Leesang		9.30	10.00
Weihaiwei Chefoo Tientsin	Taisang		9.30	10.00
U.S.S.R. Europe via Siberia	Shuntien		9.00	10.30
Weihaiwei Chefoo Tientsin	Shuntien		10.00	10.30
Aust. N.Z. S.S. Ceylon India Suez and Europe	Rawalpindi		11.00	13.00
Hongkong and Canton	Rawalpindi		12.30	13.00
Amoy	Huashan M.		14.30	15.00
Kiangpei Offices east of Jukao	Liwo		16.30	17.00
Tientsin	Nanchang		18.30	19.00
Amoy and Hongkong	Tsinan		19.30	20.00
WEDNESDAY, July 5.				
Japan Korea via Nagasaki	Nagasaki M.		*20.00	7.15
Tsingtao and Dairen	Tsingtao M.		*20.00	7.15
Swatow H'kong Haiphong	Yusang		10.30	11.00
Tsingtao	Tainan M.	x	13.30	14.00
THURSDAY, July 6.				
Formosa via Keelung	Tyosa M.		*20.00	7.30

* The night before.
X Provisional time—subject to alterations.
Y Superscribed correspondence.
Z Parcel mail only.

Air Mails

Imperial Airways Service per ss. Rawalpindi on July 4, at noon, for registered and at 1 p.m. for ordinary due Marseilles July 16, London July 17.
Pan American Airways Service per ss. Deucalion, on July 7, at 3 p.m. for registered and at 4 p.m. for ordinary due San Francisco July 19.
Air France per ss. Rawalpindi, July 4, at noon, for registered and 1 p.m. for ordinary, due Marseilles July 14, London July 15.
Neth. (K.L.M.) Air Mail Service (Bandoeng-Amsterdam) per steamer to Hongkong.
Royal Netherlands Indies' Airways K.N.I.L.M. (Saigon-Batavia-Sydney) per steamer to Hongkong.
Shanghai-Japan Air Mail Service: daily at 8 p.m. Mails for America may be sent to-day, July 4, by air mail to Japan for connection with ss. President Cleveland leaving Yokohama on July 6.

Domestic Air Mail

Nanking per Shanghai-Nanking Air Line at 12.00, at Yuhang Road Sub-Office at 11.30 a.m.
Hwaining, Kiukiang and Hankow per Shanghai-Hankow Air Line daily at 10.30 p.m.
Ningsia, Shensi, Szechwan, Yunnan, Kweichow, Hupeh (Shasi and west) and west to Hongkong for the Hongkong-Chungking plane.
Peiping, Tientsin, Tsinan, Tatung, Kalgan, Shanhaikwan, Tsingtao and Tungshan by the planes of the Chung Hua Air Transport Co. daily at 9.30 p.m.

Light Train Mail

Via N.S.R. 9.30 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.
Kiangpei Offices west and north of Jukao 9.30 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.
Hangchow 11.30 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.
North Pinghan and Lunghai (east of Chenghsien) 9.30 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.
Wuhu, Hwaining, Kiukiang and Hankow 9.30 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.

Ocean Mails for Europe and America.

Next steamer mails will be closed as follows:—

Rawalpindi, via Suez, July 4, due London Aug. 5.
Chenonceaux, via Suez, July 7, due London Aug. 9.
E. of Japan, via Pacific, July 9, due London Aug. 4.

Weather, Time and Tide

Tuesday, July 4, 1939 (18th day of 5th moon)	SICCAWEI July 2 16.00	21.00	July 3 4.00	9.00
Barometer inches at 32 F.	29.70	29.68	29.65	29.66
at 32 F. (variation for 24 hrs.)	—0.13	—0.18	—0.15	—0.15
at 32 F. (,, ,, 12 hrs.)	—0.10	—0.13	—0.05	—0.02
Wind (direction)	SE	SSE	S	SSE
,, (miles per hour)	13.7	8.7	13.7	5.6
Temperature (Fahr.)	76.°8	77.°2	74.°3	75.°7
Humidity %	97	98	98	100
Nebulosity (0 to 10)	10	10	10	10
Rainfall inches	1.95	0.24	0.04	0.32

Siccawei Abridged Report July 2	Mean 1939	24 hrs. variation	66 years average
Barometer (mean 4 obs.)	29.75	—0.10	29.69
Temp. Min. 73.°4 Max. 78.°3	75.°8	—1.°8	77.°2
Total rainfall January to 1 midnight before last (inches)	20.71	2.93	22.96

Time and Tide	4/7	5/7	6/7	7/7	8/7
Sun rises at Shanghai	4.53	4.54	4.54	4.55	4.56
Sun sets at Shanghai	19.02	19.02	19.02	19.02	19.02
Moon rises at Shanghai	20.35	21.10	21.42	22.14	22.47
Moon sets at Shanghai	7.06	7.59	8.52	9.44	10.36
Flood makes Shai. 6 to 18	11.40	12.26	12.57	13.40	14.27
Ebb. makes Shai. 6 to 18	16.33	17.09	17.48	6.05	6.47
H.W. W'sung Bar 6 to 18	13.25	13.55	14.48	15.25	16.10
Ht. above LLW. (feet)	11.04	11.15	10.45	10.22	9.72

Passenger Lists

ARRIVALS

Per Taisang, July 1, from **Hongkong and Ports:** Mr. & Mrs. R. Carter Miss A. M. Chue, Miss M. Da Rosa, Capt. A. Jewell, Mr. A. Fenkel, Mrs. B. Louzier and Child, Mrs. S. Wylie, Mr. A. F. Knudson, Mrs. V. Futtera, Mrs. Fong, Mr. G. Bennett, Mr. W. Holland, Mr. E. Lean, Sgt. T. Coleman, Mr. Zee, Mr. Chien, Miss L. Gernhardt, Mrs. G. S. Lau, Mr. C. T. Lau, Mr. A. I. Kouznetsoff, Mr. M. V. Gedich, Mr. Lo Ki.

Per President Cleveland, July 2, from **Manila and Hongkong:** Miss M. Alarakia Mrs. S. Alarakia, Dr. F. Altenburg, Mr. H. Assadourian, Mr. K. W. Chang, Mrs. C. F. Chang, Mr. M. S. Chen, Mrs. H. Cheung, Mr. K. T. Chin, Mr. Y. C. Chong, Mr. Y. F. Chu, H. E. Mons, M. Cosme, Mr. D. Drake, Mrs. J. E. Gose, Mr. A. K. Grondahl, Mr. K. Ghao, Mrs. E. Higgins, Master L. Holt, Mrs. H. C. Hou, Miss S. S. Hou, Mrs. M. Hoover, Mr. W. W. Hsia, Mrs. Hsie, Mrs. L. Hsie, Miss M. S. Hung, Mr. O. C. Hung, Miss S. L. Kee, Mrs. E. Keller, Mr. F. A. Keller, Mr. P. E. Keller, Mr. C. Lai, Miss G. L. Lai, Mr. & Mrs. Y. C. Lan, Master Lan, Mr. P. C. Lee, Mr. R. P. Leonard, Mr. P. C. Li, Mrs. C. V. Liang, Mr. J. T. Lieu, Dr. P. Lissner, Mr. O. Lockhart, Dr. & Mrs. K. Loeffler, Mr. R. Myers, Mr. & Mrs. H. G. McNeary, Mr. C. Ping, Mr. A. Ram, Mr. R. Redfern, Mr. C. Senn, Mr. H. Smith, Mr. J. Soares, Mrs. D. L. Stanaford, Miss S. O. Tak, Mr. Z. Y. Tao, Mr. C. Y. Tong, Master J. Tong, Mr. S. C. Tong, Mr. L. I. Va, Mr. C. Wai, Mr. W. Wong, Mr. & Mrs. L. P. Wei, Mr. H. C. Wong, Mr. S. T. Wong, Mr. C. F. Woo, Miss R. Wu, Mr. L. T. Yee, Mr. P. T. Yeh, Mrs. F. S. Yen, Mrs. S. Yong, Master C. Young, Mr. T. Y. Yu.

Per Shuntien, July 2, from **Tientsin:** Mr C. P. Sze, Mr. Welch, Mrs. R. M. Hunt, Mrs. Whyte, Lt. Col. T. W. Richardson, Mr. Franklin, Mr. Doyce, Mrs. Chao, Miss Loh, Mr. & Mrs. Branson, C.S.M. & A. Jennings, Mrs. L. Kapustin, from **Chefoo:** Mr. J. J. James, Mr. R. Eelville, from **Tsingtao:** Mrs. U. Muner, Miss E. Muner, Master P. Muner, Master F. Muner, Miss Marcia Graye, Miss Harris, Mr. H. Klein, Mr. T. Letterst.

DEPARTURES

Per President Cleveland, July 3, for **Kobe:** Mr. & Mrs. J. C. Reinders Folmer, Mr. & Mrs. E. T. Robertson, Mr. & Mrs. A. E. Hohenberg, Mr. & Mrs. H. D. Rodger, Miss F. Whiting, Mr. C. G. Jack, Mrs. H. K. Cassels, Mr. J. Z. Ashkenazi and Master D. Smith, Mr. A. C. Knudten, Mr. C. A. Fromm, Mr. J. Miller, Mr. W. D. Allen, Mr. N. Smith, Miss T. H. O. Driscoll, Mr. C. C. Chapman, Mr. R. R. Schreiber, Mrs. M. M. Whiting, Mr. E. M. Clark, Mr. H. K. Cassels, Mr. R. Spivey, Mrs. W. D. Allen, Mrs. N. Smith, for **Yokohama:** Mrs. W. Gordon Bell, Mrs. E. F. Walker, Mr. & Mrs. P. K. C. Wren, Mrs. K. E. Brown, Mrs. E L. Vest, Mr. & Mrs. J A. McGee, Mrs. Ruth Ells, for **Honolulu:** Mrs. E. J. Reed, for **San Francisco:** Mr & Mrs. R. P. Sollman, Major & Mrs. E. J. Hagen, Mrs. E. H. Calder, Master N. I. Calder, Master D. D. Calder, Lt. Comdr. & Mrs. J. E. Rezner, Dr. Grace Crandall, Mr. N. Shea, Mr. E. Delbuch, Miss E. J. Peterson, Mr. & Mrs. E. B. Parker, Miss M. Shaw, Miss N. Gingeroff, Mrs. N. Gingeroff, Mr. Harry Berk, Mr. & Mrs. C. B. Guild, Miss Jean F. Craig, Mr. D. L. Whitener, Mrs. M. T. Guedes, for **Los Angeles:** Mrs. C. F. Mayers, Mme. M. Jacobs, Miss A. A. Moffett, Mr. D. D. Seitz.

Per Taisang, July 4, for **Tientsin and Ports:** Mr. M. Z. Liu, Mrs. Chieri, Mrs. Van Master, Mr. F. Istl, Mr. D. Franco, Mr. & Mrs. Sims Lee, & Inft., Mr. G. J. Eliseev, Mr. A. P. Poliakov, Mr. Cawley, Mr. Overy, Mr. & Mrs. Olsen and 2 Children, Mrs. Dawson and Child, Mrs. R. O. Myers & Son, Mr. Li Kui Wen, Rev. Father Jarre, Rev. Father Bellinger, Rev. Father Flamet, Miss Gordner, Miss Williamson, Mrs. Glasit, Mr. M. A. Mavromaras, Mrs. Hergesell & Son.

Per Kwangtung, July 4, for **Hongkong:** Mr. & Mrs. Zao Sung Mei, Miss M. Graye, for **Shacheng:** Mr. Shih, Mr. Chu.

Vessels Arriving To-day

The following particulars in connection with vessels due to arrive to-day are based upon information available yesterday evening.

From KOBE: Chenonceaux, due 6 p.m., Shanghai and Hongkew Wharf. Passengers expected at Customs Jetty 7 p.m.

From NAGASAKI: Nagasaki Maru, with mail, due 2.30 p.m., Wayside Wharf.

From KEELUNG: Tyosa Maru, with mail, due 8 a.m., O.S.K. Wharf.

From TIENTSIN: Yusang, due 4 a.m., Roosevelt Terminal.

From HONGKONG: Kiungchow, due noon, French Bund.

Due at Future Dates

All vessels are listed under their terminal port. The first date is that of the ship's departure from that port, and the second is the date she is due to arrive in Shanghai Where a ship's name is duplicated it indicates the port of call last visited.

EUROPE AND STRAITS

From GDYNIA		
Menelaus	30/5	18/7
Eurylochus	17/6	7/8
Perseus	27/6	18/8
From COPENHAGEN		
Panama	1/5	15/7
India	3/6	3/8
From OSLO		
Tarn	20/5	16/7
Ningpo	27/5	17/7
Tricolor	17/6	11/8
From HAMBURG		
Tricolor	29/6	11/8
Perseus	1/7	18/8
From BREMEN		
Gneisenau	13/6	14/7
Burgenland	30/5	21/7
Oldenburg	13/6	3/8
Ramses	27/6	16/8
From ROTTERDAM		
Fulda	19/5	12/7
Saarland	24/6	10/8
Gaasterkerk	29/6	12/8
From ANTWERP		
Mosel	1/6	7/7
Glenroy	13/5	8/7
Marburg	3/6	9/7
Grootekerk	22/5	15/7
Denbighshire	27/5	22/7
Glenogle	27/5	25/7
Glenbeg	10/6	8/8
Gaasterkerk	19/6	12/8
Ramses	4/7	16/8
Glenaffaric	24/6	19/8
From GLASGOW		
Memnon	20/5	8/7
Antenor	3/6	20/7
Ajax	17/6	3/8
Hector	1/7	17/8
From LIVERPOOL		
Eumaeus	20/5	8/7
Cyclops	3/6	17/7
Mentor	17/6	30/7
Ajax	24/6	3/8
Tantalus	1/7	13/8
From LONDON		
Corfu	2/6	9/7
Burdwan	27/5	10/7
Fushimi M.	9/6	18/7
Canton	16/6	23/7
Somali	24/6	6/8
Cartage	30/6	6/8
Glenbeg	24/6	8/8

From MARSEILLES		
F. Roussel	9/6	7/7
Mar. Joffre	23/6	21/7
From TRIESTE		
C. Rosso	14/6	9/7
Cortellazzo	25/5	19/7
Fusijama	20/6	12/8
From PORT SAID		
Mosel	12/6	7/7
Marburg	11/6	9/7
Gneisenau	24/6	14/7
Glenogle	21/6	25/7
India	29/6	3/8
Oldenburg	4/7	3/8
Somali	4/7	6/8
From SUEZ		
Menelaus	20/6	18/7
Burgenland	22/6	21/7
Denbighshire	22/6	22/7
From DJIBOUTI		
Mar. Joffre	30/6	21/7
From ADEN		
Canton	2/7	23/7
From KARACHI		
Fortunstella	13/6	6/7
From COLOMBO		
Fushimi M.	4/7	18/7
Cortellazzo	23/6	19/7
Antenor	2/7	20/7
Burgenland	3/7	21/7
From CALCUTTA		
Talma	15/6	10/7
Sirdhana	1/7	24/7
From PENANG		
Fulda	24/6	12/7
From SINGAPORE		
Corfu	30/6	9/7
Burdwan	1/7	10/7
Talma	29/6	10/7
Grootekerk	1/7	15/7
Ningpo	1/7	17/7
From COERABAIA		
Tjitjalengka	23/6	10/7
Tjisalak	30/6	18/7
From MANILA		
Eskbank	25/6	8/7
C. Rosso	3/7	9/7
Silverwalnut	4/7	9/7
Tjitjalengka	3/7	10/7
From SAIGON		
F. Roussel	30/6	7/7
Tarn	3/7	16/7
From HONGKONG		
See "China Ports" below.		

AMERICA AND JAPAN

From NEW YORK		
Slesvig	28/5	8/7
Eskbank	6/5	8/7
H. Maersk	25/5	8/7
Silverwalnut	23/5	9/7
Tai Ping	31/5	16/7
Glaucus	31/5	19/7
Thurland C.	13/6	25/7
M. Maersk	10/6	26/7
Tweedbank	6/6	27/7
Robinhood	9/6	30/7
Silverlaurel	23/6	8/8
Lexa Maersk	24/6	9/8
Tai Pin Yang	30/6	12/8
C. of E'ville	18/6	13/8
Adrastus	28/6	19/8
From SAVANNAH		
Silverlaurel	26/6	8/8
Lexa Maersk	29/6	9/8
Adrastus	3/7	19/8
From LOS ANGELES		
H. Maersk	15/6	8/7
Tai Ping	17/6	16/7
P. Coolidge	26/6	18/7
Taiyo M.	26/6	24/7

From LOS ANGELES		
Thurland C.	30/6	25/7
M. Maersk	1/7	26/7
From SAN FRANCISCO		
P. Coolidge	30/6	18/7
Glaucus	23/6	19/7
Taiyo M.	29/6	24/7
From VANCOUVER		
Emp. Asia	24/6	10/7
Titan	20/6	15/7
From HONGKONG		
See "China Ports" below.		
From YOKOHAMA		
Deucalion	30/6	7/7
Yasukuni M.	2/7	10/7
Zuiderkerk	21/6	11/7
From KOBE		
Deucalion	4/7	7/7
Soudan	4/7	11/7
Africa	28/6	12/7
From NAGASAKI		
Shanghai M.	5/7	6/7

AFRICA AND AUSTRALIA

From CAPETOWN		
Tegelberg	14/6	22/7
From MOMBASA		
Tegelberg	2/7	22/7
From MELBOURNE		
Nellore	3/6	10/7
From BRISBANE		
Nellore	16/6	10/7

CHINA PORTS

From DAIREN		
Dairen M.	4/7	6/7
Tjibadak	4/7	6/7
From TIENTSIN		
Shengking	2/7	5/7
Kwaisang	1/7	6/7
Chengtu	3/7	6/7
Wosang	2/7	6/7
Hangsang	3/7	7/7
Hunan	6/7	9/7

From HONGKONG		
Kiungchow	30/6	4/7
Yunnan	2/7	7/7
Taiseunhong	4/7	7/7
Eumaeus	2/7	8/7
Soochow	4/7	8/7
Glenroy	4/7	8/7
Memnon	4/7	8/7
Taiyuan	5/7	9/7
Mingsang	6/7	9/7
Nellore	4/7	10/7
Kaying	9/7	13/7
Panama	30/6	15/7

Vessels Leaving

NORTH CHINA COAST

LEESANG July 4. For TSINGTAO. Sails from Roosevelt Terminal Buoys on Tuesday, July 4, at noon. For freight and Passage Apply to Jardine Matheson & Co., Ltd., Tender Leaves Customs Jetty at 11 a.m. on Tuesday. 4-7

SHUNTIEN July 4. WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO and TIENTSIN.—From French Bund on Tuesday, July 4, at 12.30 p.m. For freight and passage apply to Butterfield & Swire, Tel. 82020 (French Bund). 4-7

TAISANG July 4. WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO and TIENTSIN.—Sails from Roosevelt Terminal Wharf on Tuesday, July 4, at noon. "A" and "B" Saloon Accommodation. For freight and passage apply Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd. Tel. 15290. 4-7

YUNNAN July 7. TSINGTAO, WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO and TIENTSIN. — From French Bund on Friday, July 7, at 2 p.m. For freight and passage apply to Butterfield & Swire, Tel. 82020 (French Bund). 7-7

SHENGKING July 8. TSINGTAO, WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO and TIENTSIN. — From French Bund on Saturday, July 8, at 10 a.m. Calls at Tsingtao for passengers only. For freight and passage apply to Butterfield & Swire, Tel. 82020 (French Bund). 8-7

TAISEUNHONG July 9. TSINGTAO, CHEFOO and TIENTSIN.—Sails from Roosevelt Terminal Wharf on Sunday, July 9. For freight apply Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd. Tel. 15290. 9-7

MINGSANG July 11. WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO and TIENTSIN.—Sails from Roosevelt Terminal Wharf on Tuesday, July 11, at 9 a.m. "A" and "B" Saloon Accommodation. For freight and passage apply Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd. Tel. 15290. 11-7

Vessels Leaving

SOUTH CHINA COAST

KWANGTUNG July 4. SWATOW and HONGKONG.—From French Bund on Tuesday, July 4, at noon. For freight and passage apply to Butterfield & Swire, Tel. 82020 (French Bund). 4-7

TSINAN July 5. AMOY and HONGKONG.—From French Bund on Wednesday, July 5. at 6 a.m. For freight and passage apply to Butterfield & Swire, Tel. 82020 (French Bund). 4-7

YUSANG July 5. SWATOW, HONGKONG and HAIPHONG.—Sails from Roosevelt Terminal Wharf on Wednesday, July 5, at 1 p.m. "A" and "B" Saloon Accommodation. For freight and passage apply Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd. Tel. 15290. 5-7

CHENGTU July 7. HONGKONG.—Leaves on Friday, July 7, at 2 p.m. For freight apply to Butterfield & Swire, Tel. 82020 (French Bund). 7-7

KWAISANG July 7. HONGKONG.—Sails from Roosevelt Terminal Wharf on Friday, July 7, at 1.30 p.m. For freight and passage apply Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd. Tel. 15290. 7-7

TJIBADAK July 7. AMOY, HONGKONG and JAVA PORTS.—The J.C.J.L. steamer Tjibadak sails from Shanghai on Friday, July 7, taking cargo to Hongkong and Java ports. Excellent passenger accommodation. Through tickets issued to European and Australian Ports. For particulars apply to the Java-China-Japan Lijn Agentschap Shanghai N.V., Brunner Mond Building, 133 Szechuen Road. Tel. Nos. 16247 (4 Lines). 7-7

KIUNGCHOW July 8. HONGKONG and HAIPHONG.—From French Bund on Saturday, July 8, at 6 a.m. For freight and passage apply to Butterfield & Swire, Tel. 82020 (French Bund). 7-7

WOSANG July 8. SWATOW, HONGKONG and HAIPHONG.—Sails from Roosevelt Terminal Wharf on Saturday, July 8, at 6 a.m. "A" and "B" Saloon Accommodation. For freight and passage apply Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd. Tel. 15290. 7-7

HANGSANG July 9. HONGKONG.—Sails from Roosevelt Terminal Wharf on Sunday, July 9. For freight apply Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd. Tel. 15290. 9-7

STRAITS AND EUROPE

RAWALPINDI July 4. MARSEILLES, GIBRALTAR and LONDON via HONGKONG, SINGAPORE, PENANG, COLOMBO, BOMBAY, ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID and MALTA.—Last tender leaves Customs Jetty 3.30 p.m. Tuesday, July 4, 1939. Hand packages only accepted by the Tender. Heavy Baggage received into Lighter at Customs Jetty between 2 and 3 p.m. on Monday, July 3, Customs Permit required for any nailed cases. For Freight and Passage Apply to:—Mackinnon, Mackenzie & Co., Agents, 27 The Bund. Tel. No. 11428. 4-7

CHENONCEAUX July 7. MARSEILLES via HONGKONG, SAIGON, SINGAPORE, COLOMBO, DJIBOUTI, SUEZ and PORT-SAID.—For particulars, apply to Messageries Maritimes, 9 French Bund. Tel. 82034. 7-7

DEUCALION July 8. MARSEILLES, CASABLANCA, LONDON, ROTTERDAM, HAMBURG and GLASGOW.—For freight and passage, apply to Agents, butterfield & Swire, 21 French Bund. Tel. 82020. 8-7

CITY OF DERBY July 10. HAVRE, LONDON, ROTTERDAM, HAMBURG and GLASGOW.—The Ellerman Line steamer City of Derby is due to sail for Harve, London, Rotterdam, Hamburg and Glasgow on July 10, 1939, daylight, Lacey & Cannan, Ltd. Telephone 12854 (3 lines). 10-7

SOUDAN July 11. MARSEILLES, CASABLANCA, HAVRE, LONDON, HULL, HAMBURG, ROTTERDAM and ANTWERP via HONGKONG, SINGAPORE, PENANG, COLOMBO, BOMBAY, ADEN, SUEZ and PORT SAID.—For freight Apply to:—Mackinnon, Mackenzie & Co., Agents, 27 The Bund. Tel. No. 11428. 11-7

ZUIDERKERK July 12. (Loading on July 11.) ADEN, PORT SUDAN, PORT SAID, GENOA, CASABLANCA, ANTWERP, ROTTERDAM, AMSTERDAM, HAMBURG and BREMEN. — The Holland East Asia Line s.s. Zuiderkerk sails from Shanghai on July 12. For passage and freight apply to the Java-China-Japan Lijn Agentschap Shanghai N.V., General Agents, Brunner Mond Building, 133 Szechuen Road. Tel. Nos. 16247 (4 Lines). 11-7

LEVERKUSEN July 14. GENOA, ROTTERDAM and HAMBURG via PORTS.—(Captain A. Bretschneider), on or about July 14, 1939. For freight and passage, please apply to Hamburg-Amerika Linie, Filiale Schanghai, 20 Canton Road. Tel. 18709. 14-7

AUSTRALASIA

TAIPING July 14. (From Hongkong) MANILA, THURSDAY I., CAIRNS, TOWNSVILLE, BRISBANE, SYDNEY and MELBOURNE.—For freight and passenge apply A.-O. Line Agents, Butterfield & Swire, 21 French Bund. Tel. 82020. 14-7

Vessels Discharging

HAKONE MARU. The N.Y.K. s.s. Hakone Maru, from London via Ports arrived on July 3, and is discharging her General cargo at the N.Y.K. Wayside Wharf. Consignees are requested to send in their Bills of Lading for countersignature and take immediate delivery of their cargo. Damaged cargo will be examined at the Wayside Wharf on Saturday, July 8, at 9 a.m., by Marine Surveyors, Messrs. Paulsen & Bayes-Davy. Claims must be presented within 14 days of the vessel's arrival. No insurance effected. Should cargo not be imported within 15 days of arrival of the vessel compulsory Custom's Examination will be held before the goods can be placed in Bond. This Company accepts no responsibility whatsoever for any damage sustained as a result of the Examination. Nippon Yusen Kaisya, Shanghai Branch. 5-7

RHEINLAND. From Hamburg, Bremen, Rotterdam, Antwerp, Genoa, via Ports.—This vessel is now discharging all her cargo, at the Old Ningpo Wharf, subject to the usual terms and conditions as shown on the Wharf Tariff. Consignees are requested to send in their Bills of Lading for countersignature and take immediate delivery of their cargo. Consignees of "Bulk" cargo are further requested to send their representatives to the Wharf to verify the weights of such cargo whilst being landed. Damaged cargo will be examined at the Wharf on July 10, 1939, at 9.30 a.m., by the Surveyors, Tesdorff, Hannig & Co. No examination will be made after this date. All claims against this vessel must be sent in within fifteen days after the vessel's arrival. Claims sent in after this period will not be recognized. No Insurance will be effected. Hamburg-Amerika Linie Filiale Schanghai No. 20 Canton Road. Tel. 18709. 6-7

THE CHINA YEAR BOOK 1939

No effort has been spared to make the new edition of the China Year Book of definite value as a work of reference. The Statistics and Documents included in this issue under one cover will undoubtedly save valuable time to those seeking reliable information respecting China. Its chapters on the Sino-Japanese Hostilities and China's War Finance are readable, complete and well documented.

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That is why the North-China Daily News Printing Department is usually chosen when secrecy is essential.

Yesterday's Arrivals

Name	From	Consignees
Tsinan	Hongkong	B.&S.
Tamerlane	Japan	Dodwell
Yasukuni M.	Japan	N.Y.K.
Hakone M.	Hongkong	N.Y.K.
Nanchang	C'wangtao	B.&S.
H.M.S. Daring	Cruise	—
Ryuhuku M.	Keelung	O.S.K.
Rhineland	Hongkong	H.-A.L.
Potter	—	Mollers
Hanwo	Hsinkong	Jardine
Sungshan M.	Amoy	N.K.K.
Tungwo	Hsinkong	Jardine
J'ne Justesen	C'wangtao	K.M.A.
Tsingtao M.	Dairen	D.K.K.
Sandro Sandri	Hsinkong	Tai Ping
H.M.S. Ladybird	Cruise	—
Haikong	Hsinkong	Keh Lee

Yesterday's Departures

Name	Flag	Despatcher
Karsten	Ger.	Chin Dah
Chingning M.	Jap.	N.K.K.
Chekiang M.	Jap.	N.K.K.
Liwo	Br.	Jardine
Patti	Ital.	V. Chieri
Liesel	Ger.	Chin Dah
Nantung M.	Jap.	N.K.K.
U.S.S. Henderson	Am.	—
H.M.S. Dragonfly	Br.	—
Livatho	Gre.	Yung Yuen
Nitto M.	Jap.	N.K.K.
Hakka M.	Jap.	D.K.K.
H.M.S. Dainty 53	Br.	—
Anshing	Jap.	N.K.K.
Taityu M.	Jap.	N.K.K.
Pres. Cleveland	Am.	A.P.L.
Glenmoor	Br.	Dodwell

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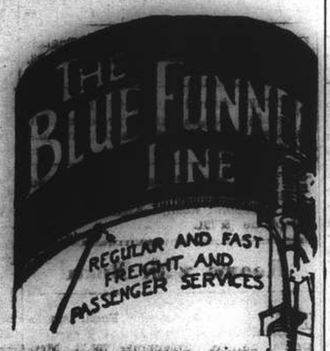

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B	£68	£119
C	£64	£112

Sailings to EUROPE and UNITED KINGDOM Ports

C	DEUCALION	July 5	M'lles, Casablanca, London, R'dam, H'burg and Glasgow
	ANTILOCHUS	July 13	Havre, Liverpool and Bromborough.
A	PATROCLUS	July 22	M'lles, London, Rotterdam and Glasgow
C	MEMNON	Aug. 5	M'lles, Casablanca, London, R'dam, H'burg and Glasgow
A	ANTENOR	Aug. 19	M'lles, London, Rotterdam and Glasgow
	TEUCER	Aug. 18	Havre, Liverpool and Bromborough.

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(Australian Newspapers on File).

Steamers	Leaves Hongkong	Leaves Manila	Due Sydney
CHANGTE	June 12	June 15	June 30
CHANGTE	Aug. 12	Aug. 15	Aug. 31
TAIPING	Sept. 11	Sept. 14	Sept. 29
CHANGTE	Oct. 10	Oct. 13	Oct. 29

AGENTS

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THE SWEDISH EAST-ASIATIC COMPANY LIMITED

From EUROPE:	Arrive	To EUROPE:	Loading
ms. NINGPO	July 17	ms. PEIPING	July 25
ms. FORMOSA	Aug. 17	ms. NINGPO	Aug. 25

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Shanghai Sailings

For Keelung and Amoy
HUKUKEN MARU .... July 11

For Keelung and Takao
TYOSA MARU ..... July 6

For New York
*HOKUROKU MARU .. July 29

Hongkong Sailings

For South America via S. Africa
ARGENTINA MARU ... July 19
SANTOS MARU ..... Aug. 12

For South America via E. & S. Africa
AFRICA MARU ..... July 7
HAWAII MARU ..... Aug. 2

For Bombay
*MANSEI MARU ..... July 5

Keelung & Nagasaki Sailings

For Haiphong, Saigon and Bangkok
SAIGON MARU ..... Aug. 3

For Manila, Cebu and Davao
TAKAO MARU ..... July 24

Kobe Sailings

For New York via Panama Canal
*KYUSYU MARU ..... July 18
*HOKUROKU MARU .... Aug. 12

For European Ports via New York
*TOKAI MARU ..... July 8
*NANKAI MARU ..... July 25

For Australia and New Zealand
TOKYO MARU ..... June 29

For West Africa
*SYUNKO MARU ..... July 12

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		From Shanghai	Tonnage			From Shanghai	Tonnage
July	4	RAWALPINDI ..	17,000	Sept.	5	*SOMALI	7,000
	11	*SOUDAN	6,700		12	RAJPUTANA ..	17,000
	18	CHITRAL	15,000		26	RANCHI	17,000
Aug.	1	CORFU	15,000				
	8	*BURDWAN	6,100				
	15	CANTON	16,000				
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SANTHIA	June 27	July 15

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Steamers	Commanders	Lv. Shanghai via Japan	Leaves Hongkong	Arrives Sydney
NANKIN	T. J. Mills	—	June 30	July 19
NELLORE	H. C. Stratford	July 11	Aug. 4	Aug. 23
TANDA	M. B. Skinner	Aug. 11	Sept. 2	Sept. 21

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is due to arrive from Kobe at Shanghai and Hongkew Wharf to-day, July 4, at about 6 p.m.

She will leave for Marseilles on Friday, July 7, at 11 a.m.

Outgoing passengers will embark on the tender "SCOT I" leaving the M.M. Jetty (Quai de France) Friday, July 7, at 9.30 a.m.

D. K. K.

SHANGHAI-TSINGTAO-DAIREN LINE

	Arrival.	Departure.
ss. TSINGTAO MARU	July 3	July 5 at 9 a.m.
ss. DAIREN MARU	July 6	July 8 at 9 a.m.
ss. HOTEN MARU	July 9	July 11 at 9 a.m.
ss. TSINGTAO MARU	July 11	July 13 at 9 a.m.
ss. DAIREN MARU	July 14	July 16 at 9 a.m.
ss. HOTEN MARU	July 17	July 19 at 9 a.m.

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ss. KOGA MARU ..... July 7
ss. HAKKA MARU ..... July 19

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mv. LEVERKUSEN July 15, 1939. Genoa, Rotterdam, Hamburg.
mv. RHEINLAND Aug. 2 1939. M'lles, A'werp, R'dam, H'burg.

Outward vessels latest movements:

			Due Shanghai
mv. WASGENWALD	From Pacific		July 16
mv. BURGENLAND	Passed Suez	June 22	July 21
mv. SAARLAND	Left Rotterdam	June 24	Aug. 10

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Next departures to Europe:

mv.	Victoria	Aug. 10	Naples and Genoa
ss.	Conte Verde	Aug. 30	Venice and Trieste
ss.	Conte Biancamano	Sept. 14	Naples and Genoa

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ms. INDIA	Aug. 3	Aug. 4	Japan Ports

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ms. AFRIKA .. .. loading July 18

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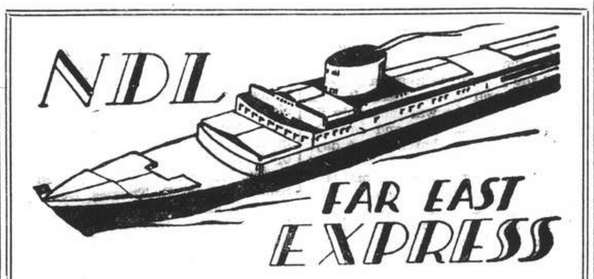

Homewards:

ms. **MARBURG** for Marseilles, Rotterdam, Hamburg, Bremen .. .. July 22

ss. **GNEISENAU** for Genoa, Barcelona, Southampton, Rotterdam, Bremen, Hamburg .. July 25

ms. **REGENSBURG** for Port Sudan, Malta, Marseilles, Casablanca, Rotterdam, Hamburg, Bremen .. .. Aug. 13

ss. **SCHARNHORST** for Genoa, Barcelona, Southampton, Rotterdam, Bremen, Hamburg .. .. Aug. 21

Outwards:

ss. MOSEL	Left Port Said	June 12	Due S'hai	July 7
ms. MARBURG ...	Left Belawan	June 25	„ „	July 9
ms. FULDA	Left Penang	June 24	„ „	July 12
ss. GNEISENAU .	Left Port Said	June 24	„ „	July 14

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Empress of Canada	Aug. 6	Aug. 23	Duchess of York	Sept. 1	Sept. 7
Empress of Russia	Aug. 20	Sept. 9	Duchess of Bedford	Sept. 15	Sept. 21

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PRES. COOLIDGE	Aug. 1	PRES. COOLIDGE	Sept. 26
PRES. TAFT	Aug. 15	PRES. COOLIDGE	Nov. 21

HONGKONG AND MANILA:

	Leave Shanghai		Leave Shanghai
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PRES. TAFT	Aug. 3	PRES. PIERCE	Aug. 31

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ms. TEGELBERG	From Shanghai	July	24, 1939
	From Hongkong	Aug.	3, 1939
ms. RUYS	From Shanghai	Aug.	28, 1939
	From Hongkong	Sept.	7, 1939

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ms. HULDA MAERSK
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Outwards:

	arr. Shanghai
ms. SLESVIG	July 8
ms. HULDA MAERSK	July 8
ms. MARCHEN MAERSK	July 26

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China Restricts Imports

Many Foreign Products Banned in Order to Aid Trade Balance

Hongkong, July 3.

The Chinese Ministry of Finance has announced drastic new restrictions on all non-essential imports to China in order to cope with the country's advance trade balance, the Central News Agency reported from Chungking today.

"The purpose of the new restrictions," said the report, "is to check the difficulties confronting the stabilization fund and to strengthen China's resources.

"A total of 234 import tariff items will be prohibited from China, including wines, cigarettes, cigars, sea products, silk goods, toilet requisites, toys, medicine, meat, candy, tinned goods, fruits, vegetables, non-essential woollen and cotton goods, timber, paper, bamboo, clay and store ware and liquid fuels for which there is a substitute."

Effective Immediately

The report said the measure would become effective immediately and is expected to save the Chinese Government U.S.$68,000,000 annually.

The Ministry of Finance was said to feel confident that the full understanding of third Powers would be forthcoming with regard for the necessity of the import restrictions.

Simultaneously, however, the Chinese export restrictions were liberalized. The Chinese Finance Minister, Dr. H. H. Kung, announced that exchange connected with all exports must be delivered to the Bank of China or the Bank of Communications at the official rate of exchange, but exporters will receive exchange compensation based upon the difference between the official rate and the banks' rate.

A Chinese Government spokesman said that bank T. T. rates for the purchase of export bills would be seven pence or 13⅝ U.S. cents until further notice.—United Press.

Anti-British Agitation In Shansi

Two Mission Stations Said To Have Been Attacked

Peiping, July 3.

Anti-British agitation in North China, heightened by the Tientsin dispute, flared up in violent outbreaks in central Shansi late last month, belated reports reaching here today said.

British missionaries at Linfen, south of Taiyuan on the Tungpu Railway bisecting Shansi province from north to south, were given travelling permits by the Japanese military authorities there, after they had requested authorization to evacuate the mission following an attack on the property on June 30. A mob of 50 to 60 Chinese, the reports said, broke into the mission, destroying furniture and other households goods, before order was restored.

At Hungtung, also in Shansi, the blinds and window panes of the mission were broken on the night of June 26 by a number of Chinese. Three days later, a demonstration was staged outside the mission, when Chinese employees of the missionaries were urged to quit.

Demonstrations denouncing British assistance to Gen. Chiang Kai-shek were held at Fengcheng on June 28 and at Lishui on June 29, the reports added. Nine hundred persons took part in the first, 500 in the second meeting, according to the dispatches.—Domei.

Britain Doubles Her Arms Expenses

Quarter Revenue Returns Show Huge Outlays

London, July 2.

Quarter revenue returns show that defence expenditure at £123,850,000 was nearly twice as much as in the same period of the last year.

Total ordinary revenue for the quarter amounted to £144,056,777 as compared with £131,886,636 a year ago.

Total expenditure, less self-balancing items, was £281,137,248, as compared with £264,948,581 in the first quarter of the last financial year.—Wireless through Reuter.

Miss Helen Keller Given Dog from Japan

New York, July 2.

Miss Helen Keller, the world's most famous blind, deaf and dumb educator who has conquered her infirmities in a way to inspire all blind persons, today received a dog from the Japanese Foreign Office. The dog, Kanzan Go, was sent as a special gift by the Japanese Foreign Office and was sent to Miss Keller's Westport home to be the companion to her other guide dog. The new guide dog will live at the Westport home until he becomes accustomed to a new diet and surroundings.

"To me he will be a symbol of the general goodwill the Japanese people extended to me on my tour two years ago," Miss Keller said. In March, 1937, Miss Keller, accompanied by Miss Polly Thompson, her Scots housekeeper, manager and friend, toured the Orient in behalf of the blind and those otherwise handicapped.—United Press.

Huge Meteor Explodes Near Portland

New York, July 3.

The fall and explosion of a huge meteor 60 kilometres from Portland, Oregon, roused excitement throughout the area yesterday evening. The explosion was heard in Portland and was accompanied by earth tremors resembling those of an earthquake. Numerous buildings were damaged and thousands of persons awakened. The first explosion was followed by several lesser ones, it is stated. Eyewitnesses described the meteor as a ball of fire which left a long trail of fire behind it and rushed through the air with an ear-splitting noise.—Trans-Ocean.

In the Russian Colony

By "Stroy"

Not only the English, but the Russians as well, have an insatiable interest in the lives and doings of royalty. Lately the Russian newspapers have been paying a great deal of attention to detailed accounts of the wedding which took place on June 1 in London, of Prince Vsevolode of Russia and Lady Mary Lygon, sister of Lord Beauchamps. Prince Vsevolode of Russia is the son of Prince Ivan Constantinovich, who was killed during the Russian Revolution, and grandson of the Grand Duke Constantin, president of the Imperial Academy of Arts. One of the most brilliant grand dukes of his time, the latter did a great deal for Russian education and culture. After the death of his father, Prince Vsevolode was saved from the Communists by his English nurse who brought him to England. It is interesting to note that, aged a great deal since that far-off day, the nurse was present at the wedding. The prince's mother, Princess Helen of Serbia, sister of the King Alexander who was killed in Marseilles a short while ago, was present as well, having journeyed from Paris for the occasion. Prince Vsevolode was educated in England and is now employed in a firm of wine merchants. He is shy and untalkative, but his features bear the unmistakable line of the Romanoffs.

The wedding took place at St. Phillip's, a beautiful Russian Church situated on Buckingham Palace Road. According to old Russian tradition, each of the bridesmaids was escorted by an usher. Acting as ushers on the side of the bride were Sir Richard Cotterell and Lord Amley, while for the bridegroom, were Grand Duke Vladimir, Head of the Romanoffs, and Grand Duke Dmitri. Grand Duke Vladimir exercised his right by giving the bride the title of Princess of Pavlovsky. Prince Friederich of Prussia was another member of royalty present at the wedding. Over a thousand invitations were sent and on the whole the wedding was one of the biggest occasions of the season. The newlyweds received a large number of presents, the bridegroom's mother presenting the bride with a jewel-bestudded tiara and a ring that used to belong to Empress Catherine the Great. Dowager Queen Mary sent a heavy, silver cigarette-case to the bridegroom, while the Duke and Duchess of Kent sent silver plates. The Russian church was brilliantly illuminated for the night and was filled with the cream of London society. The weather was bright and sunny, and a reception was held in the garden. Speeches were delivered in both the Russian and English languages. An interesting sidelight is that the bride has embraced the Russian Orthodox religion, thereby acquiring the name, Catherine. She is extremely interested in Russia and, at present, is busy studying the Russian language.

Russian newspapers noted the fact that the Lord Forbes, whose article in the "Sunday Express" branded Russian emigrants as parasites, causing as much indignation in London as it did here in Shanghai, has left for a few week's visit to Moscow.

School Prize-Givings

During the last week, Russian students of the various Russian schools in Shanghai have completed their studies, some only for the duration of the summer vacations, others for ever. In the College Municipal Francais, 68 out of 74 members of a special class in Russian managed to complete their course during the year, only six being left to repeat it next year. Prizes, in the shape of books in the Russian language, were donated by the Director of the College and the Committee which supports its needy pupils. At the Ecole Remi, where students are only Russsian, the director, M. Nicolet de Cholet, stated that, during the six years of its existence, the school has had more than two thousand students pass through its doors. Its first years were the most difficult. Students had to be strictly disciplined to balance the lax state of affairs in their family lives. Many parents were too busy in their struggle for existence, and had little if any time to spare for the bringing up of their children. There has been a drop in the enrollment recently, many families having settled in Hongkew. The standard of education, however, is much higher, and at the last examination for the certificat d'étude, 12 out of 19 candidates passed. This brought the total number of graduates with diplomas to 35 for six years, an average of six per year. During that time six students have been presented with bronze medals by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs. The annual examinations also brought good results, so that now both the 8th and 9th classes have to be expanded into two parallel classes each. At the conclusion of the speeches the school choir sang a few songs. There was an exhibition of some of the works of the students in the drawing and knitting classes. After the meeting was over, the director of the school gave a cocktail party which was attended by teachers and some representatives of the French Concession.

Needy pupils of the Ecole Remi have already left for a special summer camp in Tsingtao.

Commercial School Celebration

A special celebration was held at the Russian Commercial School, coinciding with the fifteenth anniversary of the foundation of the school. The staff, representatives of the Russian colony and Mr. S. W. Wolfe, Chairman of the International Committee for the support of this school, were present. The first Russian School to be opened in the Concession, the Russian Commercial School is the largest of the Russian schools now in existence. The first speech to be made was by Doctor D. I. Kozakoff, Chairman of the Russian Orthodox Confraternity, who expained in detail their methods of education. He noted the help provided to the school by the Concession authorities, as well as the support of the many foreign friends of the school. Other speeches were made by Bishop John, Mr. Charles Metzler and the director, Prof. N. P. Pokrovsky. Four young men and one girl graduated. A reception was held and in the evening a ball was given. The next day, a dinner, which was attended by teachers and graduates, was held at the Ex-Officers' Club.

Light opera fans will well remember the actress, Miss Fena Rox, who appeared at the Lyceum Theatre for several seasons in light and humorous rôles, and who recently left for Australia to settle with her parents there. In a letter received from her, she states that she finds it very hard to become accustomed to living in a country where doors have no locks, where thieves and beggars are conspicuous by their complete absence, and where the waiters don't even know the meaning of tips. She says that her baggage was left out in the road and, stranger still, was still there when she returned. When she wanted to lock her hotel room she found to her dismay that the door had no lock at all. On the farm where she now lives, it very often happens that the whole family departs for the day and leaves the house, barns and garage wide open. She says that another surprising factor about Australia city life is their wonderful traffic system.

Now, instead of listening to the accompaniment of the orchestra or the piano, she only has the mooing of the cows and the presence of chickens, geese, ducks, turkeys and pigs to keep her company. Australia must be a wonderful country.

"Greatly Exaggerated"

Receiving information from two sources, verbally and by letter, local Russian newspapers recently informed the public of the tragic death of Mrs. L. J. Bliacher, sister of F. J. Isako, the director of a circus, in Penang. She was also manager of the concern. Great was the consternation of local editors when from the "deceased," Mrs. Bliacher, was received a letter, with a photograph enclosed, in which she says that she has read with great interest the many sympathetic obituary notices inserted in the various newspapers by her friends. She also states that this is not the first time that she has been declared dead and buried alive. It seems that, many years ago, when she was young, slender and performed horse-back acrobatics for a living, the Far Eastern newspapers once wrote that she had fallen off her horse and been instantly killed. Mrs. Bliacher does not mind her frequent deaths, since there is an old saying that whenever a person is mistakenly taken to be dead, he will, to spite fate, live an exceptionally long life. The one thing Mrs. Bliacher protests about is her age: the notices stating that she was 50 years old are absolutely wrong. She is only 41. An ardent admirer of orang-outangs, at present she is educating two of them in Sumatra. It is interesting to note that the horse from which she was supposed to have fallen and been instantly killed was a present from the Grand Duke Michael Alexandrovitch, and came from his famous horse breeding farms.

Tribute to Mr. Wolfe

News of the election of Mr. S. W. Wolfe to president of the Rotary Club was heartily welcomed by the Russian community, who have for a long time known him as a supporter of the education of Russian youth. He was the first to realize the plight of the children of the Russian people during the inundation of Russian emigrants in 1922. Under his help was founded the orphanage that has now become the Russian Commercial School, and up to this time he remains the chairman of its International Committee.

During the present year five young Russians have graduated from Aurora University: Mr. V. A. Gurchenko (Medicine), Mr. M. A. Walter (Economy), Mr. O. N. Fomin, Mr. M. Sukenik, and Mr. Sukenik (Chemistry).

Well-known Actress Dies

On June 30 Mme. Lydia N. Kniajevitch, one of the leading actresses of the Russian Theatre, passed away at the General Hospital. Mme. Kniajevitch began her stage career in Russia while yet in her teens, and only a few months ago she gave a gala performance commemorating her 25th anniversary as an actress. Last spring she joined the Russian Theatre in Harbin, and while there it was discovered that she was incurably ill. Her son left Shanghai and brought her back in order that her last days could be spent among her closest friends. On graduating from the famous Petrov Dramatic School in St. Petersburg, Mme. Kniajevitch was engaged by the theatre in Tiflis. In subsequent years she toured Russia and Siberia, playing leading roles in leading provincial cities. After the Revolution Mme. Kniajevitch worked in Harbin. For the last 15 years, however, she lived in Shanghai, and the local Russian Theatre was founded with her help. Mme. Kniajevitch was also a widely-read author and playwright, her articles and stories appearing in local Russian newspapers and magazines and her best-known play, "The Woman They Never Mention," being a pronounced success on the local stage. The whole artistic and literary world of the colony was present at the requiem and burial services, which was attended by crowds composed of her many friends, acquaintances and admirers. Stars of the Opera and Operetta sang in the choir at the beautiful service in the Russian Cathedral, and the coffin was literally bathed in flowers.

France Urged to Give Up Mandates

Herr Buerckel Suggests New Peace Offering

Berlin, July 2.

France sacrificed some of her overseas territory in the interests of peace when she gave Turkey the Sanjak of Alexandretta. She should do more, and should return former German colonies to the Reich, Herr Joseph Buerckel, peasant's son and Reich's Commissioner in Austria, declared in a speech at Kaiserslautern today.

"France made a sacrifice for peace," he told a gathering of Western German political leaders, "in giving Turkey some territory so that Ankara should enter into the 'peace front.' France therefore renounced land to serve the cause of peace.

"If France is really so generous, she should make another sacrifice and give up what she now unjustly holds.—The German colonies. We would like to be neighbours who would want to live together, and not shed their blood in battle so that yet another bloody chapter might be inscribed in the history books of Albion,"Herr Buerckel concluded.—Havas.

Japan Pinched for Men, Materials

U.S. Secretary of Commerce Discloses Tokyo Difficulties

Washington, July 2.

Shortage of skilled labour and inadequate materials in Japan have caused an unprecedented Japanese demand for foreign industrial machinery needed to provide military requirements in the campaign in China. Mr. Harry Hopkins, Secretary of Commerce, revealed today.

The Japanese efforts to obtain industrial machinery from abroad could also be traced to a desire to expand national industry in Japan, Mr. Hopkins said.

The Japanese military clique desires national self-sufficiency and this factor has played a large role in the present situation. Japanese manufacturers have been unable to supply adequate machines and tools for automobile, aeroplane, rayon and pulp factories or mines, Mr. Hopkins said.

Some Japanese plants need two years in which to fulfill all of the accumulated orders because of the shortage of skilled labour and lack of necessary machinery, the United States Secretary of Commerce said.

Mediation Talk Discounted

Well-informed Washington quarters today discounted current reports that the Japanese Government, through an unofficial emissary, had approached the United States and attempted to seek mediation in the Sino-Japanese hostilities in exchange for an extension of United States financial credits to Japan.

This Japanese businessman promised Mr. Hull that he would use his influence with the Japanese Government to urge it to invite United States mediation if the State Department would make an effort to obtain approval for United States loans to Japanese business firms, they added.

The informed quarters, however, emphasized that such a plan was patently impossible and that the "buying scheme" was not considered for one moment by the State Department.—United Press.

China Will Win War

Charlottesville, Va., July 2.

Dr. Kurt Bloch, economist and temporary member of the Institute of Pacific Relations Secretariat told the University of Virginia Public Affairs today that it appeared likely that China would win the war.

He also predicted that the British Empire, the United States and the Philippines would co-operate in the building of a new progressive Far East.

Japanese aggression has only stengthened China, he asserted.

Even if Japan is victorious, she will lose in peace because Europe will be able to dictate its own terms for loans and credits, he alleged.

The granting of independence by the United States in 1933 to the Philippines was widely interpreted as the beginning of the American retreat from the Pacific, but now "there is a strong tendency to revise the independence act and strengthen naval armaments," he said.—United Press.

China Week to Be Held in U.S.A.

Chinese Communities Will Hold Mass Meetings

New York, July 3.

Chinese communities and Chinatowns throughout the United States on Friday will solemnly observe the end of the second year of China's war of resistance against Japan, Chinese leaders announced here today.

American organizations interested in aiding China have already joined forces with Chinese groups in planning demonstrations and the observance of "China Week," which officially started yesterday.

Dr. Hu Shih, Chinese Ambassador in Washington, is to lead the parade of Chinese and Americans at Washington. He will be accompanied by Senator Elbert D. Thomas, Democrat of Utah, and leaders of the Congress for Industrial Organizations and the American Federation of Labour.

Under the leadership of Mgr. Paul Yupin, Bishop of Nanking, high requiem masses are to be celebrated in Chicago, New York, Boston and Washington, on Friday. Bishop Yupin will officiate at the celebration of the requiem mass at Chicago.—United Press.

Louisiana University Head Caught

Brookeville, Ontario, July 3.

Louisiana police were en route here by air last night to take into custody James Monroe Smith, president of the University of Louisiana, who has been a fugitive from justice for almost two weeks and who surrendered to Canadian police at Anoche yesterday. He said he had rented a cottage on Charleston Lake and was enjoying a holiday until he read in a Toronto newspaper that his arrest had been ordered. The University head is accused of embezzling $100,000 from the university in order to speculate on the wheat market.—United Press.

H.M. Envoy Reports on Situation in Poland

London, July 3.

Sir Howard Kennard, British Ambassador in Warsaw, who is at present on leave here, today saw the Prime Minister, Mr. Neville Chamberlain, at No. 10 Downing Street. He reported to Mr. Chamberlain on the general situation in Poland. Sir Howard was accompanied by the Foreign Secretary Lord Halifax.—Reuter.

Sir Reginald Blair, M.P., the new chairman of the Racecourse Betting Control Board, is a Scotsman by birth, and an accountant by profession—two natural qualifications for such a job. He represents the biggest constituency in the country—Hendon, with its 203,000 electors—and yet has the reputation of being one of the most silent Members of the House. He has made only about half a dozen speeches in this Parliament, and rarely asks a question. He is to retire at the next general election.

Positions Vacant

Do not enclose original testimonials when replying to advertisements. Copies answer the same purpose.

WANTED immediately, first-class commercial man, must have thorough experience in stock-keeping, order-service, delivery and shipping work, besides being well-versed in correspondence and internal organisation. Knowledge of languages an asset. State references, previous experience and salary expected to Box 119, NCDN. 10112

LADY, reception-clerk for high-class photographic studio. Knowledge of typing, bookkeeping and English essential. Reply with samples of letters and salary expected to Box 105, NCDN. -175

WANTED, Norwegian engineer for soliciting repair business on Norwegian and other vessels, state terms required. Address Box 99, NCDN. -168

Positions Wanted

Advertisements under this heading only are accepted at the rate of five dollar cents per word per insertion, with a minimum charge of $0.80.

ENGINEER, 47, Austrian, seeks position, 29 years valuable experience in design and workshop with big concerns in Vienna and Berlin. Specializing structural steel, crane construction, railway truck construction and repair. Good works engineer. Address Box 5288, NCDN. -64

LADY typist, English and German shorthand, general office work, desires position. Please address Box 89, NCDN. -135

YOUNG LADY seeks position as a governess or nurse for children. Has experience and recommendations. Good housekeeper. Box 5446, NCDN. -9360

Educational

CHINESE lady gives lessons in Shanghai dialect, Mandarin. Box 110, NCDN. -187

LEARN Shanghai dialect, at home, simple conversation in few months. Experienced teacher. Low fees. Box 123, NCDN. -205

LOCAL university requires instructor of English for first-year students at usual rates. Applicants please state qualifications and experience. Box 124, NCDN. -206

FIGUEIREDO'S School. Pitman/Gregg Shorthand, Typewriting, English. Crystal-clear explanations. 54 Garden Apartments, 1173/11 Bubbling Well. 10064

PIANO lessons, chord system. Easy method, for adults. AI references, $15 monthly, twice weekly. Telephone 74393. -9189

PRIVATE European Cutter School, 20 years' experience, is taking some new pupils for ladies and gentlemen's tailoring. Information, 5-6 p.m., or written applications. 133 Yuen Ming Yuen Road. Room 712. -141

WANTED Spanish lessons, preferably South American Spanish. Please communicate Box 59, NCDN. -23

VIOLIN lessons given, successful Vienna method, long teaching experience. Mr. H. Schlittner, 1376 Joffre, Telephone 78756. -126

ENGLISH lessons by experienced lady teacher. Special attention paid to rhetoric and pronounciation. For rates address Box 91, NCDN. -137

SPECIAL summer course. Pitman's shorthand, typewriting, commercial English, bookkeeping and accountancy. Call or write for particulars. The Shanghai Business College, 320 Szechuen Road. Telephone 17733. Principal: S. C. Potter, F.C.C.A. 13711

Business Opportunities

PARTNER, young man with $600, can make $150/$200 monthly. Address Box 107, NCDN. -180

FINANCE required, $2,000-$3,000 for publicity expenses to place on market attractive line of goods in daily use in big demand yielding handsome profits. Address Box 118, NCDN. 10111

WANTED capitalist partner with cash or ship for trading, shipping in Yangtze. Post Office Box 3203. -9333

Personal

WELL-educated Chinese lady wishes to meet serious people with good position to exchange knowledge. Box 111, NCDN. -187

Lost

PARROT, pink and grey, with chain attached to leg. Finder rewarded on bringing same to 23 Great Western Road. -110

LOST: One Customs stamped Bill of Lading covering 10 bundles copper plates marked 1288 in diamond, C E above, C 1/10 below, ex. ss. Leverkusen from Antwerp, B/L No. 175, application and vessel's No. 153/5/3328 import duty has been paid and has been lost and is hereby declared null and void. The Asia Transportation Co. -144

Wanted to Purchase

WANTED to buy, one second-hand piano, willing to pay best price. Apply Telephone 73606. -193

WANTED Leica camera or Contax. Lens F-1.12 or F-1.15. State lowest price. Address Box 108, NCDN. -195

PERAMBULATOR. Imported. Must be in good condition, complete with summer fittings. State lowest price in Chinese dollars. Address Box 102 NCDN. -171

WANTED to buy all kinds second-hand goods. Telephone 50910, Room 4 or Box 29, NCDN. -76

LEICA, Rolleiflex, Contax, other cameras, field-glasses, bought at highest prices. Telephone 76253, 8-10 a.m., 7-8 p.m. -9219

Chinese Servants

FOR good guaranteed servants apply American Employment Agency, Telephone 84196. Also office boys, typists, body-guards, etc. -202

72782 GENERAL Employment Agency Reliable cooks, boys, amahs, chauffeurs. Foreign management. Quick service. 1272 Avenue Joffre. -8610

COOK/house-boy excellent cook, clean, honest, fluent English, strongly recommended, available immediately. Address Box 5348, NCDN. -9200

73148 CENTRAL Employment Agency (British). The one and only with 3,000 satisfied customers. Cooks, boys, amahs, chauffeurs, watchmen. 13728

For Sale—Miscellaneous

NEW steel drums, 50 gallons, suitable for oil. Box 114, NCDN. -194

FOR SALE. Bed, sitting, dining-room furniture. Cheap. Apply 1369 Avenue Road, Apartment 216, Telephone 35116. -191

FORTIFY yourself against annoying summer complaints like sore feet and prickly heat by getting a bottle of Izal from your Chemist. 13561

SAIGON linen suits. Made to measure. Viennese cutters. Biggest assortment in Shanghai. Price per suit complete $15 or $25. Genuine French Saigon linens. Baroukh's, 311 Kiangse Road. -200

NICK'S second-hand furniture store. Buying and selling new and second-hand furniture, household effects. 146A Route des Sœurs (inside). Telephone 73937. -8537

$1 Provision sale. Four tins sardines, fruit 2 tins, jam 3 jars, toilet paper 8 rolls, cocoa 1¼ lb., milk 2 tins. Zimmerman, 215 Szechuen Road. We deliver. -9415

CROWN Hosiery, 239 Cardinal Mercier. Large selection of stockings. Also chiffon scarves of beautiful designs. Underwear, from $2.50 to $3.50. 13318

LADIES' miniature wardrobe-trunks. Latest creation. Kessler's, I.S.S. Building, 1920/605 Avenue Joffre. Daily 10-12, 4-6. -9371

SHIRTS. Made to measure. Guaranteed fast colour. English Cellular, $7.50; Duro, $8.50; Tootal, $12.50. Razon's, Central Road. 10006

FOR SALE, beautiful cutglass, Rosenthal porcelain dinner sets. Cheap. 1248 Rue Lafayette, House 5, between 2-5 p.m. -159

ELECTRIC gramophone, perfect condition, 110/220 volts, $110, also 100 records, $3 dozen. Telephone 20397 for demonstration. -92

GENTLEMEN'S handkerchiefs, $2.10 doz. Mosaic pillow cases, $1.70 pair. Coloured applique bridge sets, $1.45. Filet gloves, 25 latest colours, 35 cents pair. Lace & Linen Syndicate, 114 Peking Road. 10054

Miscellaneous

PRIVATE tennis lawn club, near Bubbling Well/Yu Yuen Roads, is taking few outside members for the season. Telephone 21388, between 1-2 p.m. -9193

BUYING and selling, new and second-hand furniture, refrigerators, etc. at best prices. Feiner, 306 Rue Bourgeat, Telephone 73597. -8882

REPAIRING of all systems refrigerator machines including seal unit. Foreign Refrigerator Co., 19 Route Doumer, Telephone 78145. -8838

Radios

NEW Ultramar 6-volt DC 8-tubes radio receiver with-electric eye. Telephone offer to 14633. 10110

PATTERSON, twelve tube all-wave communication receiver PR-10 with preselector, portable engine, 20A. 7.5V., wind-charger 6V. 20A., Heyer battery charger 15-30A. What offer? Box 5438, NCDN. -9347

RADIO repairs—every kind—promptly and pleasantly executed. Telephone 13750. Ask for Mr. Stewart. American Radio Equipment Co. Oldest, best equipped in Shanghai. 10009

RADIO O.K.? For minor repairs, balancing, cleaning, $2 only. Telephone 85879, Chang's Radio Corporation, 586 Joffre. -9302

To Advertisers

The following replies are being held at this office, and the owners of the undermentioned Box numbers are requested to call for same before July 15, after which date they will be destroyed. Nos. 4032, 4513, 4620, 4707, 4765, 4801, 4804, 4812, 4822, 4853, 4864, 4874, 4894, 4942, 4944, 4949, 4955, 4968, 4972, 4990, 5028, 5054, 5098, 5121, 5131, 5160, 5200, 5237, 5244, 5257, 5258, 5278, 5334, 5345, 5349, 5367, 5412, 5425, 5433, 5439, 5461, 5, 50, 52, 53, 58.

Motor Cars and Cycles

WANTED, powerful car about 1932, high gasoline consumption, preferably two-seater. Price-idea $900. Address Box 122, NCDN. -204

1934 MORRIS Ten, just overhauled and reducoed in A1 condition. 20 m.p.g. No brokers. Apply Cheng, 1370 Avenue Foch. -101

1932 Buick, 5 seater sedan, black, 2 spare wheels, excellent condition, owner leaving, Only £75 or nearest offer. Telephone 21925 or 21424. -177

WE buy and sell used cars and trucks. Auto Trading Co., 673 Szechuen Road, Telephone 19351. -9370

IF you wish to buy, sell, exchange motor cars you cannot possibly lose by obtaining a proposition from Bills Motors, authorized Ford and Lincoln dealers. Thousands have been satisfied. Telephone 74400. 10010

WE offer cash for used cars and trucks. Apply Jenny's Motors, 177 Amiral Courbet. Telephone 73165. -8416

Boats

STEEL tug-boat towing 250 tons, lighters, pontoons, motor launches and motor-boats, for sale. Box 115, NCDN. -194

YACHT Albatros, 30 feet long, with cabin, centre board, fully equipped, recently overhauled, for sale. Owner leaving, accepts best offer. Box 19, NCDN. -40

Dancing

PROFESSOR Waldemar, famous teacher in ballroom, ballet, tap dances, gives private-class lessons. 1272 Avenue Joffre. -9024

Animals

PUPPY, wire-haired terrier found, vicinity Rue Lafayette. Owner can apply telephone 86060 during Office hours, otherwise after three days will consider own property. -203

LOSS by death, through accident or sickness is recoverable under special pony insurance cover. Apply Hugh Middleton & Co. (Insurance) Ltd. 45 Kiukiang Road. 10007

Rooms Without Board

ONE room to let in private family, French Concession. Telephone 83395. -176

TO LET, furnished rooms, one small, one large, western district in cool and quiet locality, also self-contained 3-room flat. Telephone 73883 from 9-1 p.m. -197

PRIVATE family offers big, cool, south room, modern apartment, for gentleman/couple. Board optional. Communications telephone 76592. -9402

PRIVATE family offers well-furnished room, all modern conveniences, with or without board. Telephone 76793. -91

COMFORTABLY furnished rooms for men. Club facilities. Navy Y.M.C.A. 10066

NEAR French Bund, one big, sunny, furnished room. Full accommodations. Rue Consulat 41, Apartment 57. -83

NEWLY furnished large room private bath, garden, verandah, eventually garage, in clean, quiet, European house, best residential district French Concession, tramstop. Telephone 78253 after 5 p.m. -9212

LARGE, nicely furnished room to let, for gentleman. Apply Telephone 83517. -65

ROOMS, reasonable, small English house. Breakfast. Address Box 83, NCDN. -125

NICELY furnished room in small family. Single person preferred. 370 Soochow Road. Apartment 222 Embankment Building. -107

TO LET, cool, large, well-furnished room in modern apartment building, 314 Hardoon Road, Apartment 113, Telephone 36761. -108

Rooms with Board

THE Villas, 969 Avenue Foch, single room available July 5, lovely garden, tennis, garage. Telephone 75433, Mrs. Fisher. -148

COMFORTABLY furnished room, modern conveniences, large garden, private family, best residential district, French Concession. Box 39, NCDN. 10079

PEKIN Apartments, 157 Peking Road. Large room with private bath. Full board. Terms moderate. Mrs. Hartmans, Telephone 16010. -114

LARGE, furnished south room, with full board, private bathroom, verandah. 14 Kelmscott Gardens, Avenue Roi Albert, Telephone 72385. -52

AVAILABLE July 15, in British family near French Park, attractive double room with enclosed balcony and private bath. Quiet location. Telephone 73763 during meal hours. -9401

Furnished Houses

TO LET, four-roomed house, locality Bubbling Well, rent $150, furniture, piano, refrigerator to be taken over. Price reasonable. Telephone 30403. -18

FURNISHED house, seven rooms, three bathrooms, Route Ferguson. Garage, nice garden, available immediately, three months or longer. Address Box 35, NCDN. 10045

Offices, Shops, Godowns

WANTED office space in central district, about 800-1,000 square feet. Address Box 112, NCDN. -189

SHOP, for immediate occupation, excellent window space. Reasonable rental. Some fittings to be taken. Box 113, NCDN. -192

2,500 sq. ft. office space available corner Peking/Yuen Ming Yuen Roads. For further particulars apply Shanghai Land Investment Co., Ltd. 10008

TO LET modern offices in central district, One 3500 sq. ft. on ground floor one 1260 sq. ft. Apply Eric Davies 214, Chatered Bank Building, Telephone 15874. 10063

TO LET, godown space, 5700 sq. feet comprising the second floor of Chin Yuen Li Godown. A modern godown having cargo lift, staircase and slideway, and situated immediately behind Embankment Building at corner of North Kiangse and Tiendong Roads. Apply E. D. Sassoon & Co., Ltd. Property Dept. Telephone 11430. 10065

Beauty Culture, etc.

Advertisements under this heading are carefully scrutinized before acceptance, and though no guarantee can be given, readers may be reasonably assured of their bona fides.

LADY gives massage from 9 to 9. 1225 Bubbling Well Road, Telepnone 34200. -172

LADY gives general massage, manicure 10-7 p.m. 205 Peking Road. Apartment 30. Second Floor. 10013

Houses and Land

INVEST £25,187 on land and dwellings, best location, French Concession, foreign title deed, guarantee annual income £3,980 or 15.80 per cent net ($146,960). Address Box 5470, NCDN. -9412

Holiday Resorts

TSINGTAO, Miramer House. British family guesthouse. Open all the year round. Close to sea and beach. 24 Lai Yang Road. Cable: Slater, Tsingtao. 10108

TSINGTAO, Iltis Huk Villa Lucis, first-class Italian pension. Large rooms with sea view. Garden. Home-grown vegetables. 4 Chih Chuan Road. Tsingtao. -9832

TO LET: Unzen, Japan, attractive furnished cottages with own garden in wooded surroundings. Agents: Asia Realty Company, 110 Szechuen Road, Telephone 18770. 10039

Furnished Apartments

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